1 11/1/82 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR SEPTEMBER 1982 LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(August Data)

COMPANIES TIGHTEN BELT DURING RECESSION

Even though the nation is suffering through the worst recession since World War II, Georgia seems to be able to bear the brunt of this economic downturn with more resilience. The state has experienced moderate declines in employment compared to neighboring states, keeping the unemployment rate the lowest in the Southeast. But this does not mean that Georgia has not experienced any layoffs and cutbacks.

Although blue-collar workers always suffer most in a recession, white-collar workers are also feeling the effects of hard times. From August 1981 to August 1982, white-collar unemployment rose from 3.9 percent to 4.8 percent of the nation's labor force. For the same time span, blue-collar unemployment went from 9.5 percent to 14.2 percent. White-collar unemployment for August ranged from 3.1 percent for professional and technical workers to 6.7 percent for clerical workers.

The national trend toward belt tightening is evident in Atlanta as well. Area employers are hiring fewer people and planning smaller raises. But there are fewer layoffs, pay cuts, and hiring freezes than are occurring nationally. The only white-collar sectors to show a decrease over the year were insurance and government employment. Although overall layoffs have not been prevalent, many job openings have been left unfilled and the tasks shared among remaining employees.

Textiles and automobile manufacturing have affected white-collar employment the most in Georgia. In textiles, some companies have instituted hiring freezes, laid off as many as 10 percent of their salaried employees, frozen or even rolled back salaries after raises had been given. In the automotive industry, 650 jobs have been phased out by attrition and layoffs, including 200 salaried employees affected by the closing of General Motors Lakewood plant. Voluntary early retirement is also being encouraged by increasing the plans appeal.

Although this may seem like a gloomy picture for Georgia companies and their employees, it is still much better than in other parts of the country. For example, Rochester, New York-based Xerox Corporation reports it is actually paying employees to quit by offering money to people to resign. *(Atlanta Constitution, September 12, 1982).*

GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT FOR AUGUST

Employment rose 700 in August because of gains in manufacturing. Surprisingly, the majority of the gain occurred in textile mill products manufacturing. the large increase in textiles was due to returns to normal after temporary layoffs in broad woven fabric mills and yarn spinning mills, and more business in tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing. A moderate increment in the food industry was attributed to more business in cookies and crackers manufacturing and candy manufacturing. There were also seasonal gains in canning and preserving. Transportation equipment is still reflecting temporary layoffs, indicative of this industry nationwide.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Nonmanufacturing showed a loss of 1,700 employees. The decrement was split among the construction, government, and transportation sectors. Construction declined as a result of less business in general building contracting, electrical work, and other special trades contracting. Government dropped because of seasonal decrements in education and public finance, taxation, and monetary policy agencies. Transportation, with the greatest loss in the nonmanufacturing division, recorded less business in marine cargo handling.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

MCI CONSTRUCTION BEGUN IN DOUGLASVILLE

MCI Communications Corporation, an independent long-distance telephone service company, began construction in Douglasville on its main intercity telephone switching terminal for the Southeast. The project will cost $44 million and take three to five years to complete. The computerized Douglasville switch will work in conjunction with five other units in the United States (to be completed by 1983) and will provide extra capacity and speed up switching of long-distance calls through MCI's microwave network.

SHERIDAN WALK UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Developer TST Group Incorporated began construction on Sheridan Walk, a 35-home subdivision on 10 acres two blocks northeast of Cheshire Bridge Road in Atlanta. The single-family homes will range from 1,800 to 2,800 square feet, will have two to four bedrooms, and will start at $150,000. The lots average 60 by 110 feet. TST has developed other subdivisions such as Patroits Hill, The Landings, Carrefour, Fox Hill, and Scotts Mill.

17 GEORGIA K-MARTS TO CLOSE CAR CENTERS

K-mart Corporation announced it will close 305 automotive service centers, including 17 in Georgia, due to unprofitable returns. Two that are marked for closure in Atlanta are located on Cobb Parkway in northwest Atlanta and on Cleveland Avenue in southwest Atlanta. Others that will close in Georgia are in Dalton (two), Athens, Brunswick, Carrollton, Cartersville, Conyers, Covington, Dublin, Perry, Rome, Thomasville, Tifton, Toccoa, and Waycross.

AIR CARRIER CUTS ROUTES AND JOBS

Atlanta Express Airline Corporation has cut service by 55 percent and eliminated 108 jobs due to an acute cash shortage. The airline was only filling 20 to 25 percent of its seats since operations began last May. A 40 percent load factor is needed to break even. Services to Columbus; Charlotte, North Carolina; and Chattanooga, Tennessee, will be suspended.

VINEYARDS IN BRASELTON AND BARROW COUNTY

Chateau Elan announced that European-quality grapes will be grown on a 117-acre vineyard in Braselton and a 105-acre vineyard in Barrow County, both near Gainesville. The grapes will be used to produce premium wine at the Chateau Elan facility. The winery will employ 50 to 60 people and produce half a million bottles of wine a year by 1987. The two red and six white wines to be produced will include Chardonnay, Ruby Cabernet, Sauvignon Blanc, Cabernet.Sauvignon, Johannisberg Riesling, and Chenin Blanc and will cost between $5 and $11 a bottle. Currently, the only wine made in Georgia comes from muscadines.

BRAZIL COMPANY SETS SIGHTS FOR ATLANTA

Pilao S.A. Maquinas & Equipamentos, based in Sao Paolo, Brazil, plans to build a factory to manufacture machinery for pulp and paper mills in the northwest Atlanta area. The company presently has a sales office in the Northlake area and a warehouse in northwest Atlanta. Pilao hopes to have the factory completed within a year. The opening of the facility will create 50 jobs.

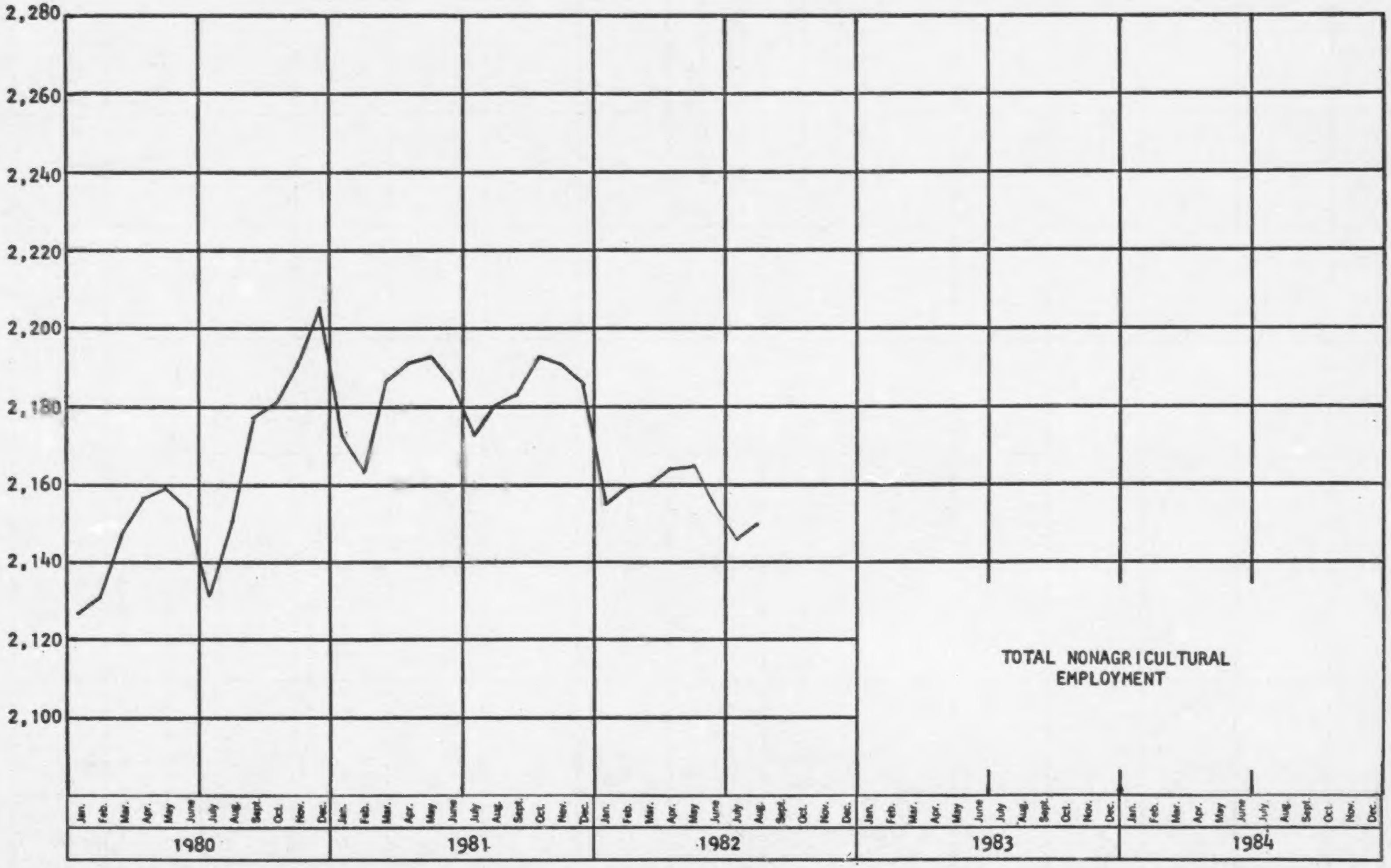
CONSTRUCTION HAS BEGUN ON MEDICAL OFFICE CONDOMINIUMS

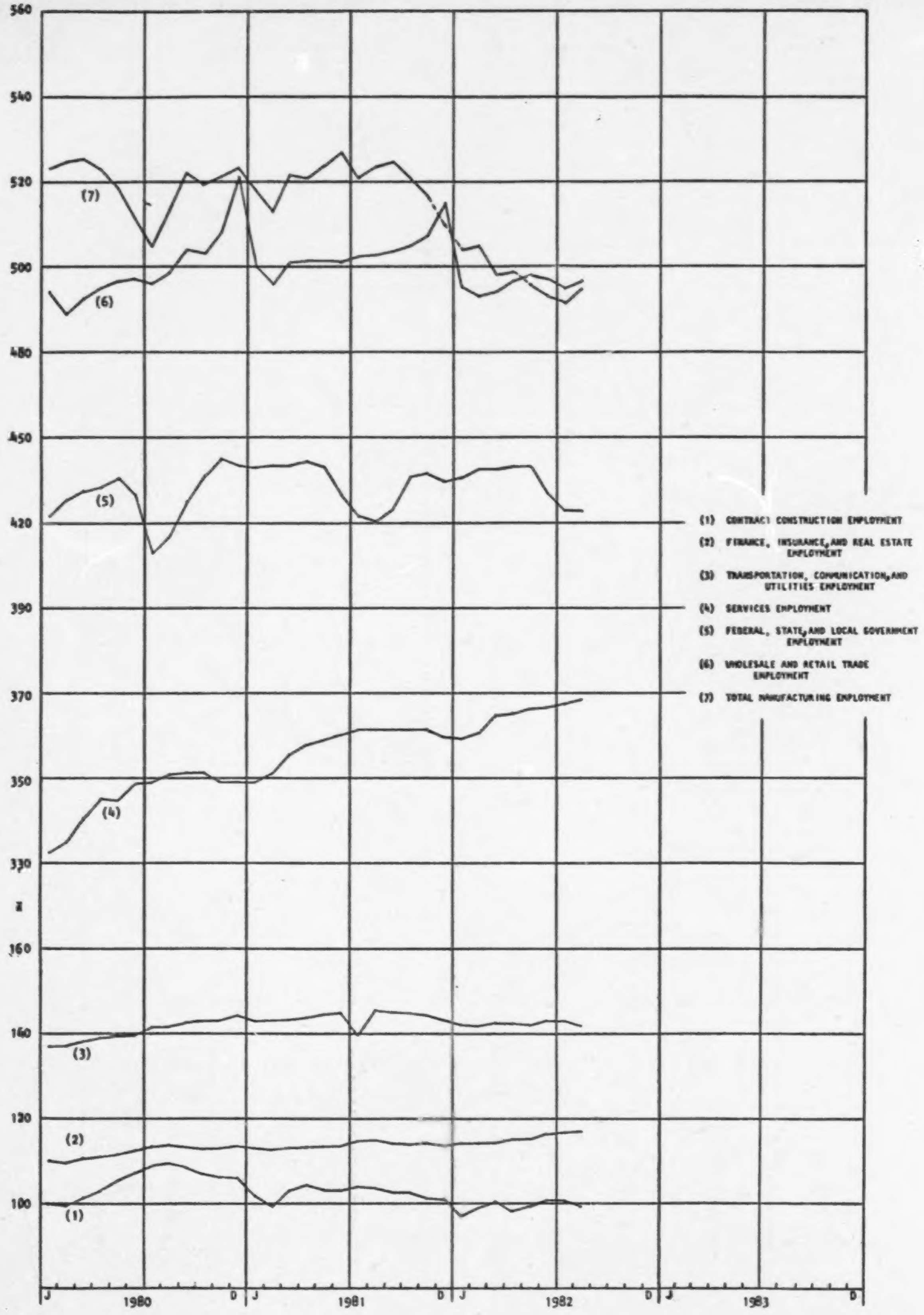
Construction has begun on the Medical Quarters, a medical office condominium development. The complex, developed by Peachtree Dunwoody Associates, is on a 10-acre site at Johnsons Ferry and Peachtree-Dunwoody roads. The three-story structure will provide 104,000 square feet of space and cost $12 million to build. Suites will occupy 1,040 square feet and cost an average of $98 per square foot.

COLUMBUS TO GET SPORTS HOSPITAL

Sports physician Jack Hughston and Nashville-based Hospital Corporation of America have proposed to build a 100-bed sports hospital in Columbus. The facility, which still requires a certificate of need before construction can begin, will cost $19 million to build. It will employ 130 people initially, including 13 full-time orthopedic surgeons, and will serve as a teaching and research center in the orthopedic sports medicine field, as well as a treatment center for sports-related accidents.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.


2,280
2,260
2,240
2,220
2,200
2,180
2,160
2,140
2,120
2,100
Jan.
Feb.
Mar.
Apr.
May
June
July
Aug.
Sept.
Oct.
Nov.
Dec.
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL
EMPLOYMENT


560
540
520
500
480
450
420
390
370
350
330
Z
360
160
130
100
(7)
(6)
(5)
(4)
(3)
(2)
(1)
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION, AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
J
1980
D
J
1981
D
J
1982
D
J
1983
D

Georgia
Nonagricultural Employment (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,149.8	2,149.1	2,180.2	.7	-30.4
Manufacturing	300005	494.5	492.1	523.5	2.4	-29.0
Durable Goods	300025	172.4	172.5	182.1	-.1	-9.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.8	27.6	29.3	.2	-1.5
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	14.3	14.0	14.9	.3	-.6
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.5	9.4	9.5	.1	.0
Household Furniture	325105	6.3	6.2	6.2	.1	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	16.1	16.0	16.8	.1	-.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	16.1	15.9	17.6	.2	-1.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	18.1	18.0	20.2	.1	-2.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	20.3	20.1	22.3	.2	-2.0
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	21.0	21.0	22.2	.0	-1.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	33.9	34.9	33.7	-1.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	9.5	9.4	10.4	.1	-.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	322.1	319.6	341.4	2.5	-19.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	60.9	60.5	61.0	.4	-.1
Meat Products	420105	21.2	21.2	21.5	.0	-.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.6	15.6	15.8	.0	-.2
Dairy Products	420205	4.7	4.7	4.4	.0	.3
Bakery Products	420505	9.3	9.2	9.3	.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	102.5	100.9	114.5	1.6	-12.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.2	22.8	26.6	.4	-3.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.7	3.3	4.2	.4	-.5
Knitting Mills	422505	9.2	9.2	9.7	.0	-.5
Floor Covering Mills	422705	26.9	26.6	29.9	.3	-3.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.2	20.8	23.6	.4	-2.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.5	69.5	71.6	.0	-2.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.0	38.9	39.1	.1	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.0	21.3	22.3	-.3	-1.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	28.0	28.2	29.5	-.2	-1.5
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.3	13.4	14.1	-.1	-.8
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.8	7.1	.1	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	24.1	24.0	24.2	.1	-.1
Commercial Printing	427505	8.9	8.9	8.9	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	16.5	16.6	17.4	-.1	-.9
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.2	2.3	2.6	-.1	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.2	2.1	2.5	.1	-.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	18.4	17.9	20.6	.5	-2.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,655.3	1,657.0	1,656.6	-1.7	-1.3
Mining	100005	7.8	7.9	7.9	-.1	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	99.8	100.2	103.7	-.4	-3.9
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	141.9	142.7	145.4	-.8	-3.5
Transportation	500015	83.3	84.1	86.9	-.8	-3.6
Communication (excl. U.S. Postal Service)	548005	37.2	37.2	37.4	.0	-.2
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	21.4	21.4	21.1	.0	.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	496.7	496.6	502.5	.1	-5.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	157.0	157.1	160.3	-.1	-3.3
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	96.5	96.4	98.0	.1	-1.5
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	60.5	60.7	62.3	-.2	-1.8
Retail Trade	652005	339.7	339.5	342.2	.2	-2.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	116.7	116.8	114.6	-.1	2.1
Finance	760025	52.0	51.8	50.0	.2	2.0
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	40.9	40.9	40.7	.0	.2
Real Estate	765075	23.8	24.1	23.9	-.3	-.1
Services	800005	368.2	368.0	361.7	.2	6.5
Government	998008	424.2	424.8	420.7	-.6	3.5
Federal	998011	90.4	90.9	88.1	-.5	2.3
State and Local	998509	333.8	333.9	332.6	-.1	1.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

Georgia
Production Workers (000's)

					Net Change in Jobs	
Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	374.1	371.9	400.1	2.2	-26.0
Durable Goods	300025	126.3	126.9	136.1	-.6	-9.8
Nondurable Goods	400015	247.7	245.0	264.0	2.7	-16.3
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	42.5	41.7	43.0	.8	-.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	84.8	83.0	95.5	1.8	-10.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	21.1	20.8	23.8	.3	-2.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.3	2.8	3.6	.5	-.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.5	7.4	8.0	.1	-.5
Floor Covering Mills	422705	21.7	21.3	24.4	.4	-2.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.1	17.7	20.2	.4	-2.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.1	59.1	60.9	.0	-1.8
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.4	33.3	33.5	.1	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.9	18.2	18.9	-.3	-1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.8	22.8	24.2	.0	-1.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.0	7.9	8.1	.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.6	21.9	22.7	-.3	-1.1
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.2	10.4	10.8	-.2	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	9.7	9.7	10.7	.0	-1.0
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.6	1.6	1.4	.0	.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	13.4	13.1	13.7	.3	-.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.2	11.2	12.9	.0	-1.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.4	14.4	16.2	.0	-1.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.3	13.2	15.2	.1	-1.9
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	13.6	13.9	15.1	-.3	-1.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.0	23.0	22.3	-1.0	-.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

Georgia
Hours & Earnings

Industry	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
		Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$264.60	$262.09	$257.35	39.2	38.6	40.4	$ 6.75	$ 6.79	$ 6.37
Durable Goods	300025	295.64	300.62	296.21	38.9	39.4	40.8	7.60	7.63	7.26
Nondurable Goods	400015	248.38	242.82	236.59	39.3	38.3	40.1	6.32	6.34	5.90
Selected industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$242.19	$240.24	$228.97	39.0	39.0	40.1	$ 6.21	$ 6.16	$ 5.71
Textile Mill Products	422005	234.32	220.00	228.33	40.4	37.8	40.7	5.80	5.82	5.61
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	226.59	218.66	233.62	39.0	37.7	40.7	5.81	5.80	5.74
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	255.43	261.66	252.32	41.0	41.6	41.5	6.23	6.29	6.08
Knitting Mills	422505	206.28	197.08	182.78	39.9	37.9	37.0	5.17	5.20	4.94
Floor Covering Mills	422705	245.68	226.31	230.45	41.5	37.1	41.3	5.92	6.10	5.58
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	235.57	214.97	222.32	40.2	37.0	38.8	5.86	5.81	5.73
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	166.62	163.61	162.56	36.3	35.8	37.2	4.59	4.57	4.37
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	166.83	165.18	159.58	35.8	35.6	36.6	4.66	4.64	4.36
Women's and Children's Clothing	323335	162.62	159.48	161.63	36.3	36.0	37.5	4.48	4.43	4.31
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	212.61	218.14	202.51	39.3	40.1	40.1	5.41	5.44	5.05
Furniture and Fixtures	425005	190.01	183.45	172.83	36.4	35.9	35.2	5.22	5.11	4.91
Paper and Allied Products	426005	429.42	431.34	400.46	42.1	42.0	43.2	10.20	10.27	9.27
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	501.90	500.07	467.10	42.0	42.2	43.9	11.95	11.85	10.64
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	349.38	351.92	330.67	41.2	41.5	43.0	8.48	8.48	7.69
Leather and Leather Products	431005	164.19	159.65	160.02	37.4	36.7	37.3	4.39	4.35	4.29
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	316.08	302.50	278.94	42.2	41.1	40.9	7.49	7.36	6.82
Primary Metal Industries	333005	352.69	327.04	354.47	37.6	36.5	42.3	9.38	8.96	8.38
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	294.11	289.81	293.85	40.4	39.7	41.8	7.28	7.30	7.03
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	323.57	307.28	297.84	40.7	39.7	40.8	7.95	7.74	7.30
Transportation Equipment	337005	415.42	460.37	427.87	37.8	41.4	41.5	10.99	11.12	10.31

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT FOR AUGUST CLIMBS BY 1,900

Atlanta area nonfarm employment rose 1,900 in August to an estimated 994,700 with nonmanufacturing industries providing the increase. Manufacturing experienced a decline in the durable goods category while nondurable goods-producing industries remained stable.

The monthly decrease in manufacturing was mainly confined to the transportation equipment industry in the durable goods sector. A temporary partial shutdown of one automobile assembly plant for retooling in connection with model change caused the decline. This loss was substantially reduced by a 400 gain in the stone, clay, and glass producing industries by firms engaged in making glass products from purchased glass; concrete products; and minerals and earths, ground or otherwise treated. More activity by poultry dressing plants resulted in a small increase in food and kindred products in nondurables despite small losses in frozen food specialties; blended and prepared flour; and shortening, table oils, and margarine.

From a year ago, manufacturing has declined by 3,800 with both durable and nondurable industries contributing to the decrease. Three fourths of the loss in manufacturing employment over the year is attributed to the nondurable goods industries due to sizable declines in textile mill products, apparel, and paper. Fabricated metal products and electric and electronic equipment contributed to most of the drop in durable goods production.

Nonmanufacturing, at 855,100, rose 2,500 during the current month with all major industry divisions exhibiting slight gains except for the transportation, communication, and public utilities sector. The greatest increase - 1,300 - occurred in trade as both wholesale and retail trade edged upward.

Nonmanufacturing was up 15,600 from the same month last year. Trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services accounted for the rise.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

MIDTOWN TO GET A SHOPPING CENTER

Plans are being completed for conversion of the 68-year-old War Assets Building in Midtown into a $6 million, tri-level shopping center. The brick and concrete building, which was constructed as a Ford Motor Company assembly plant and turned out 400,000 automobiles, is part of an eight-acre site at 699 Ponce de Leon Avenue.

The planned shopping center, to be named Ford Factory Square, will include a supermarket, drugstore, two major discounters of high quality merchandise, and several smaller retail outlets. Plans also call for a restaurant on the sidewalk level along Ponce de Leon. *(Atlanta Constitution, 9-13-82)*

NEW ATLANTA-BASED COMPANY TO PROVIDE SPECIAL FABRICS FOR AIR-SUPPORTED DOMES

Atlanta has been selected for a new company that will manufacture and sell silicone-coated architectural fabrics for air-supported or tension roofs on structures such as sports arenas, stadiums, and shopping centers. The formation of ODC, Inc. was announced recently by Dow-Corning Corporation, a Midland, Michigan, chemical and building materials firm, and Oak Industries, Inc. of San Diego, a diversified producer of electronic components, manufactured products, and fabric coatings. The new venture will make its final site selection in Atlanta soon, with production scheduled to start by the end of the year. Employment at full production in two or three years is estimated at 50 to 60 persons. *(Atlanta Constitution, 8-26-82)*

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

Atlanta
Nonagricultural Employment (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs: Previous Month	Net Change in Jobs: Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	994.7	992.8	982.9	1.9	11.8
Manufacturing	300005	139.6	140.2	143.4	-.6	-3.8
Durable Goods	300025	70.4	70.9	71.4	-.5	-1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.6	2.9	.1	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.8	3.7	3.8	.1	.0
Household Furniture	325105	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	6.9	6.5	6.9	.4	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.4	5.3	5.2	.1	.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	7.2	7.4	8.0	-.2	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.5	8.4	8.3	.1	.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	10.7	10.5	11.1	.2	-.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.0	23.1	21.8	-1.1	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.3	3.5	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.2	69.2	72.0	.0	-2.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.2	19.0	19.0	.2	.2
Meat Products	420105	5.3	4.9	5.1	.4	.2
Bakery Products	420505	3.2	3.2	3.3	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	5.0	4.9	5.9	.1	-.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.7	1.7	2.4	.0	-.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.8	1.7	1.9	.1	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.3	8.5	9.0	-.2	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.5	3.7	3.7	-.2	-.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.8	2.8	3.2	.0	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.8	7.7	8.7	.1	-.9
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.2	4.1	4.8	.1	-.6
Printing and Publishing	427005	15.7	15.7	15.8	.0	-.1
Commercial Printing	427505	6.6	6.6	6.7	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.1	7.2	7.5	-.1	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.2	6.2	6.1	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	855.1	852.6	839.5	2.5	15.6
Contract Construction	200005	45.6	45.3	45.9	.3	-.3
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	90.2	90.5	90.3	-.3	-.1
Transportation	500015	57.5	57.8	58.2	-.3	-.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	274.3	273.0	269.4	1.3	4.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.2	104.4	104.7	.8	.5
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	68.6	68.3	69.7	.3	-1.1
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	36.6	36.1	35.0	.5	1.6
Retail Trade	652005	169.1	168.6	164.7	.5	4.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	69.3	69.1	67.9	.2	1.4
Finance	760025	27.1	26.8	26.1	.3	1.0
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	25.2	25.2	25.3	.0	-.1
Services	800055	219.2	218.5	209.6	.7	9.6
Government	998008	156.6	156.3	156.4	.3	.2
Federal	998011	35.5	36.1	35.5	-.6	.0
State and Local	998509	121.1	120.2	120.9	.9	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

Atlanta
Production Workers (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs	
					Previous Month	Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	93.3	94.3	98.2	-1.0	-4.9
Durable Goods	300025	47.6	48.4	49.1	-.8	-1.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.7	45.9	49.2	-.2	-3.5
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.1	11.2	11.8	-.1	-.7
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.9	3.9	4.9	.0	-1.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.5	6.7	7.2	-.2	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	2.9	3.1	3.1	-.2	-.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.1	2.2	2.5	-.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.0	2.3	.1	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.0	6.9	.1	-.8
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.0	3.0	3.6	.0	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.6	3.6	3.9	.0	-.3
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	5.2	5.0	5.2	.2	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	5.0	5.1	5.7	-.1	-.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.4	5.3	5.4	.1	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	13.8	14.8	13.8	-1.0	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

Atlanta Hours & Earnings		Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$305.85	$315.02	$296.60	37.9	38.7	39.6	$ 8.07	$ 8.14	$ 7.49
Durable Goods	300025	331.52	348.29	340.42	37.0	38.4	39.4	8.96	9.07	8.64
Nondurable Goods	400015	279.69	279.63	253.76	38.9	39.0	39.9	7.19	7.17	6.36
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$259.00	$268.19	$238.73	35.0	38.7	39.2	$ 7.40	$ 6.93	$ 6.09
Textile Mill Products	422005	195.80	186.53	201.05	35.6	34.1	37.3	5.50	5.47	5.39
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	173.71	155.38	174.02	37.6	33.2	38.5	4.62	4.68	4.52
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	176.91	146.58	155.65	39.4	32.5	34.9	4.49	4.51	4.46
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	165.24	163.31	181.47	36.0	34.6	42.4	4.59	4.72	4.28
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	215.51	229.48	186.69	38.9	41.2	38.1	5.54	5.57	4.90
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	210.50	202.58	200.75	36.8	36.5	36.7	5.72	5.55	5.47
Paper and Allied Products	426005	349.02	379.06	310.99	41.6	44.7	41.3	8.39	8.48	7.53
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	312.44	357.43	265.98	39.6	42.5	39.0	7.89	8.41	6.82
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	343.58	339.49	306.94	41.9	41.2	41.2	8.20	8.24	7.45
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	314.57	314.24	275.66	41.5	40.6	39.1	7.58	7.74	7.05
Primary Metal Industries	333005	501.41	463.84	482.36	42.1	41.6	43.3	11.91	11.15	11.14
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	305.41	309.14	283.10	37.2	37.7	38.0	8.21	8.20	7.45
Transportation Equipment	337005	433.07	487.41	456.66	34.1	38.5	38.7	12.70	12.66	11.80

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area, at 44,000, was up 500 from the previous month, primarily in nondurable goods manufacturing. Annually, a decline of 900 was reported.

Total manufacturing employment was estimated at 11,800 in August. This represented a gain of 600 over the month, while a loss of 500 was estimated for the year. Durable goods were relatively stable over the month, but showed a loss of 400 over the year in the metals and machinery segment. Nondurable goods were up 600 for the month and unchanged over the year. Most of the gain was in the "other nondurable goods" segment and was primarily due to a callback of previously laid off employees. Chemicals and textiles were down slightly over the month, while a small gain was recorded in the food products segment.

Nonmanufacturing, at 32,200, was down 100 for the month and 400 for the year. Services and government were down from both reference periods. The largest monthly loss was in government, which declined 200 over the month and 300 over the year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

Albany
Nonagricultural Employment (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs Previous Month	Net Change in Jobs Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.0	43.5	44.9	.5	-.9
Manufacturing	300005	11.8	11.2	12.3	.6	-.5
Durable Goods	300025	2.4	2.4	2.9	.0	-.5
Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machine	333055	1.2	1.3	1.6	-.1	-.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	8.8	9.4	.6	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.5	2.5	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.9	1.9	-.1	-.1
Chemicals	428005	.7	.8	.7	-.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.3	3.7	4.4	.6	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.2	32.3	32.6	-.1	-.4
Contract Construction	200005	2.4	2.3	2.2	.1	.2
Transport., Communication and Utilities	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.4	9.4	.0	.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.6	2.8	.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	6.8	6.7	6.5	.1	.3
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.0	6.1	6.4	-.1	-.4
Government	998008	10.1	10.3	10.4	-.2	-.3
Federal	998011	2.5	2.7	2.9	-.2	-.4
State and Local	998509	7.6	7.6	7.5	.0	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA

Employment, estimated at 122,300, remained unchanged over the month. Losses in manufacturing, government, and services and mining were offset by gains in trade. Over the year, a rise of 500 jobs was reported despite heavy losses in manufacturing. Manufacturing employment, estimated at 33,700, registered monthly and annual declines.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,800, was unchanged over the month, but lost 600 over the year in clay and glass products. Metals and machinery, at 2,300, rose 100 over the month and year because of increased business in nonelectrical machinery. Other durable goods, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year as a result of increased activity in transportation equipment.

Food and kindred products, at 2,800, rose 100 over the month because of more activity in meat products. This segment recorded a loss of 100 over the year with less business in bakery products. At 8,600, textiles dropped 200 over the month and 1,300 over the year because of modernization, the recession, and some adverse effect from imports. Apparel, at 1,900, remained unchanged over the month, but declined 500 from last year mostly because of the closing of one firm. Printing and publishing, at 1,000, climbed 100 over the month and 300 over the year because of increased activity in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods." at 11,500, was unchanged over the month, but gained 100 over the year because of more business in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 5,400, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged over the month, but increased 100 over the year with scattered increments. Trade, at 23,900, rose 500 over the month mostly in the retail sector. Back-to-school buying was a prominent factor in the increase. This division recorded a gain of 1,300 over the year due in part to the opening of new retail establishments. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,800, was unchanged over the month, but reported a gain of 300 over the year with scattered increments.

Services and mining, at 18,300, dropped 100 over the month with less activity in business services, health services, and social services. This division rose 400 over the year partly resulting from the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,700, dropped 300 over the month in the state and local sectors. The loss was concentrated in state institutions of higher learning and state hospitals. This division reported an increase of 600 over the year as both the federal subdivisions and the state and local sectors recorded increases.

OUTLOOK

The outlook for the area depends, in large measure, on interest rates. If rates continue to fall and remain low for a relatively long period of time, economic recovery will be realized, and some actual growth can be achieved. On the other hand, if those rates start climbing, the recession will deepen and be even more prolonged.

NOTE: Narrative written by August Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

Augusta
Nonagricultural Employment (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs: Previous Month	Net Change in Jobs: Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	122.3	122.3	121.8	.0	.5
Manufacturing	300005	33.7	34.0	35.9	-.3	-2.2
Durable Goods	300025	8.0	8.1	8.5	-.1	-.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	2.8	2.8	3.4	.0	-.6
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.2	2.2	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.7	25.9	27.4	-.2	-1.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.7	2.9	.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	8.6	8.8	9.9	-.2	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.4	.0	-.5
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	.9	.7	.1	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.5	11.5	11.4	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	88.6	88.4	85.9	.2	2.7
Contract Construction	200005	5.4	5.4	5.4	.0	.0
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	23.9	23.4	22.6	.5	1.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.0	3.9	4.0	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	19.9	19.4	18.6	.5	1.3
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.8	4.8	4.5	.0	.3
Services and Mining	800055	18.3	18.4	17.9	-.1	.4
Government	998008	31.7	32.0	31.1	-.3	.6
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.1	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	24.3	24.6	24.0	-.3	.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 79,100, in August revealed a decline of 100 from the previous month and was 2,900 below the estimate of August, 1981. The monthly loss was centered in nonmanufacturing, while the annual decline was primarily in manufacturing.

Manufacturing employment remained almost unchanged, with a loss of 100 in food and kindred products offsetting a gain of 100 in printing, publishing, and allied industries. Nonmanufacturing employment lost 200 as retail trade and federal government diminished from July's estimate. Over the year, manufacturing employment declined by 2,500 workers. The larger losses occurred in metals and machinery and in textile mill products. Other losses occurred in lumber and wood products and in stone, clay, and glass products. Over the year, nonmanufacturing lost 300 employees. Transportation and public utilities, trade, and services and miscellaneous employment shared in the loss.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

Columbus
Nonagricultural Employment (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs Previous Month	Net Change in Jobs Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	79.1	79.2	82.0	-.1	-2.9
Manufacturing	300005	19.0	18.9	21.5	.1	-2.5
Durable Goods	300025	4.4	4.3	5.7	.1	-1.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.3	3.3	4.4	.0	-1.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	14.6	14.6	15.9	.0	-1.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.1	4.2	4.0	-.1	.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	7.2	7.2	8.7	.0	-1.5
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.0	1.1	.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	60.1	60.3	60.4	-.2	-.3
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	4.9	4.9	.0	.0
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.2	3.2	3.4	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	15.6	15.7	15.8	-.1	-.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	13.3	13.4	13.4	-.1	-.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.5	5.5	5.4	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.5	11.4	11.8	.1	-.3
Government	998008	19.4	19.5	19.0	-.1	.4
Federal	998011	6.6	6.7	6.2	-.1	.4
State and Local	998509	12.8	12.8	12.9	.0	-.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totaled 97,600 in August. The estimate is unchanged from July and down 1,300 from August, 1981. During the month, an increase in manufacturing was offset by a decline in nonmanufacturing. Annually, manufacturing was down 400, and nonmanufacturing fell 900.

Manufacturing employment gained 300 during the month to reach its highest level in 1982. Advances in electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies; bakery products; and canned and preserved fruits and vegetables were partially offset by declines in beverages and paper products. Annually, durable goods was unchanged with increases in stone, clay, and glass products and "other nondurable goods" being offset by losses in lumber and wood products and nonelectrical machinery. Nondurable goods declined 400 with losses in food, apparel, and "other durable goods."

Nonmanufacturing was down 300 during the month and was 900 below the level of August, 1981. During the month, gains were posted in transportation and public utilities and services, and losses occurred in construction and trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate and government were unchanged.

Annually, construction and transportation and public utilities were unchanged. Trade added 200 in the retail sector because of the opening of several department stores. The gain was partially offset by less business in wholesale trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate declined with most of the loss in insurance. Services recorded a loss of 300. Government dropped 400 with a gain in the federal segment being offset by a decline in the state and local segment. Loss of several federally funded programs accounted for most of the loss in state and local government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

Macon
Nonagricultural Employment (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs Previous Month	Net Change in Jobs Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	97.6	97.6	98.9	.0	-1.3
Manufacturing	300005	17.4	17.1	17.8	.3	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	6.0	5.9	6.0	.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.7	.0	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.3	.0	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.4	11.2	11.8	.2	-.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.3	2.9	3.4	.4	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	80.2	80.5	81.1	-.3	-.9
Contract Construction	200005	3.6	3.7	3.6	-.1	.0
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.4	4.5	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.5	20.6	20.3	-.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.8	3.8	4.0	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	16.7	16.8	16.3	-.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.3	.0	-.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.0	16.9	17.3	.1	-.3
Government	998008	28.6	28.6	29.0	.0	-.4
Federal	948011	16.4	16.5	16.1	-.1	.3
State and Local	998509	12.2	12.1	13.0	.1	-.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in Savannah declined approximately 400 over the month. Total employment continues to lag behind last years level by approximately 1,500.

Contract construction recorded slight losses over the month; the level is 300 below year-ago figures. The majority of construction jobs in progress are small commercial projects. No improvement is expected over the next few months. As long as interest rates remain high, employment in this sector will continue to decrease.

Manufacturing employment declined an estimated 100 over the month. Although small losses and gains occurred in several sectors, the majority of the loss was in the transportation equipment sector. Over the year, almost every segment of manufacturing has lost some employment, but recent figures indicate that the losses are beginning to level off.

The transportation sector recorded a loss of 400 over the month, the majority of which occurred in the shipping and marine cargo handling area. Both imports and exports have slowed over the last several months. This condition is not expected to change much in the near future.

Wholesale and retail trade lost an estimated 100 over the month. Employment in this sector should remain stable for the next few months.

Employment in Savannah SMSA will remain fairly stable over the next few months. Although shifting will occur within the sectors, overall figures should remain about where they are now.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Anaylst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

Savannah
Nonagricultural Employment (000's)

Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs Previous Month	Net Change in Jobs Current Month Year ago
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	86.3	86.7	87.8	-.4	-1.5
Manufacturing	300005	16.1	16.2	17.1	-.1	-1.0
Durable Goods	300025	6.6	6.7	6.8	-.1	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood and Prefab. Struc. Prod.	324305	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.3	3.4	3.2	-.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.2	2.4	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.5	10.3	.0	-.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.4	4.4	5.0	.0	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.5	.5	.7	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	70.2	70.4	70.7	-.2	-.5
Contract Construction	200005	4.7	4.7	5.0	.0	-.3
Transportation and Public Utilties (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	7.7	8.1	8.8	-.4	-1.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.6	21.7	21.9	-.1	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.4	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.5	17.5	17.5	.0	.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	16.6	16.3	16.1	.3	.5
Government	998008	15.3	15.4	14.6	-.1	.7
Federal	998011	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	12.4	12.6	12.0	-.2	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

Savannah Production Workers (000's) Industry	Series Code	Current Month Aug. 82	Previous Month July 82	Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Net Change in Jobs Previous Month	 Current Month Year ago
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.9	11.2	12.0	-.3	-1.1
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	5.2	5.2	-.3	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	6.0	6.1	6.9	-.1	-.9
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.8	.9	1.0	-.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.9	2.9	3.7	.0	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.3	1.2	1.3	.1	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.9	3.1	2.8	-.2	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

Savannah Hours & Earnings Industry	Series Code	Average Weekly Earnings Current Month Aug. 82	 Previous Month July 82	 Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Average Weekly Hours Current Month Aug. 82	 Previous Month July 82	 Current Month Year ago Aug. 81	Average Hourly Earnings Current Month Aug. 82	 Previous Month July 82	 Current Month Year ago Aug. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$371.28	$357.62	$365.92	42.0	41.2	44.3	$ 8.84	$ 8.68	$ 8.26
Durable Goods	300025	347.78	337.82	345.32	41.7	41.4	44.5	8.34	8.16	7.76
Nondurable Goods	400015	390.43	374.33	381.89	42.3	41.0	44.2	9.23	9.13	8.64
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$201.92	$248.77	$216.54	35.3	41.6	40.1	$ 5.72	$ 5.98	$ 5.40
Paper and Allied Products	426005	470.88	444.88	445.90	43.6	41.5	45.5	10.80	10.72	9.80
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	314.24	338.61	305.59	40.6	42.7	42.8	7.74	7.93	7.14
Transportation Equipment	337005	411.26	397.36	416.84	44.8	44.2	47.1	9.18	8.99	8.85

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change from	
Area and Employment	Preliminary Aug. 1982	Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981	Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,694,349	2,691,826	2,610,091	2,523	84,258
Employed	2,494,284	2,473,213	2,452,377	21,071	41,907
Unemployed	200,065	218,613	157,714	-18,548	42,351
Rate	7.4	8.1	6.0	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	55,718	56,170	54,076	-452	1,642
Employed	50,577	49,682	49,877	895	700
Unemployed	5,141	6,488	4,199	-1,347	942
Rate	9.2	11.6	7.8	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,117,328	1,114,670	1,065,386	2,658	51,942
Employed	1,049,254	1,043,724	1,006,435	5,530	42,819
Unemployed	68,074	70,946	58,951	-2,872	9,123
Rate	6.1	6.4	5.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	138,951	138,527	130,367	424	8,584
Employed	126,498	126,229	121,730	269	4,768
Unemployed	12,453	12,298	8,637	155	3,816
Rate	9.0	8.9	6.6	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,817	91,123	89,901	-306	916
Employed	82,198	82,075	82,944	123	-746
Unemployed	8,619	9,048	6,957	-429	1,662
Rate	9.5	9.9	7.7	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	110,350	110,214	107,460	136	2,890
Employed	103,118	102,671	101,041	447	2,077
Unemployed	7,232	7,543	6,419	-311	813
Rate	6.6	6.8	6.0	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,459	99,476	95,650	-17	3,809
Employed	91,869	91,849	90,332	20	1,537
Unemployed	7,590	7,627	5,318	-37	2,272
Rate	7.6	7.7	5.6	---	---

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary Aug. 1982	Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981	Change from	
				Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	138,951	138,527	130,367	424	8,584
Employed	126,498	126,229	121,730	269	4,768
Unemployed	12,453	12,298	8,637	155	3,816
Rate	9.0	8.9	6.6	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	93,631	93,613	89,060	18	4,571
Employed	86,879	86,623	83,798	256	3,081
Unemployed	6,752	6,990	5,262	-238	1,490
Rate	7.2	7.5	5.9	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,320	44,914	41,307	406	4,013
Employed	39,619	39,606	37,932	13	1,687
Unemployed	5,701	5,308	3,375	393	2,326
Rate	12.6	11.8	8.2	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary Aug. 1982	Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981	Change from	
				Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,817	91,123	89,901	-306	916
Employed	82,198	82,075	82,944	123	-746
Unemployed	8,619	9,048	6,957	-429	1,662
Rate	9.5	9.9	7.7	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	72,832	73,007	72,299	-175	533
Employed	67,261	67,107	67,516	154	-255
Unemployed	5,571	5,900	4,783	-329	788
Rate	7.6	8.1	6.6	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,985	18,116	17,602	-131	383
Employed	14,937	14,968	15,428	-31	-491
Unemployed	3,048	3,148	2,174	-100	874
Rate	16.9	17.4	12.4	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary Aug. 1982	Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981	Change from	
				Revised July 1982	Revised Aug. 1981
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,694,349	2,691,826	2,610,091	2,523	84,258
Employed	2,494,284	2,473,213	2,452,377	21,071	41,907
Unemployed	200,065	218,613	157,714	-18,548	42,351
Rate	7.4	8.1	6.0	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,598,898	1,598,368	1,531,973	1,584	66,925
Employed	1,494,084	1,486,926	1,443,883	7,637	50,201
Unemployed	104,814	111,442	88,090	-6,053	16,724
Rate	6.6	7.0	5.8	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,095,451	1,093,458	1,078,118	939	17,333
Employed	1,000,200	986,287	1,008,494	13,434	-8,294
Unemployed	95,251	107,171	69,624	-12,495	25,627
Rate	8.7	9.8	6.5	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $233.01
Quantity 1300

12/7/82 S1905-1 A

/

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **OCTOBER 1982** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(September Data)

UNEMPLOYMENT--THEN AND NOW

The media are quick to point out that the unemployment rate for September, at 10.1 percent, was the highest since 1940. While this is not a desirable rate, the jobless are not necessarily in a worse position than those during the Great Depression era. Because of changing legislation, work force composition and size, and industry trends, those out of work today cannot truly be compared to the unemployed of the 1930's and 1940's.

High unemployment during the Great Depression prompted legislators to initiate laws to help cushion the loss of a job. The legislation developed into unemployment insurance and Social Security. Unemployment insurance enables an idle worker to wait for a job that is most suitable to him instead of taking anything that comes along, just to be earning an income. There was no such cushion in the 1930s.

The composition and size of the work force has also changed over the years. Today, more than half of the working population are women. In 1947, women represented less than one-third of the labor force. As the labor force increases, in bad times the jobless rate increases, too. In the 1930s, the unemployed were heads of households, and they were the only sources of income. In September of this year, 59 percent of the jobless lived in households of more than one wage earner, and the additional wage earners are usually women.

Recent changes in industry are causing higher unemployment. Smokestack industries, such as steel and car manufacturing, have been laying off employees due to the tendency of consumers to buy the cheaper, imported counterparts, particularly from Japan and Germany. However, industries such as electronics continue to hire during what seems to be a booming computer era. These industry trends make it difficult to do an unbiased comparison of unemployment today and unemployment during the Great Depression.

GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT SHOWS SOME GAIN OVER LAST MONTH

Georgia employment for September 1982 was estimated to be 2,151,100--only 2,000 more workers than August's figure. The estimate also represented 32,600 fewer people in the employed ranks than in September of last year.

The monthly gain was totally in the nonmanufacturing industries--specifically, services and government. Services increased because of seasonal gains in educational services. There were also seasonal gains in education on the local level of government. The other nonmanufacturing industries registered losses. Construction fell off due to less business in general building and structural steel erection. Less business in department stores and eating and drinking establishments caused trade employment to decline. Finance, insurance, and real estate reported less business in state and national banks and in land development as the reason for the loss in employment. Manufacturing, although balancing out to no change overall, did have a substantial gain in textile mill products due to more business in tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing and because of the return of laid-off employees in broad woven fabric mills. However, all manufacturing industries showed fewer employees than in September 1981. The most significant change was centered in textile mill products which was down 11,300 from last year.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BROADCASTER RELOCATES

Cox Communications Incorporated, a broadcaster and cable television operator, announced that it will move from White Columns at 1601 West Peachtree Street to 1400 Lake Hearn Drive near Perimeter Mall. The move into the five-story, 291,000 square-foot structure currently under construction is slated for the spring of 1983. The company's cable operations will account for 75 percent of the 630 employees in the new building.

OFFICE-WAREHOUSE PARK PLANNED

M. D. Hodges Enterprises Incorporated is developing an office and warehouse distribution park to be situated on a 32-acre tract at the intersection of Interstate Highway 85 and Old Peachtree Road in Gwinnett County. The site is between Duluth and Suwanee and is across the expressway from Rockwell International's Missile System Division production facility.

HONDA TO BUILD IN ALPHARETTA

Construction is scheduled to begin next spring on America Honda Motor Company Incorporated's $10 million, 300,000 square-foot parts distribution and training center in Alpharetta. Honda's current 200,000 square-foot facility is located in Norcross.

WESTERN ELECTRIC TRANSFERS SOME EMPLOYEES

Western Electric Company is transferring 367 employees in five Southeastern states to other areas in the country. The transfer affects 106 Georgia workers. The employees are all installers who have no work in their regions because of the recession and progressing technology. Of those in Georgia, 48 will go to southern California, 40 to northern California, and 18 to Louisiana. The installers could not be laid off under union rules, since they have at least ten years service.

WINE HEADQUARTERS TO MOVE TO GALLERIA

Coca-Cola Company's subsidiary, Wine Spectrum, is moving from the Peachtree Summit building in downtown Atlanta to the Atlanta Galleria near Cumberland Mall. Wine Spectrum will move 150 employees to 60,000 square feet of office space in the $150 million hotel-office-retail complex. The relocation will be completed by the end of 1982. Coca-Cola will retain all of the space that it now leases in Peachtree Summit.

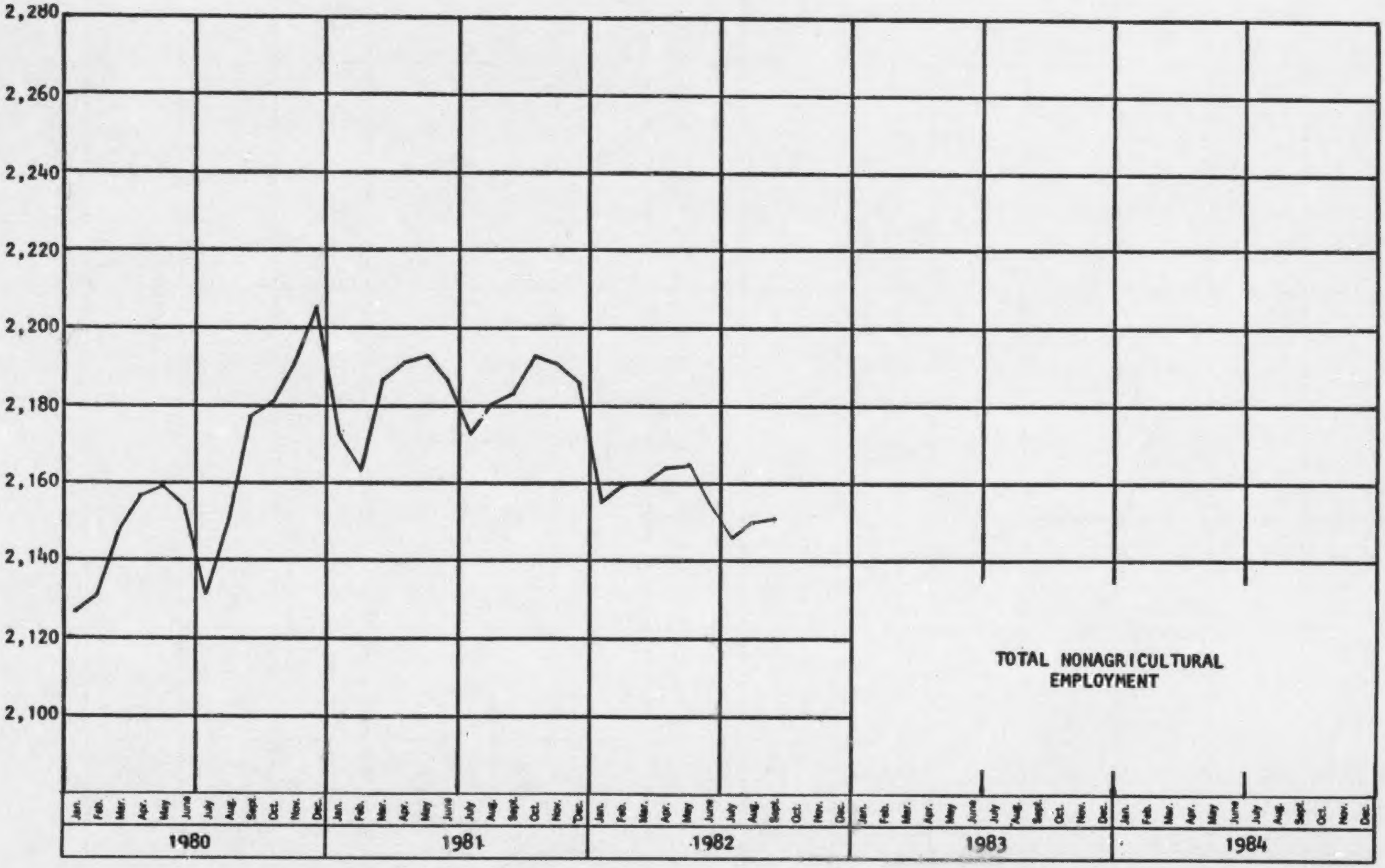
ATLANTA CHOSEN FOR HEADQUARTERS OF JAPANESE FIRM

Mizuno Corporation, the worlds largest sporting goods company, plans to establish its United States headquarters in Atlanta. The company has opened an office and warehouse in Norcross and has hired 20 employees. They hope eventually to open a manufacturing facility in Atlanta. Mizuno presently manufactures golf clubs in Japan.

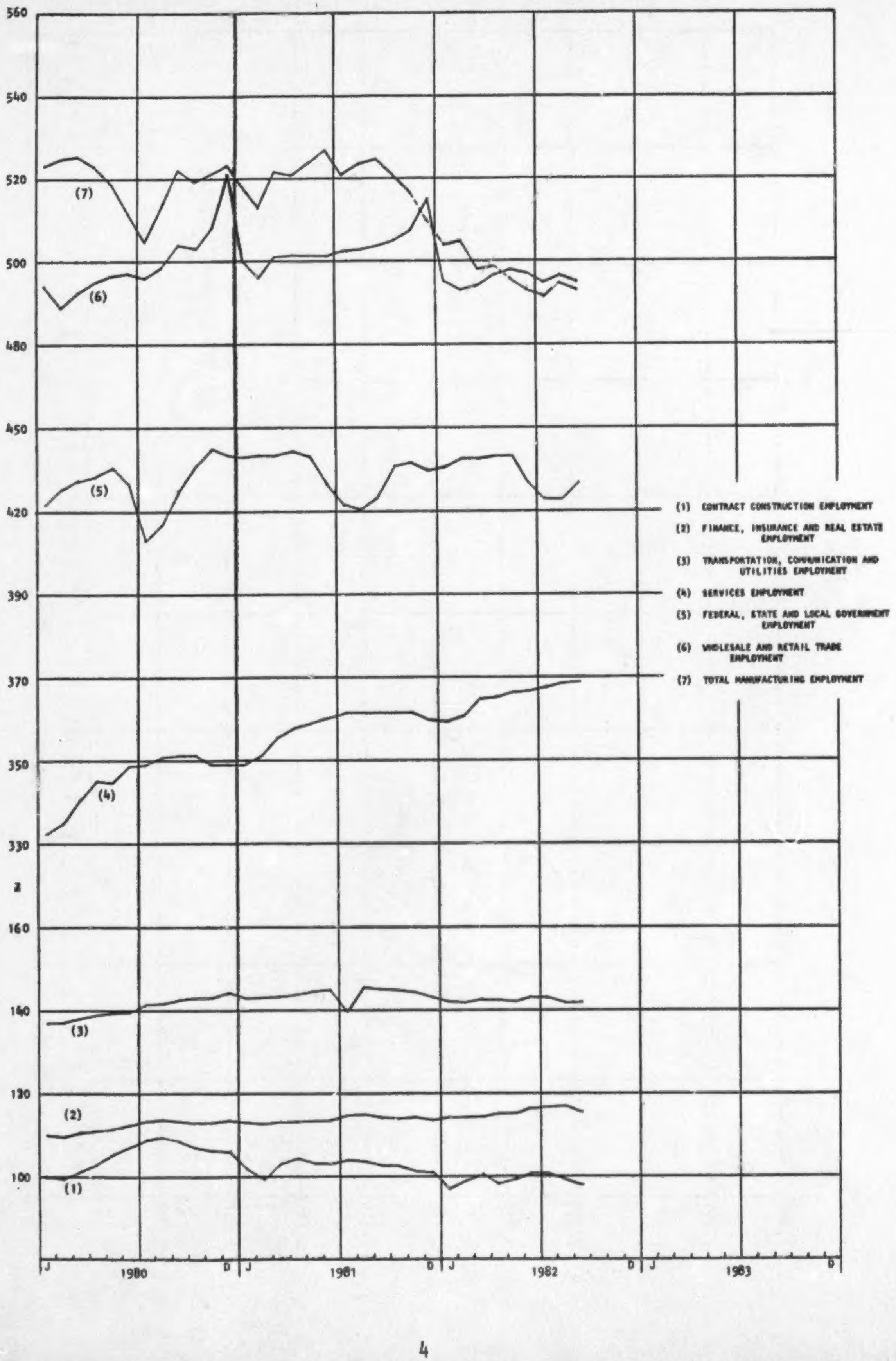
ISA CUTS 40 EMPLOYEES

Norcross-based Insurance Systems of America Incorporated, subsidiary of United Telecommunications Incorporated of Kansas City, has permanently laid off 40 employees as part of a decision to expand its market beyond the insurance industry. In addition, 40 other employees were transferred, leaving ISA with 250 people. ISA develops and markets highly specialized computer software for insurance and other financial service industries. The firm expects to market about $18 million in programming for 1982.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.



TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT


560
540
520
500
480
450
420
390
370
350
330
z
160
140
130
100
(7)
(6)
(5)
(4)
(3)
(2)
(1)
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
J
1980
D
J
1981
D
J
1982
D
J
1983
D

GEORGIA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,151.1	2,149.1	2,183.7	2.0	-32.6
Manufacturing	300005	493.5	493.5	524.4	.0	-30.9
Durable Goods	300025	171.3	172.2	182.5	-.9	-11.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.6	27.8	29.0	-.2	-1.4
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	14.1	14.3	14.5	-.2	-.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.5	9.6	9.4	-.1	.1
Household Furniture	325105	6.3	6.3	6.2	.0	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	16.0	16.1	16.8	-.1	-.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	16.0	16.1	17.8	-.1	-1.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.9	18.1	20.2	-.2	-2.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	20.1	20.3	22.3	-.2	-2.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	20.6	20.8	22.2	-.2	-1.6
Transportation Equipment	337005	33.9	33.9	34.4	.0	-.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	9.7	9.5	10.4	.2	-.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	322.2	321.4	342.0	.8	-19.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	60.7	60.8	61.4	-.1	-.7
Meat Products	420105	21.0	21.1	21.8	-.1	-.8
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.6	15.6	15.9	.0	-.3
Dairy Products	420205	4.7	4.8	4.4	-.1	.3
Bakery Products	420505	9.1	9.2	9.5	-.1	-.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	103.2	102.5	114.5	.7	-11.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.1	23.0	26.8	.1	-3.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.7	3.7	4.2	.0	-.5
Knitting Mills	422505	9.4	9.3	9.6	.1	-.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	27.5	27.0	29.9	.5	-2.4
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.4	21.2	23.3	.2	-1.9
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.8	69.3	71.9	.5	-2.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.2	38.9	39.3	.3	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.0	20.9	22.2	.1	-1.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.7	27.9	29.7	-.2	-2.0
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.0	13.3	14.2	-.3	-1.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.8	7.2	.1	-.3
Printing and Publishing	427005	24.0	23.9	24.4	.1	-.4
Commercial Printing	427505	9.0	8.9	8.9	.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	16.5	16.5	17.6	.0	-1.1
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.2	2.2	2.6	.0	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.2	2.2	2.5	.0	-.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	18.1	18.2	20.0	-.1	-1.9
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,657.6	1,655.6	1,659.3	2.0	-1.7
Mining	100005	7.9	7.8	7.9	.1	.0
Contract Construction	200005	97.9	99.8	102.4	-1.9	-4.5
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	141.9	142.3	144.8	-.4	-2.9
Transportation	500015	83.4	83.7	86.4	-.3	-3.0
Communication (excl. U.S. Postal Service)	548005	37.3	37.2	37.4	.1	-.1
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	21.2	21.4	21.0	-.2	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	495.4	496.5	503.8	-1.1	-8.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	157.0	156.5	160.5	.5	-3.5
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	95.3	95.8	97.4	-.5	-2.1
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	61.7	60.7	63.1	1.0	-1.4
Retail Trade	652005	338.4	340.1	343.3	-1.7	-4.9
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	115.7	116.9	114.0	-1.2	1.7
Finance	760025	51.6	52.0	49.7	-.4	1.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	40.5	40.9	40.6	-.4	-.1
Real Estate	765075	23.6	24.0	23.8	-.4	-.2
Services	800005	368.2	367.7	361.7	.5	6.5
Government	998008	430.6	424.6	424.7	6.0	5.9
Federal	998011	90.2	90.6	87.6	-.4	2.6
State and Local	998509	340.4	334.1	337.1	6.3	3.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	373.9	372.8	401.7	1.1	-27.8
Durable Goods	300025	126.5	126.8	136.6	-.3	-10.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	247.3	246.0	265.1	1.3	-17.8
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	41.8	41.8	43.3	.0	-1.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	85.2	84.6	95.4	.6	-10.2
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	21.0	21.0	23.9	.0	-2.9
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.3	3.3	3.6	.0	-.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.6	7.5	7.9	.1	-.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	22.2	21.7	24.4	.5	-2.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.2	18.0	19.9	.2	-1.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.4	58.8	61.1	.6	-1.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.7	33.4	33.7	.3	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.7	17.6	18.8	.1	-1.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.6	22.9	24.0	-.3	-1.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.1	8.1	8.1	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.5	21.6	22.9	-.1	-1.4
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	10.0	10.2	10.8	-.2	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	9.8	9.6	10.9	.2	-1.1
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.6	1.6	1.5	.0	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	13.2	13.3	13.6	-.1	-.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.2	11.3	13.0	-.1	-1.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.4	14.6	16.3	-.2	-1.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.2	13.3	15.0	-.1	-1.8
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	13.5	13.8	15.0	-.3	-1.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.5	22.0	23.1	.5	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS & EARNINGS		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$264.99	$262.75	$259.05	39.2	39.1	40.1	$ 6.76	$ 6.72	$ 6.46
Durable Goods	300025	296.29	292.89	298.98	39.4	39.0	40.9	7.52	7.51	7.31
Nondurable Goods	400015	250.10	247.35	238.60	39.2	39.2	39.7	6.38	6.31	6.01
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$246.09	$242.42	$239.27	39.5	39.1	40.9	$ 6.23	$ 6.20	$ 5.85
Textile Mill Products	422005	229.31	230.62	221.48	39.4	39.9	39.2	5.82	5.78	5.65
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	228.14	227.37	229.03	39.2	39.0	39.9	5.82	5.83	5.74
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	261.04	255.43	282.59	41.9	41.0	45.8	6.23	6.23	6.17
Knitting Mills	422505	206.56	206.71	190.84	38.9	39.6	37.2	5.31	5.22	5.13
Floor Covering Mills	422705	226.40	235.31	220.95	38.9	40.5	40.1	5.82	5.81	5.51
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	232.66	231.28	215.82	39.3	39.4	37.6	5.92	5.87	5.74
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	167.44	166.44	159.87	36.4	36.5	36.5	4.60	4.56	4.38
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	165.86	166.32	158.05	35.9	36.0	36.5	4.62	4.62	4.33
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	163.62	160.73	156.45	36.2	36.2	35.8	4.52	4.44	4.37
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	214.34	212.22	196.39	39.4	39.3	39.2	5.44	5.40	5.01
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	170.20	187.67	172.26	37.0	36.3	35.3	4.60	5.17	4.88
Paper and Allied Products	426005	443.28	433.93	411.26	42.5	42.5	43.2	10.43	10.21	9.52
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	524.72	508.98	503.74	43.8	42.7	45.3	11.98	11.92	11.12
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	365.93	351.02	333.65	42.6	41.2	43.5	8.59	8.52	7.67
Leather and Leather Products	431005	164.25	164.19	149.88	36.5	37.4	35.1	4.50	4.39	4.27
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	309.96	314.07	293.70	41.0	42.1	41.6	7.56	7.46	7.06
Primary Metal Industries	333005	355.50	359.44	340.57	39.5	38.9	40.4	9.00	9.24	8.43
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	268.99	279.03	285.31	38.1	38.7	40.7	7.06	7.21	7.01
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	299.95	303.73	364.31	40.1	41.1	48.9	7.48	7.39	7.45
Transportation Equipment	337005	441.78	420.04	418.04	39.8	38.5	39.7	11.10	10.91	10.53

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT MOVED SLIGHTLY UPWARD IN SEPTEMBER

The fifteen-county Atlanta SMSA employment inched upward to a level of 995,500 for September, a gain of 1,500 over the month of August. Manufacturing and nonmanufacturing shared almost equally in the increase. Compared to the same month last year, total nonfarm employment was up 11,100 due to the 16,000 gain in nonmanufacturing more than offsetting a decline of 4,800 in manufacturing.

During the current month, manufacturing rose 900 primarily due to increases in food and kindred products and apparel and other textile products in the nondurable goods-producing industries. Durable goods manufacturing remained stable mainly because of the return of workers at one automobile assembly plant following a temporary layoff for retooling in connection with a model change.

Nonmanufacturing employment for September was up only 700 over the previous month to an estimated level of 855,200. All major industry divisions experienced declines with the exception of services and government. The gain in state and local government, due to the return of nonteaching personnel following the reopening of schools, accounted for all of the nonmanufacturing monthly increase. The major declines occurred in construction and finance, insurance, and real estate. The transportation and public utilities industry reflected airline employment reductions.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

OFFICE PARK PLANNED IN GWINNETT COUNTY

The retirement fund for Eastern Airline pilots has purchased 154 acres of land in Gwinnett County and intends to develop it as an office park, the funds trustee, North Carolina National Bank, disclosed recently. Development of the park, located 1 1/2 miles north of I-285 and 1 1/2 miles west of Technology Park/Atlanta, will take place over the next 10 years. The announcement concerning initial construction should be made within the year once the overall master plan for the project is completed.

MALL SITE PROPOSED NEAR SIX FLAGS OVER GEORGIA

Two Southeastern developers have purchased a 40-acre site near Six Flags Over Georgia where they intend to build a 70-store mall for discount stores and manufacturers outlets. Planned by Manufacturers Outlet Malls, Incorporated of Tallahassee and T-A-N Developing Company of Nashville, Tennessee, and Clearwater, Florida, the $17 million mall is aimed at the middle to upper-middle income customer. The 200,000 square-foot mall, to be called Big Apple South, will simulate the charm of New York City with store fronts resembling those in Manhattan. Construction on the development, located at the intersection of Interstate 20 and Six Flags Drive, is due to begin in early 1983 with completion scheduled for the fall of 1983.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	995.5	994.0	984.4	1.5	11.1
Manufacturing	300005	140.4	139.5	145.2	.9	-4.8
Durable Goods	300025	70.5	70.4	72.3	.1	-1.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.8	2.7	3.1	.1	-.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.8	3.9	3.8	-.1	.0
Household Furniture	325105	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	6.9	6.8	6.8	.1	.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.4	5.4	5.4	.0	.0
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	7.2	7.2	8.0	.0	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.5	8.4	8.4	.1	.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	10.5	10.7	11.1	-.2	-.6
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.2	22.0	22.4	.2	-.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.8	69.1	72.9	.7	-3.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.4	19.1	19.1	.3	.3
Meat Products	420105	5.5	5.1	5.1	.4	.4
Bakery Products	420505	3.2	3.2	3.4	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.9	5.0	6.0	-.1	-1.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.6	1.7	2.3	-.1	-.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.7	1.7	1.9	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.7	8.4	9.1	.3	-.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.8	3.7	3.7	.1	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.8	2.8	3.2	.0	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.8	7.8	8.7	.0	-.9
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.2	4.2	4.8	.0	-.6
Printing and Publishing	427005	15.7	15.6	16.1	.1	-.4
Commercial Printing	427505	6.7	6.6	6.8	.1	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.3	7.1	7.7	.2	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.1	6.2	6.2	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	855.2	854.5	839.2	.7	16.0
Contract Construction	200005	44.4	45.7	44.7	-1.3	-.3
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	89.6	90.3	89.7	-.7	-.1
Transportation	500015	56.9	57.6	57.6	-.7	-.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	273.8	274.1	268.3	-.3	5.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.2	104.8	104.8	.4	.4
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	67.9	68.2	69.2	-.3	-1.3
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	37.3	36.6	35.5	.7	1.8
Retail Trade	652005	168.6	169.2	163.6	-.6	5.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	68.0	69.2	67.6	-1.2	.4
Finance	760025	26.8	27.1	25.9	-.3	.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	24.9	25.2	25.1	-.3	-.2
Services	800055	219.5	219.4	210.2	.1	9.3
Government	998008	160.0	155.7	158.7	4.3	1.3
Federal	998011	35.2	35.5	35.3	-.3	-.1
State and Local	998509	124.9	120.2	123.4	4.7	1.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	94.3	93.2	99.9	1.1	-5.6
Durable Goods	300025	47.9	47.6	49.9	.3	-2.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.4	45.6	49.9	.8	-3.5
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.5	11.1	11.9	.4	-.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.8	3.9	4.9	-.1	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.8	6.6	7.3	.2	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.1	3.0	3.1	.1	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.1	2.5	.1	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.2	2.1	2.5	.1	-.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.1	3.2	3.2	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	6.8	.0	-.7
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.1	3.0	3.5	.1	-.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.7	3.6	4.0	.1	-.3
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	5.3	5.2	5.1	.1	.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.9	5.0	5.7	-.1	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.5	5.3	5.5	.2	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.3	13.8	14.4	.5	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA
HOURS & EARNINGS

Industry	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$299.77	$305.05	$304.00	37.1	37.8	40.0	$ 8.08	$ 8.07	$ 7.60
Durable Goods	300025	319.20	331.30	350.27	35.0	37.1	40.4	9.12	8.93	8.67
Nondurable Goods	400015	279.10	277.92	257.40	39.2	38.6	39.6	7.12	7.20	6.50
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$270.00	$261.66	$250.67	40.0	35.6	39.6	$ 6.75	$ 7.35	$ 6.33
Textile Mill Products	422005	183.20	190.23	199.23	33.8	34.4	37.1	5.42	5.53	5.37
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	165.20	168.62	165.98	35.3	35.8	36.4	4.68	4.71	4.56
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	157.44	165.67	165.17	34.3	35.4	36.3	4.59	4.68	4.55
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	170.14	165.24	149.10	36.2	36.0	35.0	4.70	4.59	4.26
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	215.08	215.51	182.20	37.8	38.9	37.8	5.69	5.54	4.82
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	199.58	208.49	192.93	37.8	36.9	35.4	5.28	5.65	5.45
Paper and Allied Products	426005	347.94	350.26	309.96	40.6	41.5	41.0	8.57	8.44	7.56
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	329.51	316.00	277.01	39.7	39.5	39.8	8.30	8.00	6.96
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	346.06	342.74	301.18	41.1	41.9	40.7	8.42	8.18	7.40
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	296.35	317.68	296.79	39.2	41.8	40.6	7.56	7.60	7.31
Primary Metal Industries	333005	478.23	502.95	472.14	40.7	42.3	43.0	11.75	11.89	10.98
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	285.19	305.41	280.50	36.1	37.2	37.5	7.90	8.21	7.48
Transportation Equipment	337005	451.21	434.70	452.70	35.5	34.5	37.6	12.71	12.60	12.04

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area, at 44,000, was up 100 for the month, while a decrement of 900 was reported over the year. The loss for the month was primarily in durable goods. Nondurable goods as well as retail trade were up slightly for the month.

Manufacturing, at 11,800, was unchanged for the month. A loss of 100 was recorded in the metals and machinery segment, while an offsetting gain was reported in nondurable goods. Over the year, a loss of 400 was estimated in manufacturing. Durable goods, at 2,300, was down 500 for the year. Most of the losses involved the manufacture of heavy machinery in which sales were very slow. Nondurable goods, at 9,500, gained 200 over the year. The gain was in the food manufacturing segment. The textiles industry was down slightly over the year.

Nonmanufacturing rose 100 from August and dropped 600 from September 1981. Contract construction, at 2,400, was unchanged for the month and gained 100 during the year. Activity in the construction industry is still slow, especially in residential construction. If interest rates continue to decline, employment in this industry will increase in coming months. Trade, at 9,500, was up 100 for the month and 200 over the year. The monthly increment was in the retail trade segment. Over the year, wholesale trade declined 100 while retail trade gained 400.Government, at 10,100, was unchanged over the month and down 500 for the year. Most of the annual loss was in the federal sector, down 400. Services, at 6,000, was unchanged during the month and declined by 300 over the year. Other nonmanufacturing segments were basically unchanged over the month and year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

ALBANY
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.0	43.9	44.9	.1	-.9
Manufacturing	300005	11.8	11.8	12.2	.0	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	2.3	2.4	2.8	-.1	-.5
Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machine	333055	1.2	1.2	1.6	.0	-.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.1	1.2	1.2	-.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.4	9.3	.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.6	2.4	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Chemicals	428005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.2	32.1	32.8	.1	-.6
Contract Construction	200005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Transport., Communication and Utilities	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.5	9.4	9.3	.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	6.9	6.8	6.5	.1	.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.0	6.0	6.3	.0	-.3
Government	998008	10.1	10.1	10.6	.0	-.5
Federal	998011	2.5	2.5	2.9	.0	-.4
State and Local	998509	7.6	7.6	7.7	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment, estimated at 122,300, rose 100 over the month. Gains in government and in services and mining outpaced losses in trade; construction; manufacturing; transportation and public utilities; and finance, insurance, and real estate. Over the year, a loss of 500 was recorded primarily as a result of heavy declines in manufacturing. Manufacturing, at 33,600, reported both monthly and annual decrements.

Durable goods manufacturing was down 100 from last month and down 700 over the year. Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,600, declined 200 over the month and 800 over the year, mostly as a result of less activity in glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year with scattered gains. "Other durable goods," at 2,300, remained unchanged over the month and over the year.

Nondurables was unchanged from August, but down 1,600 from last year. Food and kindred products, at 2,800, edged up 100 over the month with more activity in meat products, but lost 100 over the year with scattered declines. Textile mill products, at 8,400, continued to lose. Two hundred fewer jobs over the month were attributable to the closing of one firm and cutbacks in others. Over the year, a loss of 1,400 was recorded due to modernization, adverse effects of unrestricted imports, and the worldwide recession. Apparel, at 2,000, registered an increase of 100 over the month resulting from more activity in womens outerwear and miscellaneous apparel. This segment lost 400 over the year because of the permanent closing of one firm. Printing and publishing, at 1,000, posted no gain over the month, but registered an increase of 300 over the year as a result of more business in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 11,500, remained unchanged over the month and over the year.

The nonmanufacturing industries gained from both reference periods. Construction, at 5,300, slid downward 100 over the month resulting from the completion of some projects. This division was unchanged over the year. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, lost 100 over the month with scattered declines, but was unchanged over the year. Trade, at 23,700, dropped 200 over the month among retail establishments as summer jobs were vacated by students returning to school. This division posted a gain of 1,000 over the year, mainly because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,700, declined 100 over the month as summer jobs in financial institutions were vacated by students returning to school This division posted an annual increase of 300 due to increments throughout. Services and mining, at 18,300, edged upward 100 over the month, directly attributable to increased activity in hospitals. This division climbed 200 over the year as a result of the opening of new firms. Government, at 32,400, rose 700 over the month because of the return of nonteaching personnel to jobs in the public school system. This division recorded a gain of 400 over the year with all of the increased activity concentrated in the federal sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	122.3	122.2	122.8	.1	-.5
Manufacturing	300005	33.6	33.7	35.9	-.1	-2.3
Durable Goods	300025	7.9	8.0	8.6	-.1	-.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	2.6	2.8	3.4	-.2	-.8
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.7	25.7	27.3	.0	-1.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.7	2.9	.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	8.4	8.6	9.8	-.2	-1.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	1.9	2.4	.1	-.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.5	11.5	11.5	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	88.7	88.5	86.9	.2	1.8
Contract Construction	200005	5.3	5.4	5.3	-.1	.0
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.5	4.4	-.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	23.7	23.9	22.7	-.2	1.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.0	4.0	4.0	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	19.6	19.8	18.7	-.2	.9
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.7	4.8	4.4	-.1	.3
Services and Mining	800055	18.3	18.2	18.1	.1	.2
Government	998008	32.4	31.7	32.0	.7	.4
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.0	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	25.0	24.3	25.0	.7	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 76,800 in September, declined by 2,400 workers from August. A loss of 4,100 workers was noted from September 1981. Manufacturing employment declined by 100 workers from August and dropped 2,500 workers from one year ago. Nonmanufacturing employment, at 57,800, was down 2,300 workers from last month and had 1,600 fewer workers than one year ago.

Manufacturing employment totalled 19,000. During the month, durable goods was unchanged as a gain in metals and machinery was offset by a loss in lumber and wood products. Nondurable goods declined with losses in food and kindred products and in printing, publishing, and allied industries. Annually, durable goods employment dropped 1,100, and nondurable goods employment was down 1,400 workers.

During the month of September, nonmanufacturing employment declined by 2,300 workers with losses in state and local government; contract construction; trade; services and miscellaneous; and transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services. Over the year, nonmanufacturing employment lost 1,600 workers. Contract construction; trade; services and miscellaneous; state and local government; and transportation, communication, and public utilities contributed to the loss. Finance, insurance, and real estate and federal government gained 100 and 500 respectively.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	76.8	79.2	80.9	-2.4	-4.1
Manufacturing	300005	19.0	19.1	21.5	-.1	-2.5
Durable Goods	300025	4.4	4.4	5.5	.0	-1.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.3	.4	.5	-.1	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.4	3.3	4.3	.1	-.9
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	14.6	14.7	16.0	-.1	-1.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.0	4.1	4.1	-.1	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	7.4	7.3	8.7	.1	-1.3
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	1.1	1.1	-.1	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	57.8	60.1	59.4	-2.3	-1.6
Contract Construction	200005	4.4	4.9	4.8	-.5	-.4
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.2	3.3	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	15.4	15.6	15.9	-.2	-.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.3	2.3	2.4	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	13.1	13.3	13.5	-.2	-.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.5	5.5	5.4	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.3	11.5	11.7	-.2	-.4
Government	998008	18.1	19.4	18.3	-1.3	-.2
Federal	998011	6.6	6.6	6.1	.0	.5
State and Local	998509	11.5	12.8	12.2	-1.3	-.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 97,800 in September. The current estimate is up 200 from August and down 800 from September 1981. During the month, a slight decline in manufacturing partially offset advances in nonmanufacturing employment. Annually, losses were recorded in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing segments.

Manufacturing employment dropped 100 during the month with all of the decrease in durable goods. Less employment at an aircraft parts and auxiliary equipment plant accounted for most of the decline. Nondurable goods was unchanged with small offsetting fluctuations in all segments. Annually, durable goods was off 100 with most of the decline resulting from a drop in employment at a plant making wooden containers. Nonmanufacturing goods declined 300 over the year with losses in apparel and in printing, publishing, and allied industries.

Nonmanufacturing advanced 300 during the month. Construction declined with most of the loss in general construction. Transportation, communications, and public utilities fell slightly, and trade advanced with more hiring in retail businesses. Finance, insurance, and real estate employment fell 100 due to a drop in insurance. Services was down 100 with cutbacks at kaolin plants and reduced employment at hotel and motel establishments. All of the gain in government was in the state and local segment as public schools reopened.

Annually, nonmanufacturing dropped 400 as construction and transportation, communications, and public utilities registered losses. Trade advanced with more hiring at retail establishments. Finance, insurance, and real estate declined 200 with less employment in insurance. Services was down 500 due to less business in kaolin mining and other covered services. All of the annual increase in government was in the federal segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	97.8	97.6	98.6	.2	-.8
Manufacturing	300005	17.3	17.4	17.7	-.1	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	5.9	5.9	6.0	.0	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.3	.0	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.8	3.9	3.8	-.1	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.4	11.4	11.7	.0	-.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	2.4	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	80.5	80.2	80.9	.3	-.4
Contract Construction	200005	3.5	3.6	3.7	-.1	-.2
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.5	4.6	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.6	20.5	20.4	.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.8	3.8	3.9	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.8	16.7	16.4	.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.0	6.1	6.2	-.1	-.2
Services and Mining	800055	16.7	16.9	17.2	-.2	-.5
Government	998008	29.2	28.7	28.8	.5	.4
Federal	948011	16.5	16.5	16.1	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	12.7	12.2	12.7	.5	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased approximately 1,100 over the month. Total employment continued to lag behind last year's level by an estimated 1,800.

Contract construction employment increased 100 over the month. Building construction and heavy construction remained about the same with special trade contractors accounting for all of the gain. Employment in this area is expected to increase slightly over the next few months as interest rates come down.

Manufacturing employment remained almost unchanged overall, but fluctuations occurred within this area. Durable goods employment increased approximately 100 over the month. Although transportation equipment increased more than 200, losses in lumber and wood products and stone, clay, and glass caused an overall decline. Nondurable goods dropped 200 over the month with the loss occurring in the paper and chemical industries. An increase of 100 occurred in the food industry.

Transportation increased an estimated 100 over the month with all the gain being restricted to the marine cargo handling area. As the economy begins to rebound, this area should improve.

Wholesale and retail trade was at a virtual standstill. Month to month figures indicated very little movement overall. Losses occurred in department stores and restaurants.

The services sector declined an estimated 300 over the month. Medical services declined approximately 100. This may be due, in part, to the number of people unemployed and delaying medical treatment. The loss of 200 in membership organizations may be for the same reasons.

The government sector increased approximately 1,200 as the result of a new school year. All other sectors of government remained stable.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	87.5	86.4	89.3	1.1	-1.8
Manufacturing	300005	16.1	16.1	17.2	.0	-1.1
Durable Goods	300025	6.7	6.6	7.0	.1	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.2	1.3	-.1	-.2
Millwork, Plywood and Prefab. Struc. Prod.	324305	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.5	3.3	3.4	.2	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.2	2.4	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.3	9.5	10.2	-.2	-.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.0	1.9	1.8	.1	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.1	4.4	5.0	-.3	-.9
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.5	.5	.7	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	71.4	70.2	72.2	1.2	-.8
Contract Construction	200005	4.8	4.7	5.1	.1	-.3
Transportation and Public Utilties (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	7.9	7.7	9.1	.2	-1.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.6	21.7	21.8	-.1	-.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.2	4.4	.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.4	17.5	17.3	-.1	.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	16.3	16.6	16.2	-.3	.1
Government	998008	16.6	15.3	15.9	1.3	.7
Federal	998011	2.9	2.9	2.6	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	13.7	12.4	13.4	1.3	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.9	10.9	12.2	.0	-1.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.1	4.9	5.4	.2	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.8	6.0	6.8	-.2	-1.0
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.8	.9	1.0	-.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.6	2.9	3.6	-.3	-1.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.2	1.3	1.3	-.1	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.1	2.9	2.9	.2	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH
HOURS & EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81	CURRENT MONTH SEPT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO SEPT. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$392.05	$373.12	$370.92	44.5	42.4	44.0	$ 8.81	$ 8.80	$ 8.43
Durable Goods	300025	373.25	350.26	345.83	44.7	42.2	43.5	8.35	8.30	7.95
Nondurable Goods	400015	408.92	391.00	389.84	44.4	42.5	44.3	9.21	9.20	8.80
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$209.62	$207.06	$224.31	37.1	35.7	39.7	$ 5.65	$ 5.80	$ 5.65
Paper and Allied Products	426005	504.57	470.88	454.72	47.2	43.6	45.7	10.69	10.80	9.95
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	317.75	314.24	327.44	41.0	40.6	43.6	7.75	7.74	7.51
Transportation Equipment	337005	420.43	411.26	401.36	45.6	44.8	45.3	9.22	9.18	8.86

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1982	REVISED AUG. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED AUG. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1981
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,679,102	2,694,704	2,611,902	-15,602	67,200
Employed	2,477,707	2,493,660	2,449,179	-15,953	28,528
Unemployed	201,395	201,044	162,723	351	38,672
Rate	7.5	7.5	6.2	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	55,239	55,631	54,032	-392	1,207
Employed	50,152	50,478	49,648	-326	504
Unemployed	5,087	5,153	4,384	-66	703
Rate	9.2	9.3	8.1	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,112,379	1,116,988	1,063,742	-4,609	48,637
Employed	1,042,203	1,048,598	1,004,829	-6,395	37,374
Unemployed	70,176	68,390	58,913	1,786	11,263
Rate	6.3	6.1	5.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	140,349	138,823	133,722	1,526	6,627
Employed	125,705	126,318	122,260	-613	3,445
Unemployed	14,644	12,505	11,462	2,139	3,182
Rate	10.4	9.0	8.6	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,634	90,926	89,385	-3,292	-1,751
Employed	79,412	82,288	81,791	-2,876	-2,379
Unemployed	8,222	8,638	7,594	-416	628
Rate	9.4	9.5	8.5	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	110,107	110,401	106,790	-294	3,317
Employed	102,544	103,139	100,274	-595	2,270
Unemployed	7,563	7,262	6,516	301	1,047
Rate	6.9	6.6	6.1	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,758	99,541	98,289	217	1,469
Employed	92,301	91,903	92,315	398	-14
Unemployed	7,457	7,638	5,974	-181	1,483
Rate	7.5	7.7	6.1	---	---

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1982	REVISED AUG. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED AUG. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1981
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	140,349	138,823	133,722	1,526	6,627
Employed	125,705	126,318	122,260	-613	3,445
Unemployed	14,644	12,505	11,462	2,139	3,182
Rate	10.4	9.0	8.6	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	92,685	93,541	89,481	-856	3,204
Employed	86,098	86,757	84,095	-659	2,003
Unemployed	6,587	6,784	5,386	-197	1,201
Rate	7.1	7.3	6.0	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	47,664	45,282	44,241	2,382	3,423
Employed	39,607	39,561	38,165	46	1,442
Unemployed	8,057	5,721	6,076	2,336	1,981
Rate	16.9	12.6	13.7	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1982	REVISED AUG. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED AUG. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1981
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,634	90,926	89,385	-3,292	-1,751
Employed	79,412	82,288	81,791	-2,876	-2,379
Unemployed	8,222	8,638	7,594	-416	628
Rate	9.4	9.5	8.5	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,404	72,913	71,725	-2,509	-1,321
Employed	65,020	67,340	66,573	-2,320	-1,553
Unemployed	5,384	5,573	5,152	-189	232
Rate	7.6	7.6	7.2	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,230	18,013	17,660	-783	-430
Employed	14,392	14,948	15,218	-556	-826
Unemployed	2,838	3,065	2,442	-227	396
Rate	16.5	17.0	13.8	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY SEP. 1982	REVISED AUG. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED AUG. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1981
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,679,102	2,694,704	2,611,902	-15,602	67,200
Employed	2,477,707	2,493,660	2,449,179	-15,953	28,528
Unemployed	201,395	201,044	162,723	351	38,672
Rate	7.5	7.5	6.2	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,590,348	1,598,645	1,532,320	-8,297	58,028
Employed	1,483,448	1,493,344	1,442,793	-9,896	40,655
Unemployed	106,900	105,301	89,527	1,599	17,373
Rate	6.7	6.6	5.8	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,088,754	1,096,059	1,079,582	-7,305	9,172
Employed	994,259	1,000,316	1,006,386	-6,057	-12,127
Unemployed	94,495	95,743	73,196	-1,248	21,299
Rate	8.7	8.7	6.8	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $244.68
Quantity 1300

/ 1/12/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUG
MACON
SAVANNAH
UMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR — NOVEMBER 1982 — LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(October Data)

GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT STILL BELOW DESIRED LEVELS

Employment for Georgia was estimated to be 2,158,300 for October 1982. This figure is a gain of 8,400 over the September estimate and can be attributed to hiring in the government sector. Trade and services also showed rises in employment as a result of more business in department stores; restaurants; and hotels, motels, and tourist courts, as well as seasonal gains in education.

The remaining sectors recorded declines in monthly employment, with manufacturing having the greatest loss of 2,900. Employment fell in all divisions of manufacturing, except for lumber and wood products, furniture and fixtures, and printing and publishing which were unchanged, and for transportation equipment which increased due to a return to normal after layoffs in automobile manufacturing.

Even though total employment gained from last month's estimate, there was an overall loss of 34,000 from October 1981. This indicates that the economy is still lagging below desired levels, and unemployment is still on the rise. Most affected of the major industry divisions is manufacturing. Its loss of 29,500 from last year occurred because of layoffs and less business in textile mills, apparel manufacturing, paper manufacturing, primary metal industries, fabricated metal products, and transportation equipment. These industries show no sign of improvement over the next few months with the possible exception of transportation equipment. Trade businesses have been forced to cut their employee ranks due to less business over the year. It seems the consumer is more reluctant to spend money because of economic and employment security uncertainties. Construction has also remained below prior years' levels. The only thing that has helped this industry over the past year is commercial building.

Until the economy begins to show more positive signs of improvement than have been seen in the past few months, employment will continue to be less than previous years' levels, and spending will be modest at best. This trend is expected to last through the Christmas season, with only small increases in monthly hiring to cover seasonal employment needs.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BROADCASTING PLANT TO INCREASE EMPLOYMENT

A spokesman for Columbia Broadcasting Systems Incorporated announced that employment will increase at the company's Carrollton plant. The increase is a result of a move to improve efficiency and cut costs by closing the record and audio-cassette manufacturing plant at Terre Haute, Indiana, and consolidating operations in Carrollton, Georgia, and Pittman, New Jersey. The Carrollton plant presently employs 1,000 people and produces videodiscs, audio-cassettes, records, and plastic boxes for cassette storage. The closing in Terre Haute will put 1,250 people out of work.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

J. P. ALLEN CUTS STAFF

J. P. Allen, a recent acquisition of Charming Shoppes Incorporated of Pennsylvania, has cut its employment by 15 percent, or 50 of the 300 jobs in purchasing, accounting, advertising, and personnel. About two-thirds of these were executive-level positions. In addition to the cuts, Charming Shoppes intends to phase out the children's department in J.P. Allen's Lenox Square store and the cosmetics and alterations departments in all eight stores. It will also open a department catering to large women in each store. The inventory will shift from the highest-price designer merchandise to a new merchandise mix.

OFFICE, COMMERCIAL, AND RESIDENTIAL COMPLEX PLANNED

Plans to build a $75 million complex, to be called Ashford, were unveiled by developers John H. Cowart and Malcolm E. Powell. The 800,000 square-foot Williamsburg-style complex will be situated on 72 acres on Ashford-Dunwoody Road near Perimeter Center in Dunwoody. The office buildings will occupy 60 acres, the commercial buildings will occupy one acre, and 60 apartments will occupy 10 acres.

CLOTHING MANUFACTURER TO CLOSE

Brunswick Manufacturing Company, a clothing manufacturer in Brunswick, Georgia, is shutting down its operation. The company makes women's and children's coats and jackets. The closing, which will leave 265 people without jobs, resulted from competition with cheaper imports.

INSURANCE COMPANY OPENS HEADQUARTERS IN ATLANTA

Confederation Life Insurance Company of Toronto has opened its U.S. headquarters in Atlanta at Interstate North Office Park. The company specializes in estate planning and group insurance plans for businesses. The firm transferred 54 employees from Toronto and filled over 250 jobs with local applicants. A spokesman for the company said plans are in the works to build its own office building within five years.

ARMY INVADES GWINNETT COUNTY

Under a $656 million project/contract with the Army, Electronic Data Systems Corporation of Dallas will open five regional computer centers in Georgia, California, Kentucky, Texas, and Virginia. The Atlanta regional center will be located in the Oakbrook Place office development in Gwinnett County. Opening next January, the center will occupy 30,000 square feet and employ 80 to 120 people, consisting of computer systems engineers, administrators, computer operators, and communications specialists. The computer system, known as VIABLE, will link 18,000 terminals at 40 Army bases and installations and will process and store the Army's personnel, financial, and logistical records.

RED CROSS CLOSES ATLANTA REGIONAL OFFICE

The Red Cross announced that it will close its regional field office in Atlanta at 1955 Monroe Drive N.E. to streamline operations and reduce expenses by $8 million a year. The closing will eliminate 47 jobs. Activities of the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross, including its blood bank, will not be curtailed in any way.

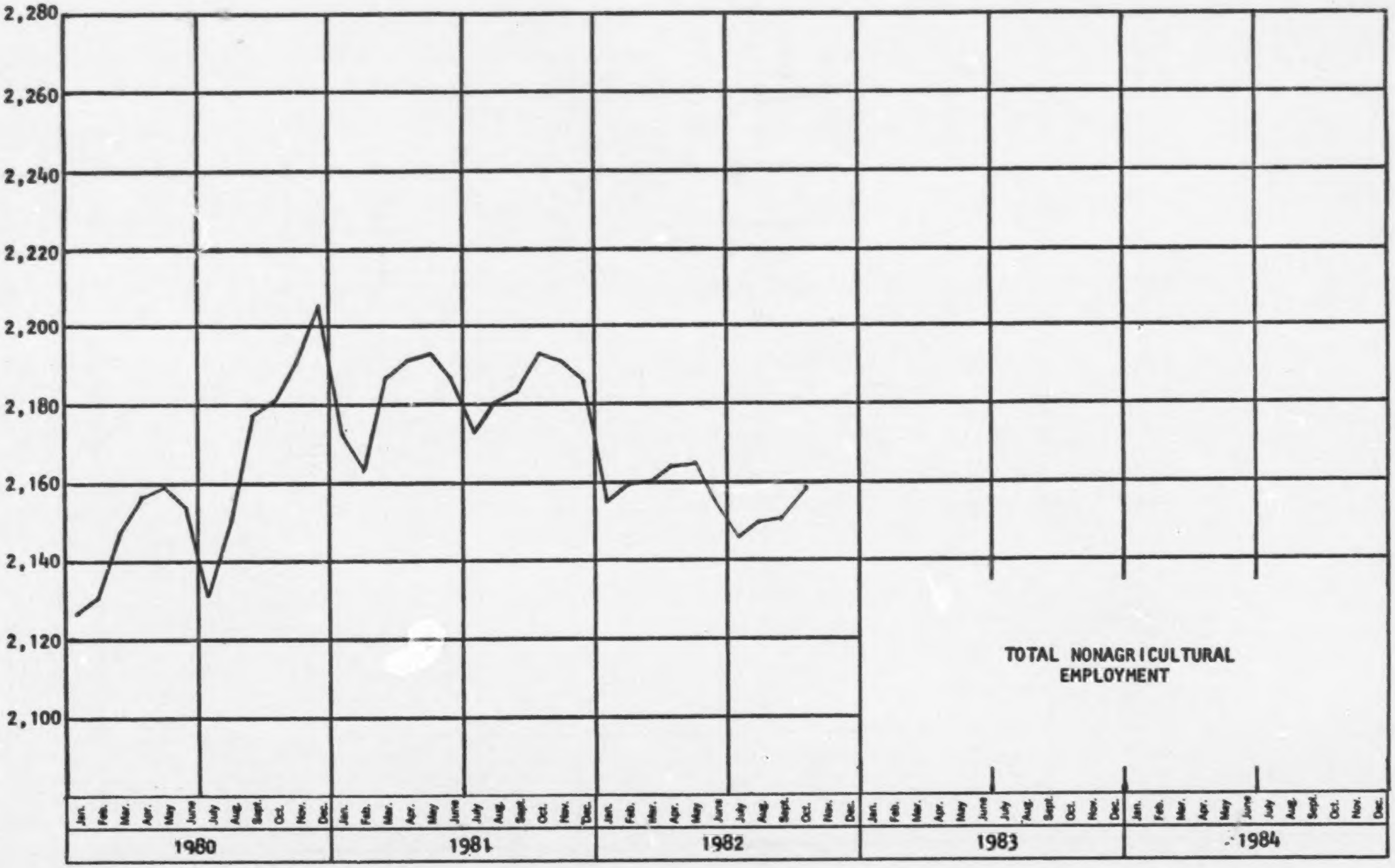
FORMER ANIMAL PARK BECOMES SUBDIVISION

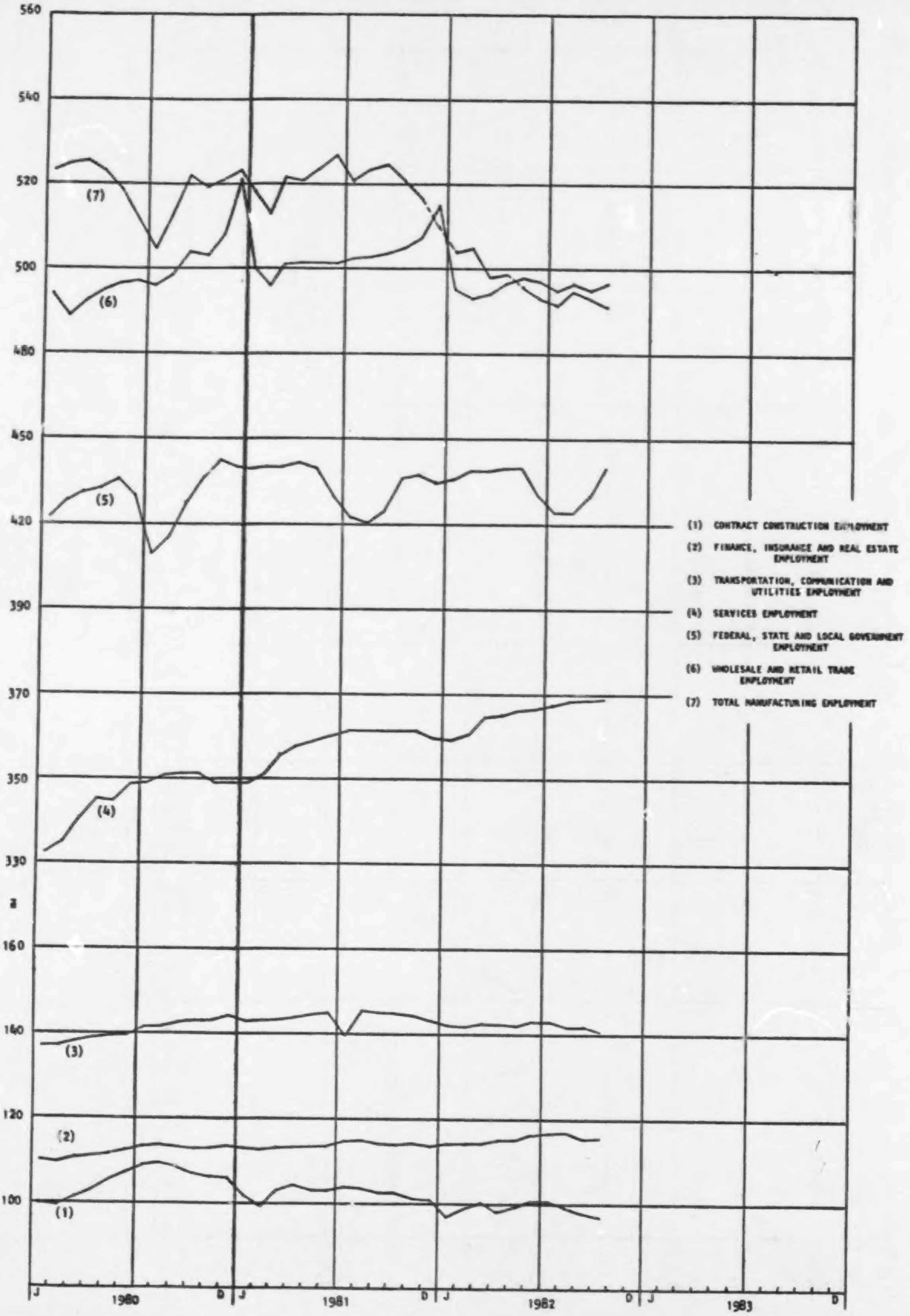
Curisla Caribbean Limited, Koppar Corporation, and Kopper Realty Company have announced plans to develop the 567-acre tract of land that was once Lion Country Safari into a residential subdivision named Manderley. The planned community in Henry County will include 400 lots of an acre or more, a clubhouse with facilities for swimming and tennis, and a 25-acre lake with a beach. Lots will range in price from $18,500 to $45,000. Work has already begun on the first phase of 35 lots. The sale of all 400 lots is expected to take six to eight years.

MARIETTA TO GET AMUSEMENT PARK

Silver Dollar City Incorporated, of Branson, Missouri, announced plans to build a $10 million amusement park in Marietta. The park will be water-oriented, featuring water slides and simulated surfing rides. It will be located on a 95-acre tract at the intersection of Interstate 75 and the north Marietta loop. Construction is slated to begin in February 1983. When opened, the park will employ 285 people between May 1 and September 30, and it will require two million gallons of water to operate. Tickets will cost about $9.00.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.


2,280
2,260
2,240
2,220
2,200
2,180
2,160
2,140
2,120
2,100
Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT



560
540
520
500
480
450
420
390
370
350
330
160
140
120
100
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)
(6)
(7)
J
1980
D
J
1981
D
J
1982
D
J
1983
D
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,158.3	2,149.9	2,192.3	8.4	-34.0
Manufacturing	300005	491.5	494.4	521.0	-2.9	-29.5
Durable Goods	300025	170.7	171.7	184.3	-1.0	-13.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.7	27.7	28.2	.0	-.5
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	14.2	14.3	13.9	-.1	.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.5	9.5	9.5	.0	.0
Household Furniture	325105	6.3	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	15.7	16.0	16.6	-.3	-.9
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.8	16.0	18.0	-.2	-2.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.8	18.0	20.0	-.2	-2.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.8	20.2	21.8	-.4	-2.0
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	20.2	20.7	22.2	-.5	-2.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	34.8	34.0	37.6	.8	-2.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	9.6	9.7	10.3	-.1	-.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	320.8	322.7	336.7	-1.9	-15.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	60.5	60.7	60.7	-.2	-.2
Meat Products	420105	21.4	21.0	21.6	.4	-.2
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.6	15.6	15.8	.0	-.2
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.7	4.4	-.1	.2
Bakery Products	420505	9.3	9.1	9.7	.2	-.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	102.7	103.4	111.3	-.7	-8.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.1	23.2	26.5	-.1	-3.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.7	3.7	4.1	.0	-.4
Knitting Mills	422505	9.1	9.4	9.4	-.3	-.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	27.2	27.4	29.4	-.2	-2.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.4	21.6	21.4	-.2	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.4	69.8	71.6	-.4	-2.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.2	39.2	39.3	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	20.7	21.0	21.8	-.3	-1.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.6	27.7	29.3	-.1	-1.7
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.1	13.0	13.9	.1	-.8
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.8	6.9	7.2	-.1	-.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	24.0	24.0	24.2	.0	-.2
Commercial Printing	427505	8.9	9.0	8.9	-.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	16.5	16.6	17.4	-.1	-.9
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.2	2.2	2.6	.0	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.0	2.2	2.5	-.2	-.5
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	18.0	18.2	19.7	-.2	-1.7
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,66[illegible].8	1,655.5	1,671.3	11.3	-4.5
Mining	100005	7.8	7.9	7.8	-.1	.0
Contract Construction	200005	97.3	97.9	102.4	-.6	-5.1
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	140.4	141.5	144.4	-1.1	-4.0
Transportation	500015	82.4	83.2	86.1	-.8	-3.7
Communication (excl. U.S. Postal Service)	548005	36.9	37.1	37.3	-.2	-.4
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	21.2	21.2	21.0	.0	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	496.8	495.5	504.9	1.3	-8.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	157.1	157.2	161.2	-.1	-4.1
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	95.0	95.5	97.7	-.5	-2.7
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	62.2	61.7	63.5	.5	-1.3
Retail Trade	652005	339.6	338.2	343.8	1.4	-4.2
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	115.9	116.0	113.9	-.1	2.0
Finance	760025	51.8	51.7	49.8	.1	2.0
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	40.7	40.6	40.6	.1	.1
Real Estate	765075	23.5	23.7	23.5	-.2	.0
Services	800005	368.9	368.1	361.7	.8	7.2
Government	998008	439.7	428.7	436.1	11.0	3.6
Federal	998011	89.7	89.4	87.5	.3	2.2
State and Local	998509	350.0	339.3	348.6	10.7	1.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	371.6	374.2	399.6	-2.6	-28.0
Durable Goods	300025	126.0	126.8	138.9	-.8	-12.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	245.6	247.4	260.7	-1.8	-15.1
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	41.5	41.8	42.7	-.3	-1.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	84.7	85.5	92.7	-.8	-8.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	21.0	21.2	23.7	-.2	-2.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.2	3.3	3.5	-.1	-.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.3	7.6	7.7	-.3	-.4
Floor Covering Mills	422705	22.0	22.2	24.0	-.2	-2.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.2	18.4	18.4	-.2	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.3	59.4	60.9	-.1	-1.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.9	33.7	33.7	.2	.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.5	17.8	18.6	-.3	-1.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.7	22.8	23.3	-.1	-.6
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.1	8.1	8.1	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.3	21.3	22.6	.0	-1.3
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.9	9.9	10.6	.0	-.7
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	9.8	9.8	10.8	.0	-1.0
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.7	1.5	-.3	-.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	12.8	13.1	13.5	-.3	-.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	11.0	11.2	13.2	-.2	-2.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.4	14.5	16.2	-.1	-1.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.0	13.3	14.8	-.3	-1.8
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	13.1	13.6	15.0	-.5	-1.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.3	22.5	26.2	.8	-2.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS & EARNINGS		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$271.72	$265.67	$262.28	39.9	39.3	39.8	$ 6.81	$ 6.76	$ 6.59
Durable Goods	300025	312.30	297.40	309.26	41.2	39.6	40.8	7.58	7.51	7.58
Nondurable Goods	400015	251.13	248.68	237.77	39.3	39.1	39.3	6.39	6.36	6.05
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$252.17	$246.48	$232.06	39.9	39.5	39.2	$ 6.32	$ 6.24	$ 5.92
Textile Mill Products	422005	230.69	227.75	224.58	39.3	39.2	39.4	5.87	5.81	5.70
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	234.80	223.69	232.93	40.0	38.5	40.3	5.87	5.81	5.78
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	262.50	261.04	270.07	41.6	41.9	42.8	6.31	6.23	6.31
Knitting Mills	422505	188.85	208.30	179.68	35.7	39.6	35.3	5.29	5.26	5.09
Floor Covering Mills	422705	240.99	225.23	224.36	40.3	38.5	39.5	5.98	5.85	5.68
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	226.91	232.85	218.12	38.2	39.6	38.0	5.94	5.88	5.74
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	172.24	166.98	161.77	37.2	36.3	36.6	4.63	4.60	4.42
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	171.39	164.37	162.73	36.7	35.5	36.9	4.67	4.63	4.41
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	173.12	165.80	155.57	37.8	36.6	35.6	4.58	4.53	4.37
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	225.74	220.59	197.46	40.6	40.7	39.1	5.56	5.42	5.05
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	225.41	196.78	185.86	43.6	39.2	37.7	5.17	5.02	4.93
Paper and Allied Products	426005	443.83	439.73	410.02	43.3	42.9	42.8	10.25	10.25	9.58
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	514.40	519.71	465.72	43.3	43.6	42.3	11.88	11.92	11.01
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	355.31	364.23	326.56	42.4	42.5	42.8	8.38	8.57	7.63
Leather and Leather Products	431005	117.12	135.25	166.88	27.3	30.6	38.1	4.29	4.42	4.38
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	314.25	301.95	287.82	41.9	40.1	41.0	7.50	7.53	7.02
Primary Metal Industries	333005	351.12	355.50	344.02	39.9	39.5	41.2	8.80	9.00	8.35
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	277.89	285.44	279.50	40.1	39.7	40.1	6.93	7.19	6.97
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	320.30	298.80	348.46	42.2	40.0	46.4	7.59	7.47	7.51
Transportation Equipment	337005	478.90	432.84	467.82	43.3	39.1	41.4	11.06	11.07	11.30

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA EMPLOYMENT GAINS IN TRADE AND GOVERNMENT

Total nonfarm employment in the Atlanta area for October rose 4,100 over September to a level of 1,000,300. Advances in the retail sector of trade and in the state and local education segment of government provided the increase. Manufacturing and construction added 400 each to the total gain. Transportation, communications, and public utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services experienced small fluctuations.

The increase of 400 in manufacturing employment was attributed mainly to the transportation equipment industry in the durable goods-producing sector. The recall of workers by one automobile assembly plant accounted for the increase. A substantial portion of the increase in transportation equipment employment was offset by the declines in stone, clay, and glass products; primary metal industries; and electric and electronic equipment caused by temporary partial layoffs.

From the same month last year, manufacturing declined by 7,500 to a level of 140,800. Both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing shared in the reduction. Furniture and fixtures, nonelectrical machinery, and food and kindred products were the only manufacturing industries to reach higher employment levels than those for the same month last year.

Nonmanufacturing rose 3,700 during the current month and 12,600 over the year to a level of 859,500. The gains for the year were supplied by trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

A 600-UNIT APARTMENT COMPLEX TO BE BUILT IN GWINNETT COUNTY.

Tempo Management Company, an Atlanta-based company, will begin construction this month on a $20 million, 600-unit apartment complex that will be the largest in Gwinnett County. Tempo will complete 182 apartments in the complex by next spring, and the total project is scheduled for completion within three years.

The new complex, called Tempo Chase, fronts on Dawson Boulevard and is located along I-85, between Pleasantdale Road and Jimmy Carter Boulevard. It is near Gwinnett Place, a regional shopping center presently under construction. (*Atlanta Constitution*, 11/17/82)

MOVIE FILM COMPANY MOVING TO ATLANTA

Empire Films, Incorporated, once a major film company in Hollywood and New York, has incorporated in Georgia and will make Atlanta its base. The company, which produced the last 30 "Three Stooges" movies, has given the go-ahead for a talent agency to begin casting four movies the company will film in Georgia, New York, and Florida. Company officials said Atlanta has an abundance of acting and technical talent as well as filming equipment.

Empire joins Dell Pictures, Incorporated, and Lang Elliot Productions, Incorporated, as motion picture production companies recently incorporated in Atlanta.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,000.3	996.2	995.3	4.1	5.0
Manufacturing	300005	140.8	140.4	148.3	.4	-7.5
Durable Goods	300025	71.1	70.7	75.4	.4	-4.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.8	2.8	3.0	.0	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	4.0	3.9	3.7	.1	.3
Household Furniture	325105	2.1	2.0	1.9	.1	.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	6.7	6.9	6.9	-.2	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.2	5.4	5.5	-.2	-.3
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	7.1	7.2	8.0	-.1	-.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.4	8.5	8.2	-.1	.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	10.2	10.5	11.1	-.3	-.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.4	22.2	25.6	1.2	-2.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.7	69.6	72.9	.1	-3.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.8	19.4	19.5	.4	.3
Meat Products	420105	5.7	5.4	5.3	.3	.4
Bakery Products	420505	3.3	3.2	3.4	.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.9	4.8	5.9	.1	-1.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.6	1.5	2.4	.1	-.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.5	8.5	9.0	.0	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.7	3.7	3.7	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.7	2.8	3.1	-.1	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.8	7.8	8.5	.0	-.7
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.2	4.2	4.7	.0	-.5
Printing and Publishing	427005	15.4	15.6	16.2	-.2	-.8
Commercial Printing	427505	6.6	6.7	6.8	-.1	-.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.3	7.3	7.7	.0	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.2	6.1	6.2	.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	859.5	855.8	846.9	3.7	12.6
Contract Construction	200005	44.9	44.5	45.1	.4	-.2
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	89.3	89.4	90.1	-.1	-.8
Transportation	500015	56.8	56.8	58.0	.0	-1.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	275.5	273.9	270.0	1.6	5.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.5	105.4	105.5	.1	.0
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	67.8	68.1	69.4	-.3	-1.6
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	37.7	37.3	36.1	.4	1.6
Retail Trade	652005	170.0	168.5	164.5	1.5	5.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	68.0	68.2	67.3	-.2	.7
Finance	760025	26.8	26.8	26.0	.0	.8
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	25.1	25.1	25.1	.0	.0
Services	800055	220.4	220.3	211.8	.1	8.6
Government	998008	161.5	159.6	162.6	1.9	-1.1
Federal	998011	34.9	35.2	35.7	-.3	-.8
State and Local	998509	126.6	124.4	127.0	2.2	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	95.1	94.4	102.9	.7	-7.8
Durable Goods	300025	48.6	48.2	53.0	.4	-4.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.5	46.2	49.9	.3	-3.4
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.7	11.4	12.3	.3	-.6
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.7	3.7	4.9	.0	-1.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	5.7	7.3	.0	-.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.1	3.1	-.1	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.1	2.2	2.5	-.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.2	2.4	-.1	-.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.3	3.2	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	6.5	.0	-.4
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.1	3.1	3.5	.0	-.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.8	3.7	4.0	.1	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	5.1	5.3	5.2	-.2	-.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.3	3.4	3.6	-.1	-.3
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.8	4.9	5.7	-.1	-.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.4	5.5	5.4	-.1	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	15.5	14.3	17.6	1.2	-2.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS & EARNINGS		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$319.56	$299.26	$315.99	39.5	36.9	40.1	$ 8.09	$ 8.11	$ 7.88
Durable Goods	300025	358.30	318.15	370.37	39.9	35.0	40.7	8.98	9.09	9.10
Nondurable Goods	400015	279.50	279.69	257.02	39.2	38.9	39.3	7.13	7.19	6.54
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$267.85	$269.21	$246.02	39.8	39.3	40.2	$ 6.73	$ 6.85	$ 6.12
Textile Mill Products	422005	193.97	185.48	203.66	34.7	34.8	37.3	5.59	5.33	5.46
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	164.15	161.50	167.35	35.0	34.0	36.7	4.69	4.75	4.56
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	158.86	146.48	164.87	33.8	31.5	37.3	4.70	4.65	4.42
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	170.09	169.92	158.95	36.5	36.0	35.8	4.66	4.72	4.44
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	206.02	215.08	181.44	36.4	37.8	37.8	5.66	5.69	4.80
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	237.62	210.50	218.29	43.6	39.2	40.2	5.45	5.37	5.43
Paper and Allied Products	426005	362.92	347.54	321.51	43.0	40.6	41.7	8.44	8.56	7.71
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	328.85	327.06	277.60	40.8	39.5	40.0	8.06	8.28	6.94
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	336.47	347.76	318.02	40.2	41.4	41.9	8.37	8.40	7.59
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	304.88	283.48	288.22	41.2	38.0	39.7	7.40	7.46	7.26
Primary Metal Industries	333005	450.07	478.23	495.44	38.9	40.7	44.0	11.57	11.75	11.26
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	274.75	284.83	270.46	35.0	36.1	37.1	7.85	7.89	7.29
Transportation Equipment	337005	508.41	451.21	512.15	41.1	35.5	40.2	12.37	12.71	12.74

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 44,200 in October, was up slightly for the month. The increment was in manufacturing. Over the year, a decline of 600 was registered. Declines were felt in both the manufacturing and nonmanufacturing divisions.

Manufacturing, at 11,900, increased 100 over the month. The only noticeable change was in food manufacturing which increased by 200. All other manufacturing segments were relatively stable. Over the year, a decline of 200 was noted in the division. Much of the loss was in the heavy machinery portion of the durable goods segment. In nondurable goods, an increase of 400 for the year was partially offset by a decline in "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing, at 32,300, changed only in wholesale trade, where a loss of 100 was reported. Annually, a decline of 400 was estimated.

Within the nonmanufacturing division, contract construction, at 2,400, was unchanged over the month and up 300 for the year. Quite a bit of heavy construction is being done in Albany. Construction of a Civic Center is nearing completion, and a multi-story apartment building for low income citizens is presently under way. Plans are being made to build a bank office tower in the downtown section of Albany. Residential construction is also beginning to feel the positive effects of declining interest rates, now at around 12 percent for housing loans.

Retail trade, at 9,400, was unchanged for the month and up 100 over the year. An increment in retail trade was partially offset by a decline in wholesale trade. Services, at 5,900, was down 400 for the year. Declines were not in any particular portion of the industry, but were spread throughout the division.

Government, at 10,300, was down 400 for the year. The major portion of the loss was in the federal government sector. Federal budget cuts are responsible for most of the decline.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.2	44.1	44.8	.1	-.6
Manufacturing	300005	11.9	11.8	12.1	.1	-.2
Durable Goods	300025	2.3	2.3	2.7	.0	-.4
Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machine	333055	1.2	1.2	1.5	.0	-.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.5	9.4	.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.6	2.4	.2	.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.3	32.3	32.7	.0	-.4
Contract Construction	200005	2.4	2.4	2.1	.0	.3
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.4	9.3	.0	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.7	2.8	-.1	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	6.7	6.7	6.6	.0	.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	5.9	5.9	6.3	.0	-.4
Government	998008	10.3	10.3	10.7	.0	-.4
Federal	998011	2.5	2.5	2.9	.0	-.4
State and Local	998509	7.8	7.8	7.8	.0	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment, estimated at 122,600, rose 100 over the month. Gains in trade, services, and mining overcame losses in manufacturing; construction; and finance, insurance, and real estate. Annually, a loss of 500 jobs was recorded because of heavy declines in manufacturing. All nonmanufacturing divisions, except construction, reported increases over the year. Manufacturing, estimated at 33,500, reported both monthly and annual losses.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 900 over the year partly because of less business in glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. "Other durable goods," at 2,500, rose 200 over the month because of more business in transportation equipment and measuring and controlling instruments. This division rose 100 over the year for the same reason.

Food and kindred products, at 2,800, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered declines. Textile mill products, at 8,200, dropped 300 over the month as the result of the closing of one firm. This division lost 1,500 jobs over the year due to closures, modernization, and the adverse impact of unrestricted imports as well as the sagging economy. Apparel, at 2,000, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 400 over the year because of the closing of one firm. Printing and publishing, at 1,000, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 300 over the year because of increased activity in commercial printing. "Other durable goods," at 11,500, was unchanged over the month and over the year.

Construction, at 5,200, lost 100 over the month in heavy construction and special trades. This division was unchanged over the year. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Trade, at 23,800, climbed 100 over the month with increased activity in the retail sector and rose 1,200 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, lost 100 over the month with less business in both finance and insurance institutions. This division climbed 200 over the year with scattered gains. Services and mining, at 18,500, rose 200 over the month and 300 over the year. The monthly rise was attributable to more activity in business services and social services, and the annual increase was precipitated by the opening of new firms.

Government, at 32,400, was essentially unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year because of increased business in the federal sector that offset decreased activity in the state and local subdivision.

OUTLOOK

Employment will rise seasonally for the Christmas season, but not as much as in previous years. Real economic recovery and growth will be determined by sustained low interest rates.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	122.6	122.5	123.1	.1	-.5
Manufacturing	300005	33.5	33.6	36.1	-.1	-2.6
Durable Goods	300025	8.1	7.9	8.8	.2	-.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	2.6	2.6	3.5	.0	-.9
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.5	2.3	2.4	.2	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.5	25.7	27.2	-.2	-1.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	8.2	8.5	9.7	-.3	-1.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	2.0	2.0	2.4	.0	-.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.5	11.5	11.5	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.1	88.9	87.1	.2	2.0
Contract Construction	200005	5.2	5.3	5.2	-.1	.0
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	23.8	23.7	22.6	.1	1.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	19.7	19.6	18.7	.1	1.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.7	4.4	-.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	18.5	18.3	18.2	.2	.3
Government	998008	32.4	32.4	32.3	.0	.1
Federal	998011	7.4	7.3	7.1	.1	.3
State and Local	998509	25.0	25.0	25.2	.0	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 77,900 in October, increased by 900 from September and declined by 3,300 from one year ago. Manufacturing employment remained constant over the month, while nonmanufacturing recorded all of the gain. Over the year, manufacturing employment declined by 2,900 workers while nonmanufacturing employment dropped by 500 workers.

Manufacturing employment, with 18,900 workers, remained unchanged from September as increases in stone, clay, and glass products; food and kindred products; and printing, publishing, and allied industries offset losses in metals and machinery. Over-the-year increases in stone, clay, and glass products and in "other durable goods" were overcome by losses in lumber and wood products; metals and machinery; food and kindred products; and textile mill products.

Nonmanufacturing employment gained 800 workers from September and lost 500 workers from a year ago. Monthly gains were noted in contract construction and in government. Losses from one year ago were recorded in contract construction, trade, and services. Finance, insurance, and real estate remained the same while government increased 500 each in federal government and in state and local government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	77.9	77.0	81.2	.9	-3.3
Manufacturing	300005	18.9	18.9	21.8	.0	-2.9
Durable Goods	300025	4.3	4.4	5.7	-.1	-1.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.3	.3	.5	.0	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.5	.4	.4	.1	.1
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.3	3.4	4.5	-.1	-1.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	14.6	14.4	16.1	.2	-1.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.1	4.0	4.2	.1	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	7.3	7.3	8.7	.0	-1.4
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.0	1.1	.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	59.0	58.2	59.5	.8	-.5
Contract Construction	200005	4.7	4.4	5.1	.3	-.4
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.2	3.3	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	15.3	15.4	15.9	-.1	-.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.3	2.3	2.4	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	13.0	13.2	13.4	-.2	-.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.4	5.5	5.4	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	10.9	11.3	11.4	-.4	-.5
Government	998008	19.5	18.4	18.5	1.1	1.0
Federal	998011	6.6	6.2	6.1	.4	.5
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.2	12.4	.7	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 97,800 in October. The current estimate is down 100 from September and 500 from October 1981. A monthly decline in manufacturing employment was partially offset by a small gain in the nonmanufacturing sector. Annually, losses occurred in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing sectors.

Manufacturing employment declined by 200 from the previous month with small decreases in durable goods and nondurable goods. Most of the decline was in food at a seasonal canning plant. Annually, durable goods was down 200 mainly due to the closing of a bathroom fixtures plant. Nondurable goods remained unchanged with small offsetting fluctuations in each segment.

Nonmanufacturing was up 100 from September and down 200 from a year ago. During the month, construction was off 200 with losses in general construction and special trades construction. Trade declined slightly because of less employment in the retail sector. Finance, insurance, and real estate and services registered small gains while government added 300. Most of the gain in government was in the state and local segment and reflected the return of public school employees from summer vacation.

Annually, construction fell 500 with most of the decline in general construction and special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities declined 200, while trade advanced 500 because of the opening of several new stores. Finance, insurance, and real estate was down 200 with decreases in banking and insurance. Services declined 400 with losses in mining, private education, and "other covered services." Government increased 600 over the year with the federal segment adding 400 and the state and local segment gaining 200.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	97.8	97.9	98.3	-.1	-.5
Manufacturing	300005	17.1	17.3	17.3	-.2	-.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.8	5.9	6.0	-.1	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.4	1.3	-.1	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.3	.0	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.7	3.8	3.9	-.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.3	11.5	11.3	-.2	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.1	3.3	3.0	-.2	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	2.0	2.1	2.2	-.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	80.7	80.6	80.9	.1	-.2
Contract Construction	200005	3.3	3.5	3.8	-.2	-.5
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.4	4.6	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.6	20.7	20.1	-.1	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.8	3.8	3.9	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.8	16.9	16.2	-.1	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.0	6.3	.1	-.2
Services and Mining	800055	16.9	16.8	17.3	.1	-.4
Government	998008	29.5	29.2	28.9	.3	.6
Federal	948011	16.5	16.5	16.1	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	13.0	12.7	12.8	.3	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA decreased 300 over the month. Total employment continues to lag behind last year's level by an estimated 2,200.

Contract construction decreased 200 over the month. Heavy construction saw a small increase with both building construction and special trade construction losing more than 100 each. Employment in this area is expected to increase slightly over the next few months as interest rates come down.

Manufacturing employment increased 100 over the month, but the over-the-year estimates are still down 800. Durable goods increased 100 with the majority of the gain occurring in the ship building and repair sector. Nondurable goods increased 100 with the gain occurring in the paper manufacturing sector. There were some minor gains and losses, but the remainder of the sectors remained fairly stable.

Transportation decreased an estimated 300 over the month with all the loss being restricted to the marine cargo handling area. As the economy begins to rebound, this area should improve.

Wholesale and retail trade declined an estimated 100 over the month. Department stores and food stores each lost 100 over the month with apparel stores gaining 100. With the Christmas season approaching, employment in this sector should increase.

The services increased 100 over the month. Slight gains were recorded in several sectors. The only significant loss occurred in the personal services area.

The governmental sector recorded an overall gain of 100. Although the federal and local sectors declined 100 each, local education increased 300.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	87.6	87.9	89.8	-.3	-2.2
Manufacturing	300005	16.2	16.1	17.0	.1	-.8
Durable Goods	300025	6.9	6.8	7.0	.1	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood and Prefab. Struc. Prod.	324305	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.6	3.5	3.3	.1	.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.2	2.4	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	9.3	10.0	.1	-.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.2	4.1	4.9	.1	-.7
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.5	.5	.7	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	71.4	71.8	72.8	-.4	-1.4
Contract Construction	200005	4.6	4.8	4.9	-.2	-.3
Transportation and Public Utilties (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	7.6	7.9	9.0	-.3	-1.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.9	22.0	22.2	-.1	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.5	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	17.7	17.8	17.7	-.1	.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	16.5	16.4	16.4	.1	.1
Government	998008	16.6	16.5	16.3	.1	.3
Federal	998011	2.7	2.8	2.6	-.1	.1
State and Local	998509	13.9	13.7	13.7	.2	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.2	10.9	12.1	.3	-.9
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.1	5.4	.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.9	5.8	6.7	.1	-.8
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.8	.8	.9	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.8	2.6	3.6	.2	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.2	3.1	3.0	.1	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH
HOURS & EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81	CURRENT MONTH OCT. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH SEPT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO OCT. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$386.61	$391.61	$344.86	43.1	44.3	41.3	$ 8.97	$ 8.84	$ 8.35
Durable Goods	300025	360.77	373.75	326.40	43.0	44.6	42.5	8.39	8.38	7.68
Nondurable Goods	400015	409.02	407.44	360.37	43.1	44.0	40.4	9.49	9.26	8.92
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$247.59	$220.75	$234.92	37.8	37.8	41.8	$ 6.55	$ 5.84	$ 5.62
Paper and Allied Products	426005	496.30	504.57	390.33	45.2	47.2	38.8	10.98	10.69	10.06
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	329.93	317.75	328.10	41.5	41.0	43.4	7.95	7.75	7.56
Transportation Equipment	337005	399.86	420.43	368.47	43.7	45.6	43.4	9.15	9.22	8.49

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1981
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,683,021	2,679,100	2,627,277	3,921	55,744
Employed	2,474,483	2,476,558	2,458,098	-2,075	16,385
Unemployed	208,538	202,542	169,179	5,996	39,359
Rate	7.8	7.6	6.4	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	55,310	55,286	53,639	24	1,671
Employed	50,180	50,213	49,527	-33	653
Unemployed	5,130	5,073	4,112	57	1,018
Rate	9.3	9.2	7.7	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,115,263	1,113,022	1,074,318	2,241	40,945
Employed	1,042,986	1,042,827	1,015,868	159	27,118
Unemployed	72,277	70,195	58,450	2,082	13,827
Rate	6.5	6.3	5.4	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	139,131	140,544	133,042	-1,413	6,089
Employed	125,917	125,874	122,772	43	3,145
Unemployed	13,214	14,670	10,270	-1,456	2,944
Rate	9.5	10.4	7.7	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,980	87,793	90,142	1,187	-1,162
Employed	80,275	79,575	82,308	700	-2,033
Unemployed	8,705	8,218	7,834	487	871
Rate	9.8	9.4	8.7	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,890	110,213	106,902	-323	2,988
Employed	102,050	102,673	100,024	-623	2,026
Unemployed	7,840	7,540	6,878	300	962
Rate	7.1	6.8	6.4	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100,202	100,179	98,641	23	1,561
Employed	92,083	92,703	92,849	-620	-766
Unemployed	8,119	7,476	5,792	643	2,327
Rate	8.1	7.5	5.9	---	---

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1981
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	139,131	140,544	133,042	-1,413	6,089
Employed	125,917	125,874	122,772	43	3,145
Unemployed	13,214	14,670	10,270	-1,456	2,944
Rate	9.5	10.4	7.7	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	93,100	92,815	89,582	285	3,518
Employed	85,894	86,213	84,251	-319	1,643
Unemployed	7,206	6,602	5,331	604	1,875
Rate	7.7	7.1	6.0	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	46,031	47,729	43,460	-1,698	2,571
Employed	40,023	39,661	38,521	362	1,502
Unemployed	6,008	8,068	4,939	-2,060	1,069
Rate	13.1	16.9	11.4	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1981
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,980	87,793	90,142	1,187	-1,162
Employed	80,275	79,575	82,308	700	-2,033
Unemployed	8,705	8,218	7,834	487	871
Rate	9.8	9.4	8.7	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	71,378	70,541	72,369	837	-991
Employed	65,608	65,166	66,948	442	-1,340
Unemployed	5,770	5,375	5,421	395	349
Rate	8.1	7.6	7.5	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,602	17,252	17,773	350	-171
Employed	14,667	14,409	15,360	258	-693
Unemployed	2,935	2,843	2,413	92	522
Rate	16.7	16.5	13.6	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED SEP. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1981
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,683,021	2,679,100	2,627,277	3,921	55,744
Employed	2,474,483	2,476,558	2,458,098	-2,075	16,385
Unemployed	208,538	202,542	169,179	5,996	39,359
Rate	7.8	7.6	6.4	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,595,844	1,591,877	1,544,899	3,967	50,945
Employed	1,483,645	1,484,893	1,454,476	-1,248	29,169
Unemployed	112,199	106,984	90,423	5,215	21,776
Rate	7.0	6.7	5.9	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,087,177	1,087,223	1,082,378	-46	4,799
Employed	990,838	991,665	1,003,622	-827	-12,784
Unemployed	96,339	95,558	78,756	781	17,583
Rate	8.9	8.8	7.3	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

1 2/8/83 S1905-1 A

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

DECEMBER 1982

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(November Data)

ATLANTA'S REAL ESTATE—AN INVESTOR'S GUESSING GAME

Atlanta's real estate market appears to be on a seesaw—rising and falling at the whim of interest rates. Sales of new homes rose 3.6 percent in the third quarter, totaling 2,395 purchases. For the same period, resales decreased more than 19 percent, with a total sale of 4,732 existing homes. Most of the sales occurred during a period of declining interest rates. This interest rate decline has spurred an increase in housing permits, an indicator of future housing activity.

Along these lines, Chicago-based Real Estate Research Corporation, a national real estate research organization, reported that, " . . . metropolitan Atlanta comes closer than any of 11 other major U.S. markets to a likelihood of repeating the commercial real estate disaster of 1974-75. Despite growth in the well-diversified economy, the metropolitan area simply is not large enough to support the magnitude of construction that has been continuous for a decade."

The consensus among local brokers is just the opposite. Local executives say that Atlanta has not repeated its past mistakes, and that because of those mistakes, developers were not able to obtain as much real estate capital in recent years as in the metro areas of Denver, Houston, Dallas, and San Diego.

SEASONAL EMPLOYMENT PREVENTS LARGE DECLINE

Georgia employment in November was estimated to be 2,156,500—a loss of 900 from October's figure. The sizable decrease of 4,200 in manufacturing was cushioned by a gain of 3,400 in nonmanufacturing because of seasonal employment. In particular, those sectors with seasonal increases were retail trade (department stores, mail order houses, and eating and drinking establishments) and government (combined executive and legislative offices and elementary and secondary schools). The only major decline in nonmanufacturing occurred in construction because of less business in general building and highway and street construction.

Manufacturing's loss was the result of minor drops in durable goods industries and several large decreases in nondurable goods industries. Durable goods industries reported temporary layoffs in millwork manufacturing; metal household furniture manufacturing; glass container manufacturing; blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills; hoist, industrial cranes, and monorail systems manufacturing; and storage batteries manufacturing. Nondurable goods industries reflected seasonal cutbacks in canned fruits, vegetables, preserves, jams, and jellies establishments; and temporary layoffs in cookies and crackers manufacturing; broad woven cotton fabric mills; tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing; yarn spinning mills; men's, youths', and boys' shirts and nightwear manufacturing; and women's, misses', and juniors' dresses manufacturing.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

CITIZENS JEWELERS RETURNS TO DOWNTOWN ATLANTA

Citizens Jewelers, which closed its downtown store in August 1980, has reopened next to the Hyatt Regency Hotel. The store had been closed to make room for an addition to the hotel. The new 5,000 square-foot store will emphasize gift items.

DOWNTOWN J. P. ALLEN STORE TO CLOSE

Charming Shoppes Incorporated of Bensalem, Pennsylvania, the company that purchased J. P. Allen in October 1982, announced that it is closing the downtown Atlanta branch of the women's apparel chain. The store's 31 employees will be given assistance in finding new jobs. The reason for the closing was that Chicago-based Hart Schaffner & Marx, lease-holder and owner of A. L. Zachry Company, has other plans for this site.

INSURANCE FIRM PLANS TO CLOSE

Chicago-based Combined Insurance Company of America released the statement that it will close its Southeastern service center in Atlanta sometime in early 1983. The company's 135 employees were told the reason was to eliminate duplication within the company. A small percentage of those being laid off will be transferred to other facilities. The insurance firm had been open less than a year in Atlanta.

NEW HOPE FOR CARPET INDUSTRY

Cannon Rug Company, a subsidiary of Kannapolis, North Carolina-based Cannon Mills Company, has opened its manufacturing and distribution facility in Dalton, Georgia. The newly equipped 220,000 square-foot building will produce a full line of bathroom and accent rugs. The new plant, which presently employs 160 people, has created 70 new jobs in the area.

BOAT MOTOR FACTORY TO BE BUILT IN CALHOUN

Waukegan, Illinois-based Outboard Marine Corporation disclosed it will build a $29 million outboard motor factory in Calhoun, Georgia. The 256,000 square-foot plant is expected to open during the summer of 1983 and will produce both Evinrude and Johnson outboard motors. Employment could reach as many as 600 people.

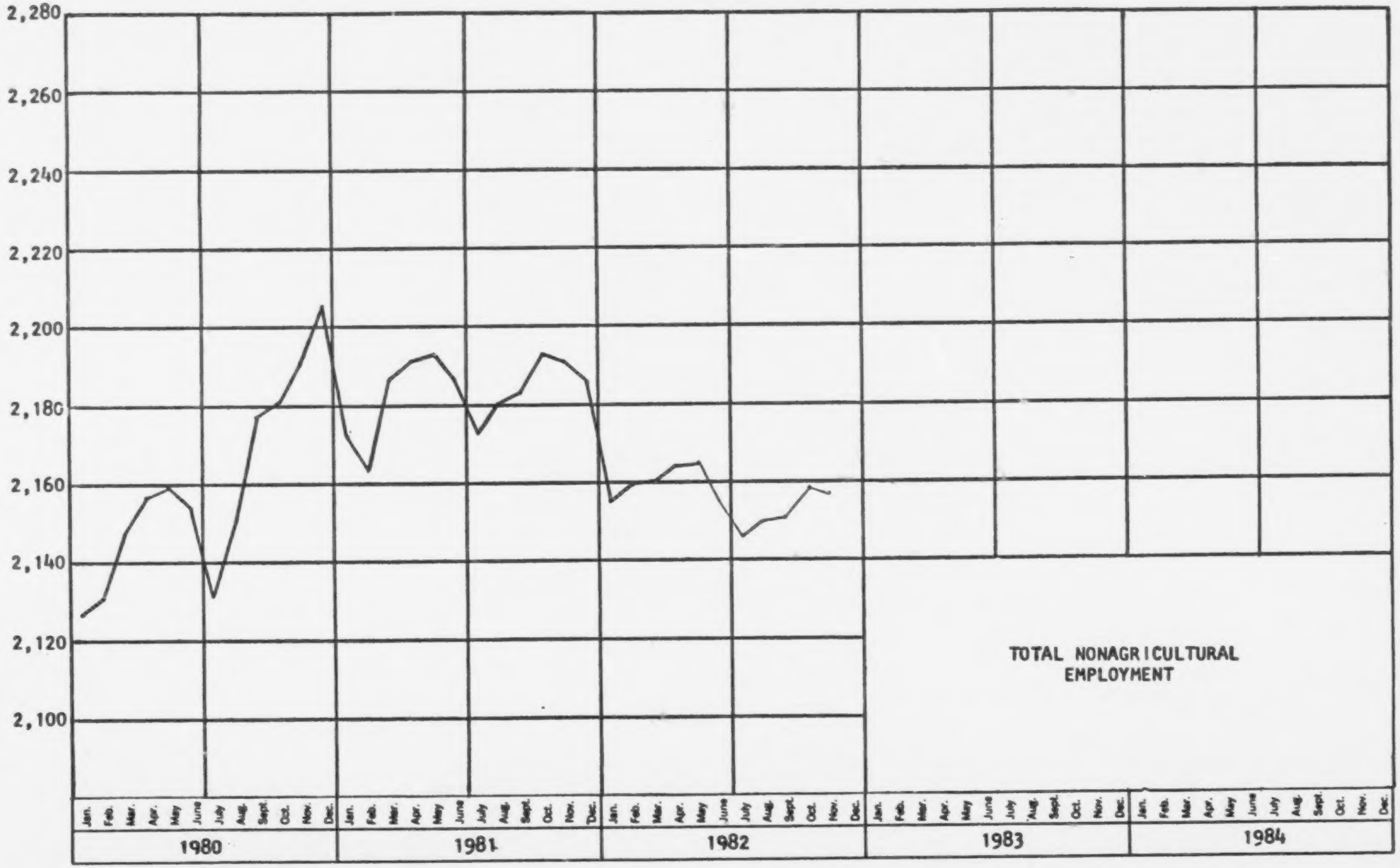
NEW INTERSTATE HIGHWAY TO PROVIDE THOUSANDS OF JOBS

Work will begin in early 1983 on Interstate 675, a 10-mile stretch that will tie into Interstate 75 just south of Georgia 138 in Henry County and will run northwest to Interstate 285 in DeKalb County. The construction cost is estimated to be $78 million and will provide 27,000 new jobs by the year 2000.

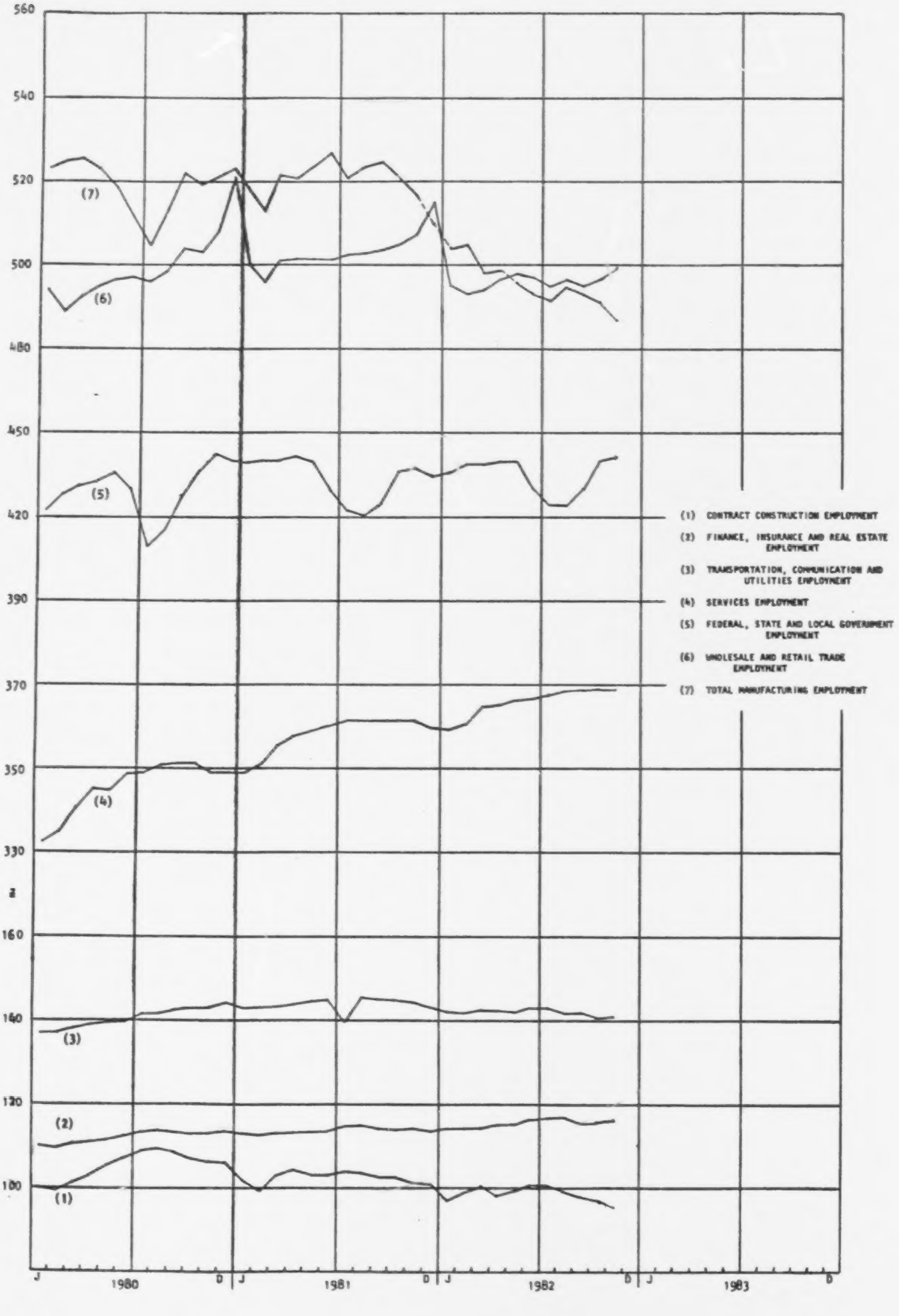
MIDTOWN OFFICE BUILDING TO BE CONSTRUCTED

Carter & Associates has announced plans to build a 7-story corporate headquarters on Peachtree Street across from the Atlanta Memorial Arts Center. Carter & Associates and a law firm will occupy about half of the 150,000 square-foot building.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.



TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT


560
540
520
500
480
450
420
390
370
350
330
160
140
120
100
(7)
(6)
(5)
(4)
(3)
(2)
(1)
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
J
1980
D
J
1981
D
J
1982
D
J
1983
D

GEORGIA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,156.5	2,157.4	2,190.7	-.9	-34.2
Manufacturing	300005	487.4	491.6	516.6	-4.2	-29.2
Durable Goods	300025	169.6	171.0	182.1	-1.4	-12.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.6	27.7	27.8	-.1	-.2
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	14.2	14.2	13.8	.0	.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.2	9.5	9.4	-.3	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	6.1	6.3	6.3	-.2	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	15.5	15.7	16.3	-.2	-.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.6	15.8	17.4	-.2	-1.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.9	17.8	20.0	.1	-2.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.5	19.9	21.6	-.4	-2.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	20.0	20.2	21.9	-.2	-1.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	34.7	34.7	37.5	.0	-2.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	9.7	9.7	10.1	.0	-.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	317.8	320.6	334.5	-2.8	-16.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	59.7	60.4	60.3	-.7	-.6
Meat Products	420105	21.4	21.3	21.5	.1	-.1
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.7	15.6	15.6	.1	.1
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	9.1	9.2	9.7	-.1	-.6
Textile Mill Products	422005	101.0	102.5	111.5	-1.5	-10.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.0	23.0	26.5	-1.0	-4.5
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.7	3.7	4.2	.0	-.5
Knitting Mills	422505	9.2	9.1	9.2	.1	.0
Floor Covering Mills	422705	27.0	27.3	29.1	-.3	-2.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.1	21.2	22.3	-.1	-1.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.4	69.7	70.5	-.3	-1.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.2	39.3	38.8	-.1	.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	20.6	20.8	21.3	-.2	-.7
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.6	27.6	28.7	.0	-1.1
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	13.0	13.1	13.8	-.1	-.8
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.8	7.0	.1	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	24.1	24.0	24.1	.1	.0
Commercial Printing	427505	9.0	8.9	8.9	.1	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	16.6	16.5	17.5	.1	-.9
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.3	2.2	2.5	.1	-.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.0	2.0	2.5	.0	-.5
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	17.5	17.9	19.4	-.4	-1.9
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,669.1	1,665.7	1,674.0	3.4	-4.9
Mining	100005	7.8	7.8	7.8	.0	.0
Contract Construction	200005	95.5	96.6	101.1	-1.1	-5.6
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	141.0	140.5	144.1	.5	-3.1
Transportation	500015	82.6	82.3	85.7	.3	-3.1
Communication (excl. U.S. Postal Service)	548005	37.2	37.0	37.3	.2	-.1
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	21.2	21.2	21.1	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	499.2	496.4	507.6	2.8	-8.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	155.8	156.8	159.7	-1.0	-3.9
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	94.8	95.0	97.3	-.2	-2.5
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	61.0	61.7	62.4	-.7	-1.4
Retail Trade	652005	343.4	339.6	347.9	3.8	-4.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	116.2	115.9	114.1	.3	2.1
Finance	760025	51.6	51.6	50.0	.0	1.6
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	41.1	40.7	40.6	.4	.5
Real Estate	765075	23.5	23.5	23.5	.0	.0
Services	800005	368.3	368.8	361.7	-.5	6.6
Government	998008	441.1	439.8	437.6	1.3	3.5
Federal	998011	89.6	89.7	87.9	-.1	1.7
State and Local	998509	351.5	350.1	349.8	1.4	1.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

GEORGIA
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	367.6	371.7	395.9	-4.1	-28.3
Durable Goods	300025	125.0	126.1	137.2	-1.1	-12.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	242.6	245.5	258.8	-2.9	-16.2
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.8	41.4	42.3	-.6	-1.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	83.1	84.6	92.8	-1.5	-9.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	19.9	20.9	23.7	-1.0	-3.8
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.2	3.2	3.6	.0	-.4
Knitting Mills	422505	7.3	7.3	7.5	.0	-.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	21.7	22.1	23.7	-.4	-2.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	18.0	18.1	19.1	-.1	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.1	59.3	60.0	-.2	-.9
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.7	33.9	33.2	-.2	.5
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.4	17.5	18.2	-.1	-.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.6	22.8	22.9	-.2	-.3
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.9	8.1	8.1	-.2	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.2	21.2	22.3	.0	-1.1
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.8	9.9	10.6	-.1	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	9.9	9.8	10.8	.1	-.9
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	12.7	12.8	13.3	-.1	-.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.9	11.0	12.6	-.1	-1.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.4	14.3	16.2	.1	-1.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	12.7	13.0	14.7	-.3	-2.0
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	12.9	13.1	14.9	-.2	-2.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.2	23.3	26.2	-.1	-3.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS & EARNINGS		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$274.97	$270.92	$262.02	40.2	39.9	39.7	$ 6.84	$ 6.79	$ 6.60
Durable Goods	300025	309.26	309.20	306.73	40.8	40.9	40.2	7.58	7.56	7.63
Nondurable Goods	400015	256.71	251.77	239.37	39.8	39.4	39.4	6.45	6.39	6.05
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$260.25	$253.43	$233.04	40.6	40.1	39.1	$ 6.41	$ 6.32	$ 5.96
Textile Mill Products	422005	236.74	232.64	225.72	40.4	39.7	39.6	5.86	5.86	5.70
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	237.01	234.80	235.71	39.9	40.0	40.5	5.94	5.87	5.82
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	256.54	262.50	261.04	40.4	41.6	41.9	6.35	6.31	6.23
Knitting Mills	422505	212.74	188.85	200.85	40.6	35.7	39.0	5.24	5.29	5.15
Floor Covering Mills	422705	255.42	247.34	221.43	43.0	41.5	39.4	5.94	5.96	5.62
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	226.38	228.31	213.73	38.5	38.5	37.3	5.88	5.93	5.73
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	169.73	172.24	164.21	36.5	37.2	36.9	4.65	4.63	4.45
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	171.08	171.39	163.91	36.4	36.7	37.0	4.70	4.67	4.43
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	160.72	173.12	161.25	35.4	37.8	36.4	4.54	4.58	4.43
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	216.76	225.33	195.66	39.7	40.6	37.7	5.46	5.55	5.19
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	199.26	207.65	198.99	41.0	41.2	40.2	4.86	5.04	4.95
Paper and Allied Products	426005	453.88	439.50	395.08	43.6	42.3	41.5	10.41	10.39	9.52
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	549.63	521.89	464.61	46.5	43.6	42.9	11.82	11.97	10.83
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	354.90	356.15	332.39	42.1	42.5	43.0	8.43	8.38	7.73
Leather and Leather Products	431005	154.50	133.80	169.65	35.6	30.9	36.8	4.34	4.33	4.61
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	307.52	308.18	293.57	41.5	41.2	41.7	7.41	7.48	7.04
Primary Metal Industries	333005	338.80	351.12	356.07	38.5	39.9	41.5	8.80	8.80	8.58
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	299.52	286.23	280.10	41.2	40.6	39.9	7.27	7.05	7.02
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	314.16	309.18	317.82	41.5	41.5	41.6	7.57	7.45	7.64
Transportation Equipment	337005	467.08	470.05	457.03	42.5	42.5	41.1	10.99	11.06	11.12

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S NOVEMBER EMPLOYMENT EDGES UPWARD DESPITE DECLINES IN MANUFACTURING

Total nonfarm wage and salary employment in the Atlanta area rose 1,000 over October to an estimated 999,600 for November. Seasonal gains in the retail sector of trade and a gain in the local government and local education sectors of government primarily produced the rise in employment level. Contract construction; transportation, communications, and public utilities; and finance, insurance, and real estate recorded modest increases. Manufacturing, down 2,900, experienced declines in every industry segment except in printing and publishing (up 200); furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; and paper and allied products. The transportation equipment industry accounted for more than one-half of manufacturing's loss due mainly to the indefinite closing of one automobile assembly plant. Services (down 500) reflected employment reductions at amusement and recreational facilities and in medical and health services.

From the same month last year, manufacturing employment declined 10,300 and nonmanufacturing rose 12,000, producing an overall increase of 1,700. Among the manufacturing industries, only furniture and fixtures registered a gain. Of the major industry divisions in the nonmanufacturing category, transportation and public utilities and government recorded losses over the year. Employment reductions in railroads and trucking more than offset the increase in airlines, thus accounting for the drop in transportation and public utilities.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

DOWNTOWN PLAN OFFERS NEW HOPE FOR UNDERGROUND

An ambitious renovation project for Atlanta's southern business district, including Underground Atlanta was unveiled in mid-December by the Maryland-based American Cities Corporation. The plan focused on Underground Atlanta as a drawing card for an estimated 11.5 million visitors annually. Highlights include an outside market for the Alabama Street level and two public plazas—one joining the railroad gulch between MARTA Five Points Station and Plaza Park on Pryor Street and the other near the site of the Georgia Railroad Freight Depot. Later, a 350-room hotel, downtown housing, new office space, two parking structures, and new governmental office buildings would be added to enhance the overall project. Unlike previous renovation proposals from private developers, the American Cities plan is the result of a 10-month, $260,000 study co-sponsored by the City of Atlanta, Fulton County, the State of Georgia, MARTA, and Central Atlanta Progress. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, 12/15/82)

GWINNETT COUNTY ACCENTING HIGH TECH

A vocational-technical training facility with the accent on high technology is taking shape in the middle of Gwinnett County. Gwinnett Area Vocational-Technical School is designed to enable unemployed people who are let go by heavy industry to train for the high-technology jobs that are becoming available. Not only will the school benefit people who need specialized training, its very existence will serve as a magnet to draw industry into the area. The school is designed to attract students from Gwinnett, North Fulton, Forsyth, Barrow, and Walton Counties, primarily because the high-tech industries have been locating in those areas. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, 12/2/81)

BUCKHEAD FESTIVAL MALL WILL BE BUILT BY TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY

Trammell Crow Company, developer of the Galleria in Cobb County, plans to build a $2.7 million specialty shopping center on one of the few undeveloped sites in Buckhead. The 25,000-square-foot Buckhead Festival will have about 14 shops, including fashion, gift, and jewelry boutiques. The shopping center, which is expected to be completed in June, is one of six developments using the "Festival" motif planned by Trammell Crow for the Atlanta Metro area. It is the only one in the City of Atlanta. The other developments planned in the metro area are Merchants Festival in Cobb County, Northlake Tower Festival, Hammond Festival, Sandy Springs Festival, and North Druid Hills Festival. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, 11/30/82)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	999.6	998.6	997.9	1.0	1.7
Manufacturing	300005	137.7	140.6	148.0	-2.9	-10.3
Durable Goods	300025	68.5	71.0	74.9	-2.5	-6.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.8	2.9	-.1	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.9	3.9	3.6	.0	.3
Household Furniture	325105	2.1	2.1	1.8	.0	.3
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	6.7	6.7	6.7	.0	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	5.1	5.2	5.4	-.1	-.3
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	7.0	7.1	8.0	-.1	-1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.1	8.4	8.2	-.3	-.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	10.1	10.2	11.1	-.1	-1.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	21.5	23.4	25.7	-1.9	-4.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.4	3.4	-.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.2	69.7	73.1	-.5	-3.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.4	19.8	19.9	-.4	-.5
Meat Products	420105	5.5	5.7	5.5	-.2	.0
Bakery Products	420505	3.1	3.3	3.3	-.2	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.7	4.8	6.0	-.1	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.6	1.6	2.4	.0	-.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.7	1.9	-.1	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.4	8.5	8.8	-.1	-.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.7	3.7	3.7	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.7	2.7	3.0	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.8	7.8	8.3	.0	-.5
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.2	4.2	4.6	.0	-.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	15.6	15.4	16.2	.2	-.6
Commercial Printing	427505	6.7	6.6	6.7	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.2	7.3	7.7	-.1	-.5
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.1	6.2	6.1	-.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	861.9	858.0	849.9	3.9	12.0
Contract Construction	200005	44.7	44.2	44.6	.5	.1
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	89.4	89.3	89.8	.1	-.4
Transportation	500015	56.8	56.7	57.7	.1	-.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	278.2	275.5	272.6	2.7	5.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	104.4	105.6	104.6	-1.2	-.2
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	67.8	67.9	68.9	-.1	-1.1
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	36.7	37.7	35.7	-1.0	1.0
Retail Trade	652005	173.8	169.9	168.0	3.9	5.8
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	68.3	68.1	67.4	.2	.9
Finance	760025	26.9	26.8	26.0	.1	.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	25.3	25.1	25.2	.2	.1
Services	800055	218.8	219.3	212.4	-.5	6.4
Government	998008	162.5	161.6	163.1	.9	-.6
Federal	998011	34.7	34.8	35.8	-.1	-1.1
State and Local	998509	127.8	126.7	127.3	1.1	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's) INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	92.9	95.1	102.8	-2.2	-9.9
Durable Goods	300025	46.9	48.6	52.8	-1.7	-5.9
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.0	46.5	50.0	- .5	-4.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.5	11.7	12.6	-.2	-1.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.6	3.7	4.9	-.1	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.5	6.6	7.2	-.1	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.0	2.1	2.4	-.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.1	2.3	.0	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.3	3.2	3.1	.1	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.1	6.1	6.4	.0	-.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.7	3.8	4.1	-.1	-.4
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	5.2	5.1	5.0	.1	.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.2	3.3	3.6	-.1	-.4
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.8	4.8	5.7	.0	-.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.2	5.4	5.2	-.2	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	13.9	15.5	17.7	-1.6	-3.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS & EARNINGS		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$320.74	$317.52	$310.47	39.5	39.2	39.4	$ 8.12	$ 8.10	$ 7.88
Durable Goods	300025	353.19	354.37	362.00	39.2	39.2	40.0	9.01	9.04	9.05
Nondurable Goods	400015	287.75	280.21	255.42	39.8	39.3	38.7	7.23	7.13	6.60
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$281.10	$267.85	$246.40	40.1	39.8	40.0	$ 7.01	$ 6.73	$ 6.16
Textile Mill Products	422005	185.90	189.20	191.40	33.8	34.4	34.8	5.50	5.50	5.50
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	169.67	167.90	168.33	36.1	35.8	36.2	4.70	4.69	4.65
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	154.92	167.43	159.12	33.9	35.7	36.0	4.57	4.69	4.42
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	179.18	170.09	168.63	38.7	36.5	36.5	4.63	4.66	4.62
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	221.76	206.02	174.57	38.3	36.4	34.5	5.79	5.66	5.06
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	205.20	218.65	231.43	40.0	41.1	42.7	5.13	5.32	5.42
Paper and Allied Products	426005	366.37	364.63	313.47	42.7	43.1	40.5	8.58	8.46	7.74
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	335.78	331.70	276.91	40.7	40.9	39.9	8.25	8.11	6.94
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	340.72	339.80	312.38	41.2	40.5	40.1	8.27	8.39	7.79
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	304.40	304.88	295.87	40.0	41.2	40.2	7.61	7.40	7.36
Primary Metal Industries	333005	447.76	450.07	503.30	38.7	38.9	44.5	11.57	11.57	11.31
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	336.60	274.75	272.65	39.6	35.0	39.4	8.50	7.85	6.92
Transportation Equipment	337005	495.88	499.59	487.89	38.5	39.4	39.0	12.88	12.68	12.51

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, at 44,300, gained 300 over the month. Over the year, employment declined 700. Manufacturing was basically unchanged over the month and down 100 over the year. Nonmanufacturing increased 200 during the month and was down 700 for the year.

Manufacturing totalled 11,900 for the month. The only activity was a gain of 100 in chemicals, which was offset by a like loss in food products. Over the year, a decline of 100 was estimated. Nearly all of the annual losses were in the durable goods segment. Metals and machinery declined 300 while "other durable goods" lost 100. Nondurable goods gained 300 during the year. All nondurable goods were up with the exception of "other nondurable goods" which declined 100.

Contract construction, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month and up 100 for the year. Employment in the construction industry has improved in the area this year primarily due to the building of a Civic Center and several other heavy construction projects. Residential construction has also seen some improvement.

Trade, at 9,400, had an increment of 200 during the month. Annually, a decline of 100 was reported. Gains and losses were about the same in both the wholesale and retail portions of the industry.

Services, at 5,900, was unchanged for the month, but declined 400 during the year. The annual declines appear to be spread throughout the industry.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,100, was unchanged over the month and up slightly over the year. Transportation, communications, and utilities, was down slightly over the month and year.

Government, at 10,500, gained slightly over the month and declined during the year. Continued federal budget cuts may cause deeper declines in this sector in coming months.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.3	44.0	45.0	.3	-.7
Manufacturing	300005	11.9	11.9	12.0	.0	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	2.3	2.3	2.7	.0	-.4
Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machine	333055	1.2	1.2	1.5	.0	-.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.6	9.3	.0	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.8	2.4	-.1	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.9	1.9	1.8	.0	.1
Chemicals	428005	.8	.7	.7	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.3	32.1	33.0	.2	-.7
Contract Construction	200005	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.2	9.5	.2	-.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.6	2.8	.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	6.7	6.6	6.8	.1	-.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	5.9	5.9	6.3	.0	-.4
Government	998008	10.5	10.3	10.7	.2	-.2
Federal	998011	2.6	2.5	2.9	.1	-.3
State and Local	998509	7.9	7.8	7.9	.1	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment, estimated at 123,400, climbed 600 over the month. Increases in manufacturing, trade, and services and mining outpaced a moderate loss in finance, insurance, and real estate. Annually, a loss of 300 jobs was reported because of heavy declines in manufacturing. All nonmanufacturing divisions recorded gains over the year. Manufacturing, estimated at 33,900, reported an increment of 300 jobs over the month, but dropped 2,300 over the year.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 900 over the year primarily in glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery, at 2,400, rose 100 over the month and over the year with more activity in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,600, climbed 100 over the month triggered by more activity in transportation equipment. This division was up 200 over the year for the same reason.

Food and kindred products, at 2,800, was unchanged over the month, but lost 100 over the year with scattered declines. Textile mill products, at 8,100, lost 100 over the month, mostly in broad woven goods. This segment dropped 1,700 over the year primarily because of the closing of one entire firm and one division in another establishment. Apparel, at 1,900, was down 100 over the month because of less business in women's outerwear. This segment lost 500 over the year partly because of the closing of one firm. Printing and publishing, at 1,000, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 300 over the year with more activity in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 11,900, rose 400 over the month and over the year with more activity in paper.

Construction, at 5,200, was unchanged over the month, but recorded a gain of 200 over the year because of new projects in the area. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Trade, at 24,000, gained 200 over the month because of Christmas sales. This division increased 800 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, dropped 100 over the month with less activity among real estate firms. This division climbed 200 over the year with scattered increments. Services and mining, at 18,600, rose 100 over the month and 400 over the year because of more activity in protective services, hospitals, and vocational rehabilitation services. Government, at 32,700, was unchanged over the month, but gained 400 over the year mainly due to more business in the federal sector.

NOTE Narrative written by August Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

AUGUSTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.4	122.8	123.7	.6	-.3
Manufacturing	300005	33.9	33.6	36.2	.3	-2.3
Durable Goods	300025	8.3	8.1	8.9	.2	-.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	2.6	2.6	3.5	.0	-.9
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.3	2.3	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.6	2.5	2.4	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.6	25.5	27.3	.1	-1.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	8.1	8.2	9.8	-.1	-1.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	2.0	2.4	-.1	-.5
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.9	11.5	11.5	.4	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.5	89.3	87.5	.2	2.0
Contract Construction	200005	5.2	5.2	5.0	.0	.2
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.0	23.8	23.2	.2	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	19.9	19.7	19.2	.2	.7
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.7	4.4	-.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	18.6	18.5	18.2	.1	.4
Government	998008	32.7	32.7	32.3	.0	.4
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.1	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	25.3	25.3	25.2	.0	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose 600 from the October level to 78,600. The increase was entirely in nonmanufacturing employment as manufacturing employment dropped. Employment was down 2,400 from twelve months ago due to losses in manufacturing.

Manufacturing employment declined over the month by 200 workers. The loss was shared by metals and machinery and "other durable goods" and "other nondurable goods." From November 1981, manufacturing employment dropped by 2,500 with losses in lumber and wood products, metals and machinery, food and kindred products, textile mill products, and "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 59,900, posted a gain of 700 from last month and was unchanged from one year ago. Contract construction employment rose 200 from October as building began to pick up in the area; it was unchanged from last year. Transportation, communications, and utilities employment held steady from last month and declined by 200 from one year ago. Trade employment picked up as stores began hiring for the Christmas season, adding 500 to this category, but was 500 less than the previous year. Finance, insurance, and real estate employment increased 100 for both reference periods. Services and miscellaneous employment was unchanged from October and revealed a loss of 200 from the previous year. Government employment remained the same over the month and rose 800 from last year. This increase was shared equally by the federal and state and local sectors.

NOTE. Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	78.6	78.0	81.0	.6	-2.4
Manufacturing	300005	18.6	18.8	21.1	-.2	-2.5
Durable Goods	300025	4.2	4.3	5.0	-.1	-.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.3	.3	.5	.0	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.1	3.3	3.8	-.2	-.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	.2	.3	.2	-.1	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	14.5	14.4	16.1	.1	-1.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	7.2	7.2	8.7	.0	-1.5
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.2	1.2	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	59.9	59.2	59.9	.7	.0
Contract Construction	200005	5.0	4.8	5.0	.2	.0
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	15.8	15.3	16.3	.5	-.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.3	2.3	2.4	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	13.4	13.0	13.9	.4	-.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.5	5.4	5.4	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.1	11.1	11.3	.0	-.2
Government	998008	19.5	19.5	18.7	.0	.8
Federal	998011	6.6	6.6	6.2	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.9	12.5	.0	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totaled 98,100 in November. The current estimate was unchanged from October and down 300 from November 1981. A monthly decline in manufacturing was offset by a similar rise in nonmanufacturing employment. Annually, manufacturing dropped 300 with nonmanufacturing remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing fell 300 from the previous month with all of the loss in nondurable goods. Small offsetting fluctuations occurred in durable goods. A seasonal decrease at a food canning plant accounted for most of the loss in nondurable goods. Annually, durable goods declined 200 with less employment in lumber and wood, nonelectrical machinery, and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods lost 100 with gains in textiles and paper partially offsetting losses in food and apparel. Employment in chemicals and "other nondurable goods" remained constant during the year.

Nonmanufacturing rose 300 from October and was unchanged from a year ago. During the month, construction decreased 200 with most of the loss in special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities was unchanged with trade adding 200. Most of this increase was due to temporary hiring for the Christmas season in the retail segment. Services decreased 100. Government gained 200 with all of the increase in the state and local segment. Increased employment in public schools accounted for most of the gain.

Annually, construction declined 800 with most of the decrease in general construction and special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities dropped 100, and trade added 500. Most of the gain was due to the opening of new retail stores. Finance, insurance, and real estate decreased 200, and services had 100 less employment. Government gained 500 with increases in the federal segment and the state and local segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.1	98.1	98.4	.0	-.3
Manufacturing	300005	16.8	17.1	17.1	-.3	-.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.8	5.8	6.0	.0	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.3	.0	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.7	3.7	3.9	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.0	11.3	11.1	-.3	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	3.1	3.0	-.3	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.5	1.4	1.3	.1	.2
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	81.3	81.0	81.3	.3	[illegible]
Contract Construction	200005	3.1	3.3	3.9	-.2	-.8
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.8	20.6	20.3	.2	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.7	3.8	3.8	-.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	16.8	16.4	.3	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.3	.0	-.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.1	17.2	17.2	-.1	-.1
Government	998008	29.7	29.5	29.2	.2	.5
Federal	948011	16.5	16.5	16.2	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	13.2	13.0	12.9	.2	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA decreased 300 over the month. Total nonagricultural employment for November was 2,000 below where it was for the same month in 1981.

Manufacturing employment declined 200 over the month. Paper and allied products declined 200 and shipbuilding and repairing declined 100. Transportation equipment (truck building) increased 100 over the month. Over the year, manufacturing employment declined 700.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased overall 100 during the month. Over the year, nonmanufacturing employment decreased 1,200.

Employment in the construction industry was down. Losses recorded over the month were 300. How much of the loss is seasonal and how much is based on economics is difficult to measure; however, this sector continues to lag behind last year's estimate by 600.

Estimated employment in the transportation and public utilities industries increased 700 over the month. The two areas where the increase occurred (motor freight transportation and shipping) are closely associated, and in this instance, are seasonal.

Wholesale and retail trade as a whole remained stable, but some changes occurred within the sector. Food and furniture stores both declined 100 while restaurants increased 200.

The services sector declined 300 with the losses occurring within the hospitals and membership organizations sector.

The unemployment situation in the Savannah SMSA continues to look bleak. The October unemployment rate was 8.1 percent. In numbers, this amounts to an increase of approximately 2,300 more people who are unemployed this year as compared to last year at this time.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	87.7	88.0	89.7	-.3	-2.0
Manufacturing	300005	16.0	16.2	16.7	-.2	-.7
Durable Goods	300025	6.8	6.8	6.8	.0	.0
Lumber and Wood Products except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood and Prefab. Struc. Prod.	324305	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.5	3.6	3.2	-.1	.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.2	9.4	9.9	-.2	-.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	2.0	1.8	-.1	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	4.0	4.2	4.7	-.2	-.7
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.5	.5	.7	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	71.8	71.7	73.0	.1	-1.2
Contract Construction	200005	4.3	4.6	4.9	-.3	-.6
Transportation and Public Utilties (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.3	7.6	8.6	.7	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.0	22.0	22.5	.0	-.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.7	17.7	18.1	.0	-.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	16.4	16.7	16.4	-.3	.0
Government	998008	16.7	16.7	16.5	.0	.2
Federal	998011	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	13.9	13.9	13.9	.0	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's) INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.9	11.1	11.8	-.2	-.9
Durable Goods	300025	5.1	5.2	5.2	-.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.8	5.9	6.6	-.1	-.8
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.8	.8	.9	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.6	2.8	3.4	-.2	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.3	1.2	1.3	.1	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.1	3.2	2.8	-.1	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS & EARNINGS INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$401.40	$387.54	$356.15	45.0	43.3	42.5	$ 8.92	$ 8.95	$ 8.38
Durable Goods	300025	363.32	362.39	348.44	44.2	43.4	43.5	8.22	8.35	8.01
Nondurable Goods	400015	436.47	409.02	361.96	45.8	43.1	41.7	9.53	9.49	8.68
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$232.93	$249.94	$220.03	40.3	39.8	38.2	$ 5.78	$ 6.28	$ 5.76
Paper and Allied Products	426005	563.72	496.30	406.85	52.1	45.2	41.6	10.82	10.98	9.78
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	317.75	329.93	311.58	41.0	41.5	42.8	7.75	7.95	7.28
Transportation Equipment	337005	422.57	399.86	410.39	46.9	43.7	45.7	9.01	9.15	8.98

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY NOV. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1981	REVISED OCT. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1981
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,659,165	2,682,864	2,609,415	-23,699	49,750
Employed	2,445,434	2,437,559	2,433,159	-28,125	12,275
Unemployed	213,731	209,305	176,256	4,426	37,475
Rate	8.0	7.8	6.8	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	54,773	55,154	53,635	-381	1,138
Employed	49,814	49,985	49,426	-171	388
Unemployed	4,959	5,169	4,209	-210	750
Rate	9.1	9.4	7.8	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,110,517	1,114,084	1,075,411	-3,567	35,106
Employed	1,037,530	1,041,206	1,015,678	-3,676	21,852
Unemployed	72,987	72,878	59,733	109	13,254
Rate	6.6	6.5	5.6	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	139,736	139,408	131,986	328	7,750
Employed	126,273	126,097	122,825	176	3,448
Unemployed	13,463	13,311	9,161	152	4,302
Rate	9.6	9.5	6.9	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,854	89,166	89,917	688	-63
Employed	80,672	80,408	81,802	264	-1,130
Unemployed	9,182	8,758	8,115	424	1,067
Rate	10.2	9.8	9.0	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,555	110,293	107,105	-738	2,450
Employed	101,750	102,393	99,991	-643	1,759
Unemployed	7,805	7,900	7,114	-95	691
Rate	7.1	7.2	6.6	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100,157	100,636	98,658	-479	1,499
Employed	91,734	92,423	92,409	-689	-675
Unemployed	8,423	8,213	6,249	210	2,174
Rate	8.4	8.2	6.3	---	---

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY NOV. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1981	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED OCT. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1981
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	139,736	139,408	131,986	328	7,750
Employed	126,273	126,097	122,825	176	3,448
Unemployed	13,463	13,311	9,161	152	4,302
Rate	9.6	9.5	6.9	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	94,231	93,268	89,947	963	4,284
Employed	86,010	86,018	84,336	-8	1,674
Unemployed	8,221	7,250	5,611	971	2,610
Rate	8.7	7.8	6.2	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,505	46,140	42,039	-635	3,466
Employed	40,263	40,079	38,489	184	1,774
Unemployed	5,242	6,061	3,550	-819	1,692
Rate	11.5	13.1	8.4	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY OCT. 1982	REVISED SEP. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1981	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED SEP. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1981
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,854	89,166	89,917	688	-63
Employed	80,672	80,408	81,802	264	-1,130
Unemployed	9,182	8,758	8,115	424	1,067
Rate	10.2	9.8	9.0	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	71,909	71,495	72,300	414	-391
Employed	65,856	65,715	66,518	141	-662
Unemployed	6,053	5,780	5,782	273	271
Rate	8.4	8.1	8.0	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,945	17,671	17,617	274	328
Employed	14,816	14,693	15,284	123	-468
Unemployed	3,129	2,978	2,333	151	796
Rate	17.4	16.9	13.2	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY NOV. 1982	REVISED OCT. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1981	CHANGE FROM REVISED OCT. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED NOV. 1981
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,659,165	2,682,864	2,609,415	-23,699	49,750
Employed	2,445,434	2,473,559	2,433,159	-28,125	12,275
Unemployed	213,731	209,305	176,256	4,426	37,475
Rate	8.0	7.8	6.8	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,591,244	1,594,842	1,546,186	-3,598	45,058
Employed	1,477,756	1,482,583	1,453,134	-4,827	24,622
Unemployed	113,488	112,259	93,052	1,229	20,436
Rate	7.1	7.0	6.0	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,067,921	1,088,022	1,063,229	-20,101	4,692
Employed	967,678	990,976	980,025	-23,298	-12,347
Unemployed	100,243	97,046	83,204	3,197	17,039
Rate	9.4	8.9	7.8	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $253.34
Quantity 1,300

1 3/1/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **JANUARY 1983** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(December Data)

RECESSION'S CHANGING FACE

The economy of the Southeast, because of the area's Sun Belt location, has traditionally been very nearly immune to the effects of national recession, except for isolated segments such as construction and durable goods manufacturers. Because of the length of the current recession, this has changed, and Georgia and her neighbors are sharing the pain of rising unemployment, declining sales, fewer housing starts, and more business failures.

Although Georgia has thus far managed to avoid double-digit unemployment rates, the November rate of 8.0 percent represents more than 213,000 people who are looking for work. Many of them have been unemployed for a long time and are exhausting their unemployment benefits in increasing numbers. During 1982, 101,202 people drew all the unemployment insurance benefits to which they were entitled as compared to 66,625 in 1981. Competition for available jobs is keen. For example, from October 1 to December 31, 1982, 40,384 applicants registered at Job Service offices for clerical jobs. During the same period, employers listed 2,808 openings. There were 21,634 applicants for 1,220 machine trades jobs, and the picture in the remaining occupational groups was only slightly more rosy.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment estimates for December reflect this trend. Although up 5,700 from November, employment is 21,200 below December 1981. Manufacturing's rise of 500 from last month was not a true gain. It reflected, rather, a return to normal following a layoff in broad woven cotton mills. Nonmanufacturing was up 5,200 from November. A sizable seasonal gain in retail trade establishments such as restaurants and department stores was partially offset by a loss in state and local government which occurred primarily in educational institutions. Nonmanufacturing recorded a net annual increase of 1,100. A substantial gain in services and more modest increases in government and finance, insurance, and real estate were partly negated by losses in the remaining divisions.

A trend not seen for 30 years has emerged from the current recession, according to figures recently released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. For the first time since 1947, unemployment among men is greater than among women. In December, the national unemployment rate was 10.1 percent for men and 9.2 percent for women. The crossover began in the spring of 1982 and has continued. Although this trend might at first seem to be good news for women, it does not represent actual gains for them. Rather, it reflects the loss of manufacturing and construction jobs, most of which are held by men, while clerical and service employment, predominately female, have been less affected. Although the Georgia Department of Labor does not maintain separate employment estimates for men and women, statistics on job seekers at Job Service offices reveal a higher proportion of male applicants than previously. From October 1 to December 31, 1982, 51.5 percent of applicants were men as compared to 49.5 percent during the same period in 1981.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

SHOPPING CENTER TO BE BUILT IN SANDY SPRINGS

Abernathy/Roswell Development Limited has begun construction on a $9 million shopping center in Sandy Springs. To be located on a 14.5-acre tract at the intersection of Abernathy and Roswell Roads, the 100,000 square-foot shopping center will be called Abernathy Square. Of Williamsburg design, it will feature specialty shops, selling such diverse merchandise as women's apparel, shoes, books, drugs, and computers. Completion is scheduled for July, 1983.

NEW CONDOMINIUM COMPLEX IN COBB COUNTY

A 42-acre tract on Akers Mill Road is the site of a $40 million, 500-unit condominium complex planned as a joint venture by Atlanta-based American Home Equities and Miami-based Senior Corporation. To be called Akers Mill Plantation, the development will consist of seven four-story buildings which will be constructed over a four-year period. The first 72 units are scheduled for completion next summer. The condominium homes will be priced from $60,000 to $100,000.

BALTIMORE BLOCK RESTORATION PLANNED

Atlanta's only 19th century brownstone row houses are slated for renovation and restoration as luxury dwellings. The eight houses, which were built in 1885, have been bought or leased by Atlanta-based Otter Corporation and Toledo, Ohio-based One Lake Erie Center Corporation. Located on Baltimore Place between West Peachtree and Spring Streets, the houses are listed on the National Register of Historic Places. Restoration, planned to begin early in 1983, will take about 18 months.

NURSES MOVE TO ATLANTA

The American Association of Occupational Health Nurses has moved its headquarters to Atlanta. Formerly in New York City, the office is now located in Buckhead.

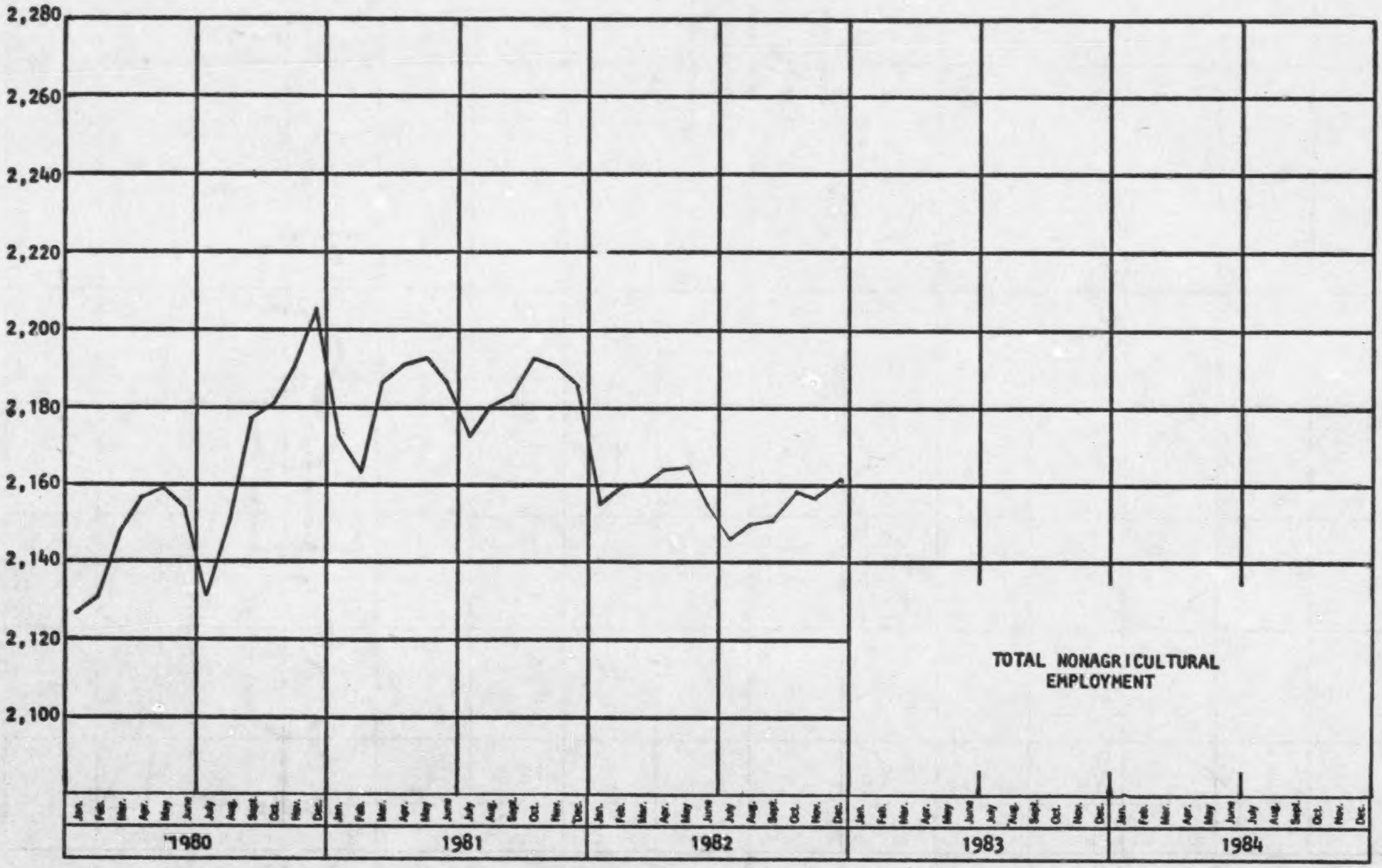
PRUDENTIAL MOVING TO JACKSONVILLE

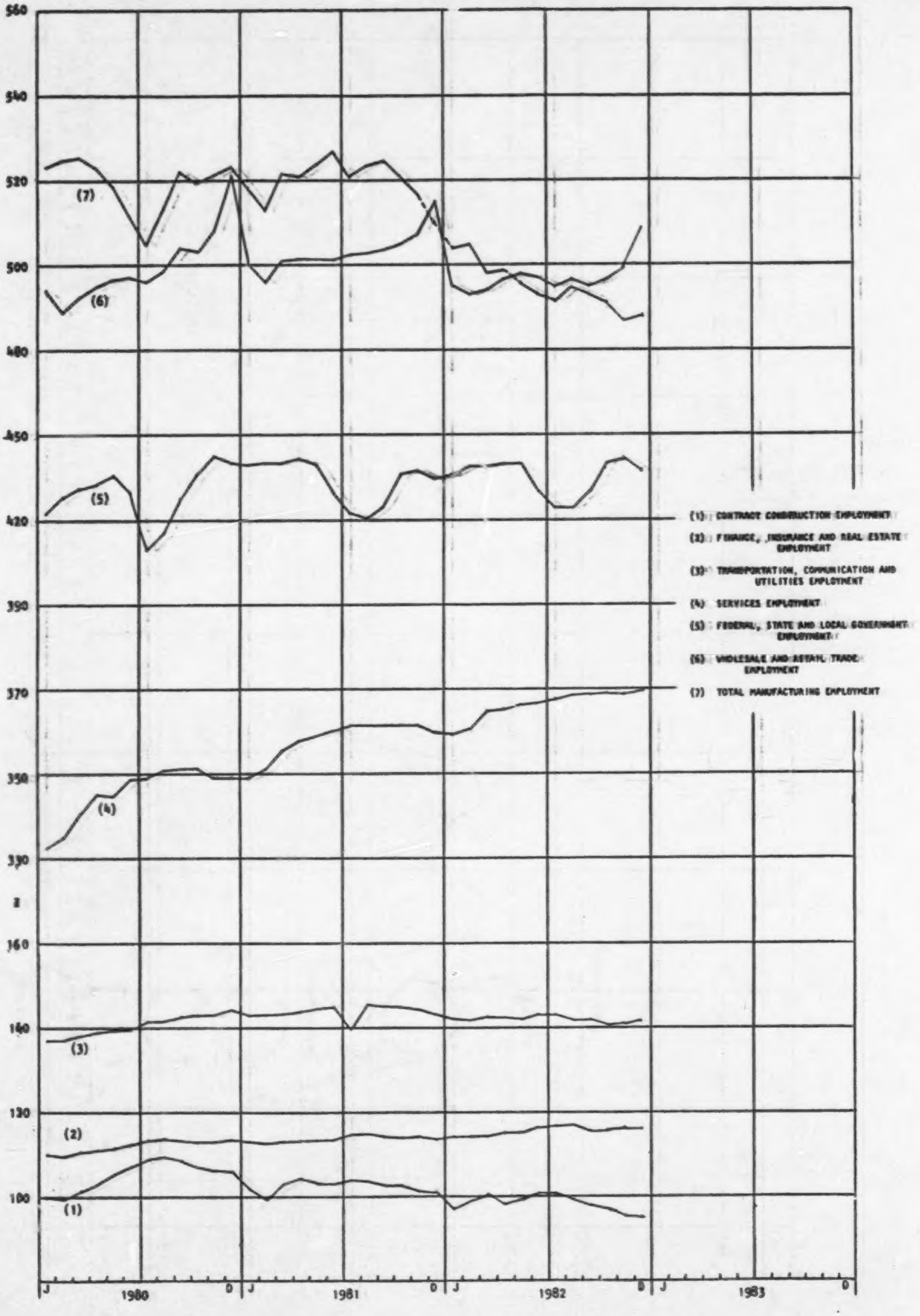
The Prudential Insurance Company of America will move its property and casualty offices from Atlanta to its regional headquarters in Jacksonville by the end of 1983. The number of employees to be transferred is not yet known, but a company spokesman estimates that it will be no more than 50.

DAN RIVER CLOSES CHICKAMAUGA PLANT

Citing competition from imports as the reason, Dan River Incorporated announced the closing of its Crystal Springs textile plant in Chicamauga and the layoff of 300 workers. The company plans to petition the U.S. Department of Labor for assistance for its former employees under the provisions of the Trade Readjustment Act, a law designed to help people who lose their jobs because of foreign competition.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.


2,280
2,260
2,240
2,220
2,200
2,180
2,160
2,140
2,120
2,100
Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.
1980
1981
1982
1983
1984
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL
EMPLOYMENT


560
540
520
500
480
450
420
390
370
350
330
160
140
130
100
(7)
(6)
(5)
(4)
(3)
(2)
(1)
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
J
1980
D
J
1981
D
J
1982
D
J
1983
D

GEORGIA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,164.2	2,158.5	2,185.4	5.7	-21.2
Manufacturing	300005	487.6	487.1	509.9	.5	-22.3
Durable Goods	300025	169.4	169.5	181.0	-.1	-11.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.8	27.6	27.3	.2	.5
Logging Camps, Sawmills and Planing Mills	324195	14.3	14.2	13.5	.1	.8
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.2	9.2	9.5	.0	-.3
Household Furniture	325105	6.2	6.1	6.4	.1	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	15.4	15.5	16.2	-.1	-.8
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.3	15.6	17.0	-.3	-1.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.8	17.9	19.7	-.1	-1.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.4	19.5	21.8	-.1	-2.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	19.8	20.0	21.9	-.2	-2.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	35.0	34.6	37.8	.4	-2.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	9.7	9.7	10.0	.0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	318.2	317.6	328.9	.6	-10.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	59.1	59.5	59.3	-.4	-.2
Meat Products	420105	21.2	21.3	21.2	-.1	.0
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.5	15.7	15.5	-.2	.0
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	9.0	9.1	9.6	-.1	-.6
Textile Mill Products	422005	101.9	101.3	108.9	.6	-7.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.2	22.2	24.5	1.0	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.7	3.7	4.1	.0	-.4
Knitting Mills	422505	9.0	9.3	9.3	-.3	-.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	27.0	27.1	28.9	-.1	-1.9
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	20.8	21.0	22.0	-.2	-1.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.1	69.2	70.4	-.1	-1.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.3	39.1	38.8	.2	.5
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	20.2	20.5	21.2	-.3	-1.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.5	27.5	27.9	.0	-.4
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.9	13.0	13.2	-.1	-.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.8	6.9	6.8	-.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	24.3	24.1	23.4	.2	.9
Commercial Printing	427505	9.0	9.0	8.9	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	16.3	16.6	17.3	-.3	-1.0
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.2	2.3	2.6	-.1	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	2.0	2.3	-.1	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	18.0	17.5	19.4	.5	-1.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,673.0	1,671.4	1,675.5	5.2	1.1
Mining	100005	7.9	7.8	7.9	.1	.0
Contract Construction	200005	97.3	97.4	100.9	-.1	-3.6
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	141.2	140.9	143.1	.3	-1.9
Transportation	500015	82.9	82.7	84.7	.2	-1.8
Communication (excl. U.S. Postal Service)	548005	37.1	37.0	37.2	.1	-.1
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Service	549005	21.2	21.2	21.2	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	507.8	499.5	515.1	8.3	-7.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	156.1	156.2	159.0	-.1	-2.9
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	94.9	95.0	97.0	-.1	-2.1
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	61.2	61.2	62.0	.0	-.8
Retail Trade	652005	351.7	343.3	356.1	8.4	-4.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	116.2	116.2	113.8	.0	2.4
Finance	760025	51.7	51.6	50.0	.1	1.7
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	40.9	41.0	40.5	-.1	.4
Real Estate	765075	23.7	23.5	23.3	.2	.4
Services	800005	369.0	368.7	359.9	.3	9.1
Government	998008	437.3	441.0	434.8	-3.7	2.5
Federal	998011	89.3	89.6	87.8	-.3	1.5
State and Local	998509	347.9	351.4	347.1	-3.5	.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	368.4	367.1	391.5	1.3	-23.1
Durable Goods	300025	125.3	124.8	136.4	.5	-11.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	243.1	242.3	255.1	.8	-12.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.2	40.6	41.4	-.4	-1.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	83.9	83.2	91.0	.7	-7.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	21.0	20.0	22.3	1.0	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.2	3.2	3.5	.0	-.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.2	7.4	7.6	-.2	-.4
Floor Covering Mills	422705	21.8	21.8	23.6	.0	-1.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	17.7	17.8	18.9	-.1	-1.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.0	59.0	60.0	.0	-1.0
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.9	33.8	33.2	.1	.7
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.1	17.3	18.2	-.2	-1.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.7	22.6	22.6	.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.9	7.8	8.0	.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	21.1	21.1	21.7	.0	-.6
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.6	9.8	10.2	-.2	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	9.7	9.9	10.6	-.2	-.9
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	12.7	12.7	13.1	.0	-.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.5	10.8	12.3	-.3	-1.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	14.3	14.4	15.9	-.1	-1.6
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	12.8	12.6	15.0	.2	-2.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	12.8	12.9	14.9	-.1	-2.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.7	23.2	26.3	.5	-2.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS & EARNINGS INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$278.36	$274.97	$266.80	40.4	40.2	40.0	$ 6.89	$ 6.84	$ 6.67
Durable Goods	300025	318.24	308.86	311.40	41.6	40.8	40.6	7.65	7.57	7.67
Nondurable Goods	400015	257.26	257.36	242.96	39.7	39.9	39.7	6.48	6.45	6.12
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$253.88	$259.13	$241.00	39.3	40.3	40.1	$ 6.46	$ 6.43	$ 6.01
Textile Mill Products	422005	240.57	237.15	224.01	40.5	40.4	39.3	5.94	5.87	5.70
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	240.60	239.19	228.85	40.1	40.2	39.8	6.00	5.95	5.75
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	283.60	256.54	258.92	43.1	40.4	42.1	6.58	6.35	6.15
Knitting Mills	422505	231.61	210.67	215.18	44.2	39.9	40.6	5.24	5.28	5.30
Floor Covering Mills	422705	251.76	255.85	219.63	42.1	43.0	38.6	5.98	5.95	5.69
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	223.98	226.97	212.43	36.9	38.6	37.4	6.07	5.88	5.68
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	169.62	170.56	164.70	36.4	36.6	36.6	4.66	4.66	4.50
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	169.05	170.61	166.25	36.2	36.3	36.7	4.67	4.70	4.53
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	165.60	164.88	153.91	36.0	36.0	35.3	4.60	4.58	4.36
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	225.77	217.01	200.79	40.9	39.6	38.1	5.52	5.48	5.27
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	224.60	199.26	207.46	44.3	41.0	42.6	5.07	4.86	4.87
Paper and Allied Products	426005	445.62	456.83	431.65	42.4	43.8	44.5	10.51	10.43	9.70
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	426135	550.10	543.55	523.07	45.5	45.6	47.9	12.09	11.92	10.92
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	356.95	354.06	344.64	42.8	42.0	44.7	8.34	8.43	7.71
Leather and Leather Products	431005	151.98	154.50	148.20	35.1	35.6	30.0	4.33	4.34	4.94
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	303.97	308.16	292.93	41.3	41.7	41.2	7.36	7.39	7.11
Primary Metal Industries	333005	345.14	340.45	361.60	39.4	38.6	41.9	8.76	8.82	8.63
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	321.32	298.87	300.15	42.9	41.8	41.4	7.49	7.15	7.25
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	322.58	315.25	320.38	42.5	41.7	42.1	7.59	7.56	7.61
Transportation Equipment	337005	478.98	471.33	455.33	42.5	42.5	40.8	11.27	11.09	11.16

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SEASONAL GAINS IN TRADE MOVES ATLANTA'S DECEMBER EMPLOYMENT UPWARD

The Atlanta area nonfarm employment rose 2,400 in December from November to an estimated 1,002,200. The wholesale and retail sectors of trade provided the increase because of the holiday season. Insignificant changes occurred in the other major industry divisions with the exception of declines in manufacturing, services, and government.

During December, manufacturing fell 400 with both durable and nondurable goods contributing to the downturn. Very slight changes occurred among most of the manufacturing industries. The primary metals industries recorded the largest change in the durable goods category, losing 200 because of temporary partial layoffs in firms drawing and insulating nonferrous wire and in firms engaged in steel works. Among the nondurable goods group, the food processing industries dropped 300 mainly resulting from less business in poultry dressing plants. Chemicals fell 200 as lack of orders caused partial layoffs by firms producing specialty cleaning, polishing, and sanitation preparations.

From the same month last year, manufacturing was down by 10,000. The durable goods sector accounted for seventy percent of the decline.

Nonmanufacturing rose 2,800 for the month, accounting for all the increase due to seasonal gains in trade. Services and government experienced substantial losses. Construction; transportation, communication, and public utilities; and finance, insurance, and real estate registered minor fluctuations.

Nonmanufacturing gained 13,000 over the year, with all major divisions recording increases. Over eighty percent of the gain occurred in trade and service industries.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

NEW OFFICE PARK PLANS UNVEILED FOR ROSWELL

Construction has started on a $170 million, 1.5 million square-foot office, hotel, and retail complex that is being built in Roswell by Prudential Insurance Company of America and Atlanta developer Kern & Padgett Management Company, Incorporated. The development, Holcombe Woods, will consist predominately of office buildings. The first phase, scheduled to be opened next fall, consists of a 25-acre section which will be developed as a business park for high-technology tenants. In the first phase, one of the four buildings will be designated for offices, while the remainder will include showrooms and service space as well as office quarters. Completion of the development, located at the intersection of Holcombe Bridge and Old Alabama Roads, is expected to come in the late 1980's. The phase that includes a 300-room hotel is scheduled for the mid-1980's. The specialty retail segment, still in the planning stages, will include at least 100,000 square feet of space to be occupied by "top-flight restaurants and boutiques." (*Atlanta Constitution*, 1/7/83)

ALL 7 METRO JEWEL T STORES AND 3 BIG STARS CLOSE

All seven metro Atlanta Jewel T Discount Grocery stores and three Big Star food markets recently closed. According to the Jewel T district manager, the stores were closed because earnings and sales were not up to expectations and was more a result of competition in the Atlanta market rather than the recession. A spokesman for Grand Union Company, the parent company of Big Star, which now runs 83 stores in Georgia, said stores at Hammond Square in Sandy Springs, in Douglasville, and in Monroe were shut down "because profitability was not acceptable."

OFFICE CONDO PARK PLANNED

Dubose-Jones Company, an Atlanta real estate investment and development firm, has paid $1.5 million for a 9.5-acre site on Northside Parkway where it plans to build a $9 million office condominium park. The park, to be named North Parkway Square, will be located across from the International Business Machines Complex and will include 100,000 square feet of office space. (*Atlanta Constitution*, 12/29/82)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,002.2	999.8	999.2	2.4	3.0
Manufacturing	300005	137.4	137.8	147.4	-.4	-10.0
Durable Goods	300025	68.4	68.6	75.4	-.2	-7.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	-.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.9	3.9	3.8	.0	.1
Household Furniture	325105	2.2	2.1	2.1	.1	.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	6.6	6.7	6.7	-.1	-.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.9	5.1	5.6	-.2	-.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.9	7.0	8.0	-.1	-1.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	8.2	8.1	8.5	.1	-.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	10.2	10.2	11.1	.0	-.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	21.6	21.5	25.7	.1	-4.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.0	69.3	71.9	-.3	-2.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	19.2	19.5	19.9	-.3	-.7
Meat Products	420105	5.1	5.5	5.5	-.4	-.4
Bakery Products	420505	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.7	4.7	5.9	.0	-1.2
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.6	1.6	2.4	.0	-.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.3	8.4	8.8	-.1	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.7	3.7	3.7	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.6	2.7	3.0	-.1	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.9	7.8	8.2	.1	-.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	4.3	4.2	4.6	.1	-.3
Printing and Publishing	427005	15.7	15.6	15.6	.1	.1
Commercial Printing	427505	6.8	6.7	6.8	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.0	7.2	7.4	-.2	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.2	6.1	6.1	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	864.8	862.0	851.8	2.8	13.0
Contract Construction	200005	44.9	45.0	44.6	-.1	.3
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	89.5	89.3	89.0	.2	.5
Transportation	500015	56.9	56.8	56.9	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	283.0	278.0	278.4	5.0	4.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.3	104.5	105.0	.8	.3
Wholesale Trade Durable Goods	650015	68.3	67.8	69.0	.5	-.7
Wholesale Trade Nondurable Goods	651005	36.9	36.7	36.0	.2	.9
Retail Trade	652005	177.8	173.5	173.5	4.3	4.3
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	68.1	68.3	67.5	-.2	.6
Finance	760025	26.9	26.9	26.0	.0	.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents and Brokers	763045	25.1	25.3	25.1	-.2	.0
Services	800055	217.8	218.5	211.6	-.7	6.2
Government	998008	161.4	162.8	160.7	-1.4	.7
Federal	998011	34.5	34.8	35.0	-.3	-.5
State and Local	998509	126.9	128.0	125.7	-1.1	1.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA
PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	92.7	92.9	101.7	- .2	-9.0
Durable Goods	300025	46.6	46.9	53.0	- .3	-6.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.1	46.0	48.7	.1	-2.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.4	11.5	12.6	-.1	-1.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.7	3.6	4.8	.1	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.5	6.5	7.1	.0	-.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.1	3.0	3.0	.1	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.0	2.0	2.4	.0	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.0	2.1	2.2	-.1	-.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	6.2	6.1	6.3	.1	-.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.5	3.7	3.7	-.2	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	5.1	5.2	4.9	-.1	.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.0	3.2	3.7	-.2	-.7
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.7	4.8	5.6	-.1	-.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.3	5.2	5.4	.1	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.0	13.9	17.9	.1	-3.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS & EARNINGS INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$325.96	$321.93	$312.82	39.8	39.5	39.2	$ 8.19	$ 8.15	$ 7.98
Durable Goods	300025	359.00	355.11	360.24	39.8	39.5	39.5	9.02	8.99	9.12
Nondurable Goods	400015	292.13	287.62	262.08	39.8	39.4	39.0	7.34	7.30	6.72
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$293.22	$284.65	$259.45	40.5	39.1	40.1	$ 7.24	$ 7.28	$ 6.47
Textile Mill Products	422005	187.34	189.34	197.10	34.5	34.3	34.1	5.43	5.52	5.78
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	160.89	169.67	171.12	33.8	36.1	36.8	4.76	4.70	4.65
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	155.18	154.92	160.01	33.3	33.9	35.4	4.66	4.57	4.52
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	157.65	179.18	168.59	33.4	38.7	37.8	4.72	4.63	4.46
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	209.35	220.41	165.56	36.6	38.2	32.4	5.72	5.77	5.11
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	238.38	205.20	235.20	43.9	40.0	44.8	5.43	5.13	5.25
Paper and Allied Products	426005	361.54	366.37	315.46	41.7	42.7	40.6	8.67	8.58	7.77
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	340.45	335.78	272.13	40.1	40.7	38.6	8.49	8.25	7.05
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	344.16	340.30	303.96	43.4	41.0	40.8	7.93	8.30	7.45
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	290.77	304.96	300.99	39.4	41.1	39.5	7.38	7.42	7.62
Primary Metal Industries	333005	466.09	447.76	506.41	39.2	38.7	44.5	11.89	11.57	11.38
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	346.71	336.60	277.86	39.0	39.6	37.6	8.89	8.50	7.39
Transportation Equipment	337005	491.11	501.30	482.79	38.1	38.8	38.5	12.89	12.92	12.54

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA totalled 44,300 in December, unchanged from the previous month and down 800 from a year ago. Most of the over-the-year decline was in nonmanufacturing while manufacturing experienced a slight decrement.

Manufacturing, at 11,800, lost 100 over both the month and the year. During December, a decline of 100 in food and kindred products manufacturing was reported. All other manufacturing segments were relatively stable during the month. Over the year, nondurable goods continued to outpace durable goods. This is in part because most durable goods are more costly and demand for them is seriously affected by tight money.

Contract construction, at 2,400, was up 100 for the month and 200 over the year. The outlook for this industry appears to be improving as interest rates continue to decline.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,200, were unchanged over the month and declined 100 during the year. This division usually remains relatively constant.

Trade, at 9,500, gained 100 over the month and declined 400 over the year. This industry continues to be a strong one in the Albany area as many people from surrounding areas come to Albany to shop. The decline from last December indicates that holiday sales may not have been quite as good as in the previous season.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,100, was relatively constant although a small decline was reported for the year. Services, at 6,100, was up 200 for the month and down 200 over the year. The newly-completed Albany Civic Center is due to open in February of 1983 and should have some positive impact on service employment as well as employment in other related industries.

Government, at 10,300, was down 200 over the month of December and also declined over the year. State and federal budget cuts indicate that government employment may dip even more during 1983.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	44.3	44.3	45.1	.0	-.8
Manufacturing	300005	11.8	11.9	11.9	-.1	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	2.3	2.3	2.6	.0	-.3
Primary and Fabricated Metals, Machine	333055	1.2	1.2	1.4	.0	-.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.6	9.3	-.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.7	2.4	-.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.8	.8	.7	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.5	32.4	33.2	.1	-.7
Contract Construction	200005	2.4	2.3	2.2	.1	.2
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.5	9.4	9.9	.1	-.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	6.8	6.7	7.2	.1	-.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.1	5.9	6.3	.2	-.2
Government	998008	10.3	10.5	10.5	-.2	-.2
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.9	.0	-.3
State and Local	998509	7.7	7.9	7.7	-.2	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 123,700, netting a gain of 500 jobs over the month primarily resulting from increments in retail trade. Annually, there was a loss of 500 because of less activity in manufacturing. All of the nonmanufacturing divisions recorded an increase over the year.

Manufacturing, at 33,900, rose 100 over the month, but dropped 2,200 over the year. The largest annual losses were in stone, clay, and glass products; textiles; and apparel.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month. An over-the-year loss of 800 was triggered by heavy declines in glass production. Metals and machinery, at 2,400, rose 100 over the month and over the year with moderate increments in nonelectrical machinery. Other durable goods, at 2,600, was essentially unchanged over the month, but climbed 300 over the year.

Food and kindred products, at 2,700, dropped 100 over the month and 200 over the year because of less business in both meat and bakery production. Textile mill products, at 8,200, rose 100 over the month due to more activity in broad woven goods. This industry lost 1,500 over the year primarily because of the closing of two facilities. Apparel, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 500 over the year mostly because of the permanent closing of one firm. Printing and publishing, at 1,000, was unchanged from last month, but rose 100 from December 1981 with more activity in commercial printing. Other nondurable goods, at 11,900, climbed 100 over the month and 400 over the year because of more business in paper and chemicals.

Construction, at 5,200, was unchanged over the month, but rose 400 over the year because of more activity in industrial building. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, remained unchanged from November, but climbed 100 over the year with scattered increments. Trade, at 24,300, gained 300 over the month because of the usual seasonal Christmas business increase and rose 500 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year with scattered increments. Services and mining, at 18,500, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year precipitated by the opening of new firms. Government, at 32,700, remained unchanged over the month, but climbed 400 over the year with the major part of the annual increase concentrated in the federal sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by August Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.7	123.2	124.2	.5	-.5
Manufacturing	300005	33.9	33.8	36.1	.1	-2.2
Durable Goods	300025	8.3	8.3	8.8	.0	-.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	2.6	2.6	3.4	.0	-.8
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.3	2.3	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.6	2.6	2.3	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.6	25.5	27.3	.1	-1.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.8	2.9	-.1	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	8.2	8.1	9.7	.1	-1.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.4	.0	-.5
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	1.0	.9	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	11.9	11.8	11.5	.1	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.8	89.5	88.1	.3	1.7
Contract Construction	200005	5.2	5.2	4.8	.0	.4
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.3	24.0	23.8	.3	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.2	19.9	19.8	.3	.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.6	4.4	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	18.5	18.5	18.3	.0	.2
Government	998008	32.7	32.7	32.3	.0	.4
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.1	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	25.3	25.3	25.2	.0	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Columbus area, at 79,100, advanced 700 from the November estimate. Manufacturing declined 100 from one month ago while nonmanufacturing gained 800. Annually, employment declined 500 as manufacturing dropped 100 while nonmanufacturing lost 400 workers.

The monthly decrement of 100 in manufacturing was centered in the metals and machinery group and in food and kindred products. A gain of 100 took place in textile mill products. The over-the-month increment of 800 workers in nonmanufacturing was primarily in retail trade while smaller gains were noted in wholesale trade and in local government. Services and mining dropped from November by 100 workers.

Over-the-year manufacturing gains in textile mill products and in printing and publishing were offset by losses in lumber and wood products, metals and machinery, and food and kindred products.

Nonmanufacturing declined by 400 from December, 1981, with contract construction; transportation and public utilities; retail trade; and services and mining contributing to the loss. Annual gains were noted in finance, insurance, and real estate and in government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann. (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	79.1	78.4	79.6	.7	-.5
Manufacturing	300005	18.6	18.7	18.7	-.1	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	4.1	4.2	4.5	-.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.3	.3	.5	.0	-.2
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fab. Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.0	3.1	3.3	-.1	-.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	14.5	14.5	14.2	.0	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	4.0	4.1	4.2	-.1	-.2
Textile Mills Products	422005	7.3	7.2	6.9	.1	.4
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	60.5	59.7	60.9	.8	-.4
Contract Construction	200005	4.8	4.8	5.2	.0	-.4
Transportation and Public Utilities (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.2	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.6	15.8	16.9	.8	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.4	2.3	2.4	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	14.2	13.5	14.5	.7	-.3
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	5.5	5.5	5.4	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.0	11.1	11.4	-.1	-.4
Government	998008	19.6	19.5	18.8	.1	.8
Federal	998011	6.6	6.6	6.2	.0	.4
State and Local	998509	13.0	12.9	12.6	.1	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 98,200 in December. The estimate is up 200 from November and down 200 from December 1981. During the month, manufacturing was unchanged, and nonmanufacturing added 200. Over the year, manufacturing was unchanged, while nonmanufacturing registered a loss of 100.

Although manufacturing remained unchanged during the month, small offsetting fluctuations occurred in durable and nondurable goods. Annually, durable goods declined 400 with losses in lumber and wood, nonelectrical machinery, and "other durable goods." Part of the annual drop in "other durable goods" was due to the closing of a plant manufacturing shower stalls. Nondurable goods advanced 300 with gains in food, textiles, and paper being partially offset by a decrease in apparel. Most of the loss in apparel resulted from less business at a home furnishing plant.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 200 from last month, but was 100 below the December 1981 figure. During the month, a seasonal gain in retail trade was partially offset by small decreases in construction, services, and government. Annually, construction dropped 900 with most of the decline in general construction and special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities and finance, insurance, and real estate recorded small losses while trade, services, and government showed moderate gains.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews. (912) 744-6170.

MACON
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.2	98.0	98.4	.2	-.2
Manufacturing	300005	16.8	16.8	16.8	.0	.0
Durable Goods	300025	5.7	5.8	6.1	-.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.3	.0	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.7	3.7	4.0	.0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.1	11.0	10.8	.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.5	1.5	1.3	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Finished Textile Prod.	423005	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	81.4	81.2	81.5	.2	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	3.0	3.1	3.9	-.1	-.9
Transportation and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	20.8	21.0	.5	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	3.7	3.7	3.8	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.6	17.1	17.2	.5	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.3	.0	-.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.0	17.1	16.5	-.1	.5
Government	998008	29.6	29.7	29.3	-.1	.3
Federal	948011	16.5	16.5	16.3	.0	.2
State and Local	996509	13.2	13.2	13.0	.0	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

In the final month of 1982, total nonagricultural wage and salary employment continued to lag behind year-ago levels. The estimated total employment figure stood at 88,500, up 800 over Novembers level but 700 below December 1981s level.

Manufacturing employment declined 300 since December 1981. In the first few months of 1982, manufacturing employment increased to a level of 16,400. Since April of this year, however, employment in this sector has gradually been declining.

Employment in durable goods manufacturing appears to have leveled off. Other durable goods and lumber and wood products lost employment over the year while transportation equipment increased over the year.

Nondurable goods manufacturing employment decreased 400 over the year. Paper and allied products was the largest loser in the nondurable goods sector with a loss of almost 400 over the year.

Nonmanufacturing employment in the Savannah SMSA declined 500 over the year. Contract construction declined almost 600 as all sectors of the construction industry ended the year with a loss. Building construction was the hardest hit and accounted for approximately 50 percent of the loss.

Wholesale and retail trade lost almost 500 in employment over the year. The only significant loss occurred in furniture stores which declined almost 300 over the year. The remainder of the loss was scattered among the various other sectors.

Government increased approximately 400 over the year. Both federal and state and local government increased 200. The gains are well distributed among the reporting sectors.

In December 1981, the unemployment rate in the Savannah SMSA stood at 6.3 percent. In November 1982, the unemployment rate was recorded at 8.4 percent. The longer the recession continues, the more impact it has on the local employment situation. The decline in interest rates is expected to cause the construction industry to increase in the early part of 1983.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.5	87.7	89.2	.8	-.7
Manufacturing	300005	15.8	16.0	16.1	-.2	-.3
Durable Goods	300025	6.9	6.8	6.8	.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.1	1.2	.1	.0
Millwork, Plywood and Prefab. Struc. Prod.	324305	.4	.4	.5	.0	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.7	3.5	3.3	.2	.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.9	9.2	9.3	-.3	-.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.8	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.8	4.0	4.2	-.2	-.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.9	.8	-.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.6	71.7	73.1	.9	-.5
Contract Construction	200005	4.2	4.3	4.8	-.1	-.6
Transportation and Public Utilties (excluding U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.8	8.3	8.8	.5	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	22.1	21.9	22.6	.2	-.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.3	4.5	-.1	-.3
Retail Trade	652005	17.9	17.6	18.1	.3	-.2
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	16.4	16.4	16.3	.0	.1
Government	998008	16.9	16.7	16.5	.2	.4
Federal	998011	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	14.1	13.9	13.9	.2	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's) INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH NOV. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH OCT. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO NOV. 81	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.5	10.9	11.5	-.4	-1.0
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	5.1	5.4	-.1	-.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.5	5.8	6.1	-.3	-.6
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.8	.8	.9	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.4	2.6	2.9	-.2	-.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.2	1.3	1.3	-.1	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.2	3.1	3.1	.1	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1981 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS & EARNINGS INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH DEC. 82	 PREVIOUS MONTH NOV. 82	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO DEC. 81
Total Manufacturing	300005	$430.08	$402.75	$393.39	48.0	44.9	46.5	$ 8.96	$ 8.97	$ 8.46
Durable Goods	300025	418.62	363.15	357.06	49.6	43.7	44.3	8.44	8.31	8.06
Nondurable Goods	400015	439.89	436.97	425.83	46.5	45.9	48.5	9.46	9.52	8.78
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$231.81	$232.93	$224.32	38.7	40.3	37.7	$ 5.99	$ 5.78	$ 5.95
Paper and Allied Products	426005	559.04	565.92	543.72	50.5	52.4	54.7	11.07	10.80	9.94
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	341.64	317.75	318.40	43.8	41.0	44.1	7.80	7.75	7.22
Transportation Equipment	337005	487.97	422.28	408.61	53.8	46.1	45.3	9.07	9.16	9.02

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981	REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,657,206	2,662,855	2,611,421	-5,649	45,785
Employed	2,448,601	2,447,405	2,424,224	1,196	24,377
Unemployed	208,605	215,450	187,197	-6,845	21,408
Rate	7.9	8.1	7.2	—	—
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	54,688	54,868	53,549	-180	1,139
Employed	49,849	49,884	49,419	-35	430
Unemployed	4,839	4,984	4,130	-145	709
Rate	8.8	9.1	7.7	—	—
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,113,552	1,111,119	1,082,417	2,433	31,135
Employed	1,041,557	1,037,601	1,020,593	3,956	20,964
Unemployed	71,995	73,518	61,824	-1,523	10,171
Rate	6.5	6.6	5.7	—	—
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	139,567	139,867	132,414	-300	7,153
Employed	126,666	126,045	123,395	621	3,271
Unemployed	12,901	13,822	9,019	-921	3,882
Rate	9.2	9.9	6.8	—	—
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,310	89,743	92,015	567	-1,705
Employed	81,174	80,484	81,804	690	-630
Unemployed	9,136	9,259	10,211	-123	-1,075
Rate	10.1	10.3	11.1	—	—
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,743	109,471	107,423	272	2,320
Employed	101,990	101,633	99,908	357	2,082
Unemployed	7,753	7,838	7,515	-85	238
Rate	7.1	7.2	7.0	—	—
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100,835	100,184	98,320	651	2,515
Employed	92,534	91,675	91,849	859	685
Unemployed	8,301	8,509	6,471	-208	1,830
Rate	8.2	8.5	6.6	—	—

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	139,567	139,867	132,414	-300	7,153
Employed	126,666	126,045	123,395	621	3,271
Unemployed	12,901	13,822	9,019	-921	3,882
Rate	9.2	9.9	6.8	—	—
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	93,384	94,152	90,467	-768	2,917
Employed	86,211	85,848	84,736	363	1,475
Unemployed	7,173	8,304	5,731	-1,131	1,442
Rate	7.7	8.8	6.3	—	—
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	46,183	45,715	41,947	468	4,236
Employed	40,455	40,197	38,659	258	1,796
Unemployed	5,728	5,518	3,288	210	2,440
Rate	12.4	12.1	7.8	—	—

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,310	89,743	92,015	567	-1,705
Employed	81,174	80,484	81,804	690	-630
Unemployed	9,136	9,259	10,211	-123	-1,075
Rate	10.1	10.3	11.1	—	—
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	72,321	71,771	73,474	550	-1,153
Employed	66,237	65,697	66,521	540	-284
Unemployed	6,084	6,074	6,953	10	-869
Rate	8.4	8.5	9.5	—	—
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,989	17,972	18,541	17	-552
Employed	14,937	14,787	15,283	150	-346
Unemployed	3,052	3,185	3,258	-133	-206
Rate	17.0	17.7	17.6	—	—

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY DEC. 1982	REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED NOV. 1982	REVISED DEC. 1981
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,657,206	2,662,855	2,611,421	-5,649	45,785
Employed	2,448,601	2,447,405	2,424,224	1,196	24,377
Unemployed	208,605	215,450	187,197	-6,845	21,408
Rate	7.9	8.1	7.2	—	—
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,594,198	1,591,801	1,554,223	2,397	39,975
Employed	1,483,363	1,477,391	1,457,586	5,972	25,777
Unemployed	110,835	114,410	96,637	-3,575	14,198
Rate	7.0	7.2	6.2	—	—
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,063,008	1,071,054	1,057,198	-8,046	5,810
Employed	965,238	970,014	966,638	-4,776	-1,400
Unemployed	97,770	101,040	90,560	-327	7,210
Rate	9.2	9.4	8.6	—	—

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

4/5/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **FEBRUARY 1983** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(January Data)

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, TV STATIONS ASSIST JOBLESS

The Georgia State Employment Service and WXIA-TV, Atlanta, cooperated to produce "Target: JOBS," a live, two-hour program which was aired January 27. The program's thrust was two-fold: to identify job openings within the station's viewing area and to give the unemployed as much helpful information as possible to enable them to obtain jobs.

One feature of the program was 30-second video resumes by Employment Service applicants. Personnel of five local Employment Service offices screened their files to select a group with a wide range of occupational specialties. Twenty of those selected agreed to appear and relate their skills, among which were country and western musician, professor of art history, sheet metal worker, stock clerk, executive secretary, electrical engineer, and social worker. At least 12 of these people were contacted by prospective employers within 48 hours after the show aired, and four of them were at work on their new jobs within a few days.

Another feature of the program was informational segments on such topics as "Coping with Unemployment," "Black Youth Unemployment," "Where to Go for Help," "Where Are the New Jobs?" and "How to Get a Job." These subjects were discussed by experts from various organizations and were designed to answer frequently-asked questions.

Area employers were invited to call in to file job orders with the Employment Service or to inform the public about job vacancies in their businesses. About 300 job orders were taken by the Employment Service during the two-hour period when the Target: JOBS telephones were manned.

WXIA-TV offered $10,000 worth of free advertising to the employer listing the greatest number of jobs. Winner was the Waverly Hotel, which opens April 15 in the Galleria Complex in Cobb County. The Marietta Employment Service office staff and Waverly Hotel Personnel Department staff will conduct a mass hiring at the Cobb Civic Center March 10-12 to fill the 500 positions.

In addition, WXIA-TV has prepared a pamphlet to serve as a resource guide for job hunters. A free copy may be obtained by sending a stamped, self-addressed, legal-sized envelope to:

Target: JOBS
WXIA-TV
1611 West Peachtree Street, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia 30309

Copies are also available at any Job Service office of the Georgia Department of Labor.

The Employment Service is assisting WSB-TV, Atlanta, in a Job-A-Thon to be aired from 2:00 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. on Saturday, March 26, 1983 from their studios. Although the aims of the Job-A-Thon are similar to those of Target: JOBS, the approach will be somewhat different. Members of the National Alliance of Business will conduct a telephone campaign requesting job orders. WSB will conduct a mail campaign, and members of the DeKalb and Atlanta Junior Leagues will follow up by telephone, inviting Atlanta area employers to participate.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

The station will air about 80 Employment Service job opening ads per week during the four weeks immediately preceding the Job-A-Thon. Additionally, they will produce a twenty-part job-hunting series which will be presented on their 6:00 p.m. newscasts Monday through Friday beginning February 28. Two half-hour specials will be broadcast on March 13 and March 20.

WSB will provide telephones at the station during the campaign. These will be manned by volunteers who will accept job orders and answer questions. All job orders and referrals will be processed through the Georgia State Employment Service.

Two workshops for the unemployed will be held at the World Congress Center. The one to be held on Thursday, March 17, will be for the semi-skilled. The second, to be held on the following day, will be for people in professional, technical, managerial, clerical, and sales occupations. Because of space limitations, a free invitation must be obtained in advance from WSB.

A third telethon is scheduled by WTOC-TV, Savannah. The program will be presented on Saturday, April 2, from 2:00 to 4:00 p.m. Job applicants will present their resumes on video tape, and Employment Service staff in the Savannah office will be available to take job orders by telephone. Guest speakers will advise viewers about training opportunities and provide job-hunting suggestions.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

American Airlines To Fly From Atlanta

American Airlines will return to Atlanta next month following a 22-year absence from this market. On April 24, the airline will begin four nonstop flights between Atlanta and Dallas-Fort Worth.

New Hotel For Downtown Atlanta

A $10 million, 11-story structure to be called the Hotel Ibis will be built at the corner of Williams Street and International Boulevard in downtown Atlanta. The French-owned hotel will have 260 moderately-priced guest rooms.

Two New Amusement Parks

White Water, Incorporated, a subsidiary of Silver Dollar City Incorporated, will build two new parks in the Atlanta area. One, which will cost $10.3 million, will be located on 78 acres in Cobb County. The other, which will cost $9.3 million, will occupy a 27-acre site in DeKalb County. The main attraction at each park will be a giant wave pool where people can raft or body-surf on computer-controlled, four-foot waves.

Industrial Park For Southwest DeKalb

Ground will be broken soon for the first phase of a $15 million industrial park in Southwest DeKalb County. To be called Atlanta International Industrial Park, the 700-acre site is located on Interstate 285 where the planned I-675 will intersect. The park will be developed in two phases.

Shopping Center To Be Built Around Broadcasting Tower

A 356,000 square-foot shopping center costing $20 million will be built around WSB-Radio's broadcasting tower on LaVista Road in Atlanta. Called Northlake Tower Festival, the center will have more than 100 retail outlets and a 120-room Marriott Hotel.

Augusta's Enterprise Mill To Close

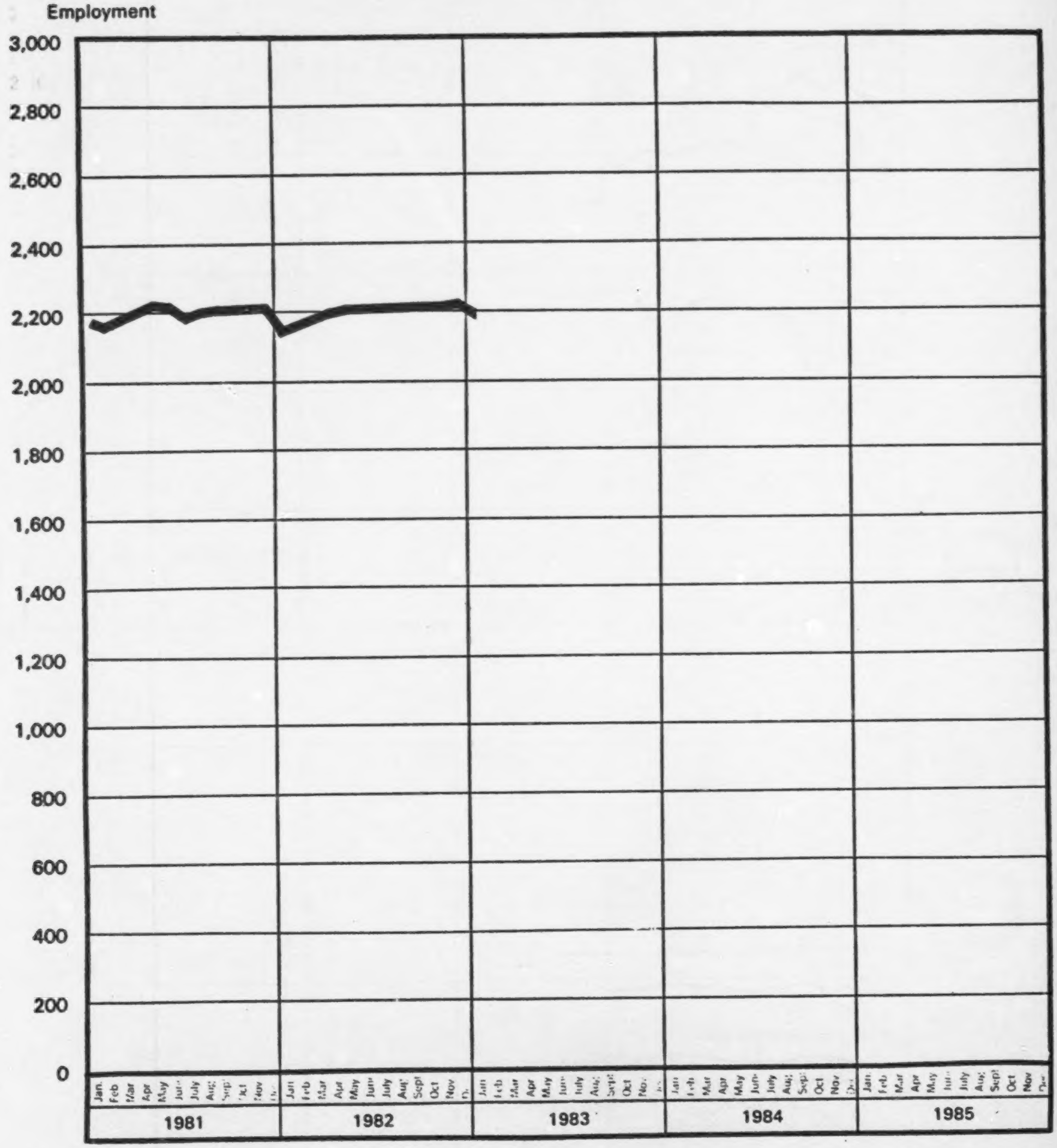
The Graniteville Company, owner of Enterprise Mill in Augusta, has announced a reorganization program which involves the modernization of some of its facilities and the shutdown of others. Enterprise Mill is one of those to be closed. Some 425 employees will be laid off.

Crystal Springs Mill Reopens

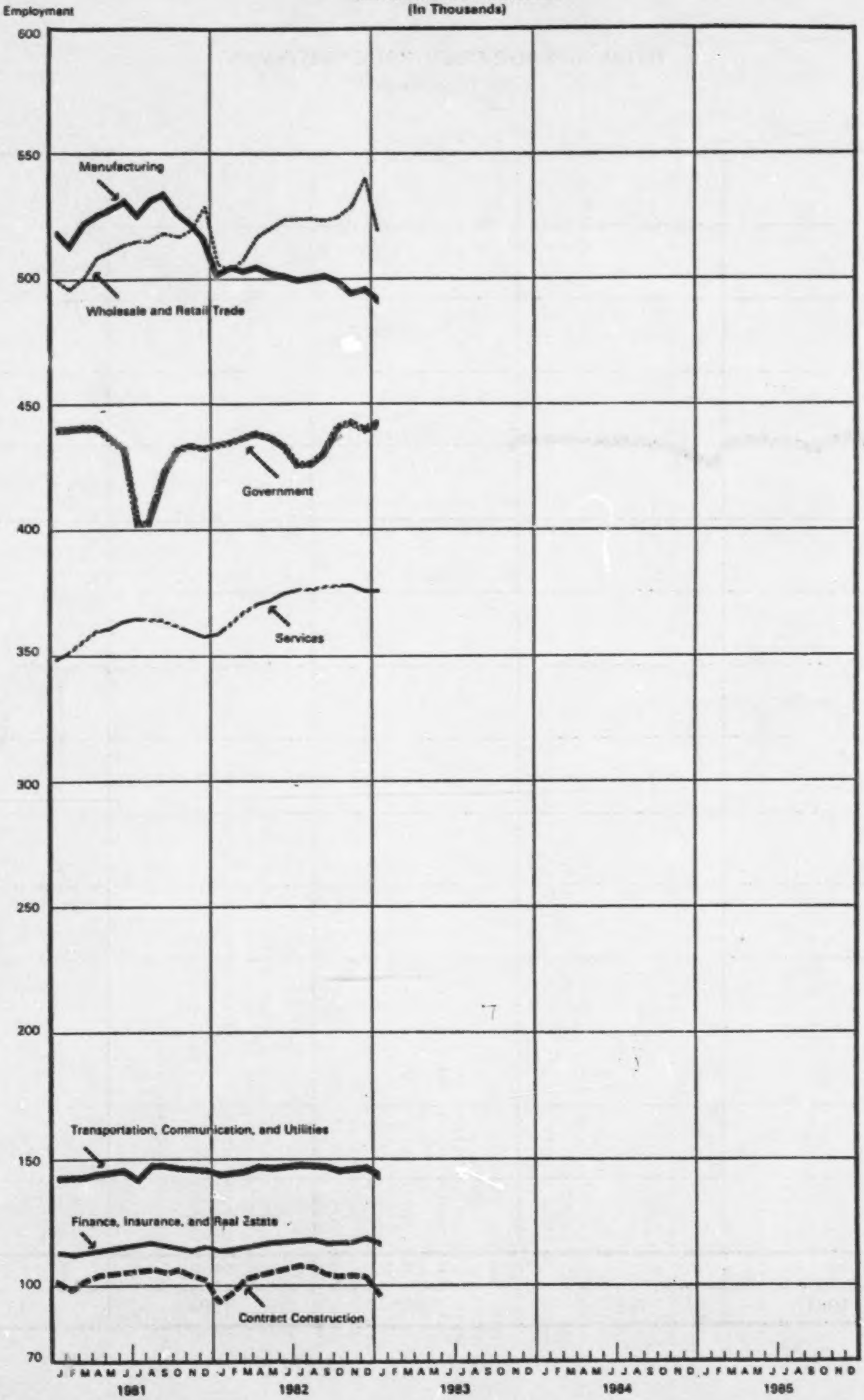
Crystal Springs Textile Mill in Chickamauga has reopened under new ownership. Local businessmen, including two former employees, have purchased the mill from Dan River, Incorporated, the parent company. About 75 percent of the laid-off workers have been rehired.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,195.8	2,226.5	2,160.1	-30.7	35.7
Manufacturing	300005	491.4	495.4	502.0	-4.0	-10.6
Durable Goods	300025	171.8	173.6	177.8	-1.8	-6.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.9	27.9	26.2	.0	1.7
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	13.7	13.8	13.0	-.1	.7
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.1	9.0	9.3	.1	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	5.5	5.4	5.5	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	15.6	15.6	15.9	.0	-.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.1	15.2	16.8	-.1	-1.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	16.8	17.0	18.5	-.2	-1.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.2	19.4	21.9	-.2	-2.7
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	22.0	21.9	23.9	.1	-1.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	34.3	35.7	33.8	-1.4	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.7	11.7	11.4	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	319.7	321.8	324.2	-2.1	-4.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	56.8	58.0	57.2	-1.2	-.4
Meat Products	420105	20.5	21.0	20.7	-.5	-.2
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.0	15.3	15.2	-.3	-.2
Dairy Products	420205	4.4	4.5	4.3	-.1	.1
Bakery Products	420505	8.5	8.7	9.0	-.2	-.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	102.1	103.5	106.5	-1.4	-4.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	22.9	24.3	25.3	-1.4	-2.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.9	3.9	4.1	.0	-.2
Knitting Mills	422505	9.2	9.1	9.1	.1	.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	27.6	27.5	27.1	.1	.5
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	20.4	20.5	21.5	-.1	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.0	69.0	69.1	.0	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	38.9	38.9	38.4	.0	.5
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.2	20.9	21.0	.3	.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.1	27.1	27.5	.0	-.4
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.8	12.6	13.2	.2	-.4
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.6	6.7	6.6	-.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.0	26.1	24.5	-.1	1.5
Commercial Printing	427505	9.9	9.9	9.1	.0	.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.0	16.5	17.5	.5	-.5
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.2	2.2	2.6	.0	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	-.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.5	19.6	19.6	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,704.3	1,731.2	1,658.1	-26.9	46.2
Mining	100005	7.2	7.4	7.3	-.2	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	96.6	103.5	94.5	-6.9	2.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	144.3	146.3	144.0	-2.0	.3
Transportation	500015	83.3	85.4	83.8	-2.1	-.5
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.6	38.6	38.6	.0	.0
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.4	22.3	21.6	.1	.8
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	519.1	540.0	505.7	-20.9	13.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	164.5	166.5	160.3	-2.0	4.2
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	99.5	100.3	97.5	-.8	2.0
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	65.0	66.2	62.8	-1.2	2.2
Retail Trade	652005	354.6	373.4	345.4	-18.8	9.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	117.6	117.9	114.3	-.3	3.3
Finance	760025	51.6	51.6	49.7	.0	1.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.5	42.6	41.8	-.1	.7
Real Estate	765075	23.5	23.7	22.8	-.2	.7
Services	800005	377.4	376.3	358.9	1.1	18.5
Government	998008	442.2	439.8	433.3	2.4	8.9
Federal	998011	84.9	84.2	83.5	.7	1.4
State and Local	998509	357.3	355.6	349.9	1.7	7.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	365.4	369.6	382.1	-4.2	-16.7
Durable Goods	300025	124.7	126.5	131.4	-1.8	-6.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	240.6	243.1	250.7	-2.5	-10.1
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	38.1	39.2	39.5	-1.1	-1.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	83.8	85.4	90.1	-1.6	-6.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.2	21.6	22.6	-1.4	-2.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Knitting Mills	422505	7.5	7.5	7.5	.0	.0
Floor Covering Mills	422705	22.7	22.7	22.3	.0	.4
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	16.8	17.1	17.9	-.3	-1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.0	59.0	58.8	.0	.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.7	33.6	32.7	.1	1.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.0	17.8	18.1	.2	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.0	21.9	21.2	.1	.8
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.9	8.0	7.9	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.3	20.4	21.1	-.1	-.8
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.5	9.3	10.1	.2	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.2	9.8	10.6	.4	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.7	1.7	2.0	.0	-.3
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	11.7	11.6	11.9	.1	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.4	10.5	12.1	-.1	-1.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.1	13.3	14.5	-.2	-1.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.0	13.1	15.4	-.1	-2.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	14.5	14.6	16.6	-.1	-2.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.7	24.2	22.3	-1.5	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$276.21	$279.16	$200.33	39.8	40.4	29.9	$ 6.94	$ 6.91	$ 6.70
Durable Goods	300025	313.84	317.82	227.79	40.6	41.6	30.7	7.73	7.64	7.42
Nondurable Goods	400015	256.89	259.50	185.51	39.4	39.8	29.4	6.52	6.52	6.31
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$254.92	$256.10	$209.30	39.4	39.4	35.0	$ 6.47	$ 6.50	$ 5.98
Textile Mill Products	422005	242.61	246.02	145.66	40.3	40.8	25.2	6.02	6.03	5.78
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	249.49	246.24	144.07	40.7	40.5	25.1	6.13	6.08	5.74
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	274.56	283.60	204.70	41.6	43.1	32.7	6.60	6.58	6.26
Knitting Mills	422505	212.22	223.97	133.10	39.3	42.1	24.2	5.40	5.32	5.50
Floor Covering Mills	422705	250.10	270.32	140.60	40.6	43.6	24.2	6.16	6.20	5.81
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	239.80	224.22	173.12	39.9	37.0	29.9	6.01	6.06	5.79
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	170.97	166.47	115.52	36.3	35.8	25.5	4.71	4.65	4.53
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	171.70	164.96	117.71	36.3	35.4	25.7	4.73	4.66	4.58
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	170.29	163.30	119.17	36.7	35.5	26.9	4.64	4.60	4.43
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	231.01	228.94	162.54	41.4	41.4	30.1	5.58	5.53	5.40
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	209.56	221.82	123.69	40.3	44.1	24.3	5.20	5.03	5.09
Paper and Allied Products	426005	453.78	454.03	382.53	43.3	43.2	38.6	10.48	10.51	9.91
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	502.71	548.89	479.17	43.3	45.4	43.8	11.61	12.09	10.94
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	357.41	372.61	300.67	41.9	44.2	38.4	8.53	8.43	7.83
Leather and Leather Products	431005	142.42	152.69	128.17	34.4	35.1	30.3	4.14	4.35	4.23
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	312.36	312.00	226.57	41.1	41.6	30.7	7.60	7.50	7.38
Primary Metal Industries	333005	329.49	342.30	279.32	37.4	39.3	32.9	8.81	8.71	8.49
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	272.76	301.26	226.13	38.8	41.9	33.5	7.03	7.19	6.75
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	338.33	335.28	258.72	44.4	43.6	33.0	7.62	7.69	7.84
Transportation Equipment	337005	475.59	462.31	320.46	41.5	41.5	29.7	11.46	11.14	10.79

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S JANUARY EMPLOYMENT TAKES NORMAL SEASONAL DROP

A decline of 8,200 jobs from December in the Atlanta area was primarily due to post-holiday season layoffs in trade industries, a decline in services, and temporary plant closings in manufacturing. Among the major industry divisions, only government registered an increase. Still, January's 1,013,500 total nonfarm wage and salary employment, excluding domestics, was 34,200 above the same month last year.

Both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing industries reported losses. One automobile assembly plant was temporarily idled, and one broad woven cotton fabric mill shut down for a short period.

Nonmanufacturing declined 6,400 because of seasonal layoffs in trade and a substantial loss in the service industries. The greatest losses reported among the service industries were in membership organizations, social services, medical services, and automobile repair. Contract construction fell 800 with less activity in heavy construction and special trades contracting. The transportation segment in the transportation, communications, and public utilities group accounted for a 500 drop with small losses in railroads, trucking, and air transportation. Finance, insurance, and real estate experienced very small fluctuations. The increase in government was shared almost equally by the federal and the state and local government sectors.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Wilson Financial Corporation, a Jacksonville-based diversified company, will develop a $300 million, 1,000-acre office/industrial park in Cobb County. Construction is scheduled to begin in May on the project, which is to be named Highlands Park. Featuring a controlled environment and low density, the park will compete for the high technology market along with general office and light industry.

Entrance to the park will be on South Cobb Drive near its intersection with Interstate 285. Two major rail lines, Seaboard Coast Line and Southern Railway, run through the property. The project will total 13 million square feet of buildings. Development of 100 acres per year is planned over the next 12 years. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, 2/23/83).

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,013.5	1,021.7	979.3	-8.2	34.2
Manufacturing	300005	137.8	139.7	141.7	-1.9	-3.9
Durable Goods	300025	68.6	70.0	71.4	-1.4	-2.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.6	2.5	.1	.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.4	3.5	3.5	-.1	-.1
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.7	6.5	6.4	.2	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.7	4.8	5.2	-.1	-.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.6	6.7	7.5	-.1	-.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.2	7.4	7.6	-.2	-.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.2	11.5	12.2	-.3	-1.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	21.3	22.3	22.0	-1.0	-.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	4.8	4.8	4.6	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.1	69.7	70.3	-.6	-1.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.8	18.6	18.4	.2	.4
Meat Products	420105	4.8	4.9	4.7	-.1	.1
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.4	3.4	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.2	4.5	5.5	-.3	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.0	1.3	2.0	-.3	-1.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.2	8.3	8.7	-.1	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.8	2.9	3.2	-.1	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.5	7.6	7.8	-.1	-.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.8	3.8	4.1	.0	-.3
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.8	16.9	16.1	-.1	.7
Commercial Printing	427505	7.6	7.6	6.9	.0	.7
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.5	7.3	7.6	.2	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.4	6.2	-.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	875.7	882.1	837.6	-6.4	38.1
Contract Construction	200005	45.9	46.7	39.6	-.8	6.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	91.7	92.2	90.3	-.5	1.4
Transportation	500015	56.8	57.4	56.4	-.6	.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	288.5	292.3	270.8	-3.8	17.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	107.6	108.4	104.4	-.8	3.2
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	71.4	72.1	70.0	-.7	1.4
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	36.2	36.2	34.4	.0	1.8
Retail Trade	652005	180.9	183.9	166.4	-3.0	14.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	70.1	70.2	69.0	-.1	1.1
Finance	760025	27.6	27.5	26.5	.1	1.1
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.3	26.5	26.3	-.2	.0
Services	800055	214.9	217.4	206.8	-2.5	8.1
Government	998008	164.6	163.3	161.1	1.3	3.5
Federal	998011	32.7	32.0	32.7	.7	.0
State and Local	998509	131.9	131.3	128.4	.6	3.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	93.4	95.1	97.6	-1.7	-4.2
Durable Goods	300025	47.5	48.9	50.2	-1.4	-2.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.8	46.2	47.4	-.4	-1.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.7	11.5	11.6	.2	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.6	4.6	-.3	-1.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	6.8	7.3	-.1	-.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.3	2.3	2.6	.0	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.9	3.0	3.0	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.6	5.8	5.8	-.2	-.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.9	3.8	4.0	.1	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.2	5.0	4.6	.2	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	2.9	2.9	3.5	.0	-.6
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.5	4.5	5.2	.0	-.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.2	5.4	5.6	-.2	-.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	13.8	14.6	14.2	-.8	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$323.26	$326.33	$218.10	38.9	39.7	27.4	$ 8.31	$ 8.22	$ 7.96
Durable Goods	300025	356.57	360.30	247.98	38.8	39.9	27.8	9.19	9.03	8.92
Nondurable Goods	400015	288.60	289.93	187.80	39.0	39.5	27.1	7.40	7.34	6.93
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$281.08	$294.76	$191.36	39.7	40.6	29.9	$ 7.08	$ 7.26	$ 6.40
Textile Mill Products	422005	196.90	189.41	125.87	35.8	34.5	22.2	5.50	5.49	5.67
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	170.18	157.18	80.49	33.9	33.3	16.7	5.02	4.72	4.82
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	175.85	163.44	68.88	35.1	34.7	14.5	5.01	4.71	4.75
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	155.69	136.65	102.45	32.1	30.3	21.3	4.85	4.51	4.81
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	206.27	209.35	142.31	36.9	36.6	26.5	5.59	5.72	5.37
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	238.77	235.64	128.66	43.1	43.8	24.6	5.54	5.38	5.23
Paper and Allied Products	426005	379.18	363.69	235.63	42.7	41.9	28.7	8.88	8.68	8.21
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	356.99	340.49	179.41	42.6	40.2	23.3	8.38	8.47	7.70
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	340.61	345.97	224.44	40.5	43.3	29.3	8.41	7.99	7.66
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	293.36	299.74	199.33	36.9	39.7	25.2	7.95	7.55	7.91
Primary Metal Industries	333005	453.18	461.78	358.79	38.7	39.2	31.5	11.71	11.78	11.39
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	318.41	369.20	226.88	35.3	40.0	29.2	9.02	9.23	7.77
Transportation Equipment	337005	502.27	486.11	311.25	38.4	37.8	24.9	13.08	12.86	12.50

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA was estimated at 43,400 in January, up 100 from December. Over the year, a decline of 1,000 was recorded.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, declined 100 for the month and 400 during the year. Food products manufacturing gained some jobs during the month. Most of this gain consisted of previously laid-off employees being called back to work. Over the year, the decline was primarily in durable goods, specifically fabricated metals and machinery. Textiles and "other durable goods" were also down over the year. Food products gained 500 for the year, a substantial improvement.

Nonmanufacturing, at 31,900, gained 100 for the month and showed a decline of 600 over the year. Government recorded the largest decline during the year.

Construction, at 1,800, was unchanged for the month and down 100 over the year. This industry has been stabilized somewhat during the past year by increased heavy construction activity. More major construction is tentatively scheduled for this year. A check with city officials in Albany indicated that building permits were up from last year, and the outlook is for some improvement in this industry.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,300, was unchanged over the year and month. Trade, at 9,400, was up 100 in January and unchanged over the year. Declines in wholesale trade over the year were offset by increments in the retail sector.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,200, was unchanged for the month and gained 200 during the year, primarily in the finance portion of this division. Services, at 5,900, was unchanged for the month and declined 300 over the year. Most of the annual decline was in personal services and health services.

Government, at 10,400, was up 100 for the month and reported a decline of 400 over the year. Federal, state, and local sectors all experienced declines during the year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.4	43.3	44.4	.1	-1.0
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.6	11.9	-.1	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	2.0	2.0	2.6	.0	-.6
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.2	1.1	1.4	.1	-.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.9	.9	1.2	.0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.6	9.3	-.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.1	2.7	.1	.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	-.1
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	31.9	31.8	32.5	.1	-.6
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.8	1.9	.0	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.3	2.3	2.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.3	9.4	.1	.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	-.2
Retail Trade	652005	6.8	6.7	6.6	.1	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	5.9	5.9	6.2	.0	-.3
Government	998008	10.4	10.3	10.8	.1	-.4
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	-.2
State and Local	998509	7.8	7.7	7.9	.1	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	53.3	52.7	52.7	.6	.6
Manufacturing	300005	13.8	13.9	14.5	-.1	-.7
Durable Goods	300025	4.2	4.3	5.1	-.1	-.9
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.2	2.2	2.9	.0	-.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.6	9.4	.0	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	3.0	2.9	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.3	3.2	3.3	.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	39.5	38.8	38.2	.7	1.3
Contract Construction	200005	1.5	1.7	1.4	-.2	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.5	10.6	10.0	-.1	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.6	8.7	8.1	-.1	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.2	7.2	6.5	.0	.7
Government	998008	17.1	16.2	17.2	.9	-.1
Federal	998011	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	15.1	14.2	15.2	.9	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 122,300 in January, representing a loss of 1,800 jobs over the month. The decrease was concentrated in manufacturing, trade, and construction. Annually, a rise of 200 jobs was recorded.

Manufacturing, at 33,100, dropped 400 over the month and 2,000 over the year. The largest loss over the month was in textile mill products, while annual losses occurred through most of the division.

Lumber and wood products, at 600, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,600, rose 100 over the month, but dropped 600 over the year. The annual loss was tied to construction products in light demand. Metals and machinery, at 2,400, was steady over the month, but rose 100 over the year. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, did not change over the month, but climbed 200 over the year resulting from increased activity in transportation equipment. Food and kindred products, at 2,700, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered decrements. Textile mill products registered a loss of 500 over the month. This loss was attributable to temporary layoffs to deplete inventories. This segment dropped 1,700 over the year because of modernization of existing facilities and equipment, lack of product demand, and imports. Apparel and other finished textile products, at 1,800, dropped 200 over the month as product demand decreased. This segment lost 600 over the year partially as a result of the closing of one firm. Printing and publishing, at 1,000, was unchanged over the month, but rose over the year due to more business in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,200, rose 200 over the month and 400 over the year. These gains were attributable to more activity in paper and chemicals.

Construction, at 5,400, dropped 300 over the month because of inclement weather. This division rose 300 over the year because of projects under way in the area. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, rose 100 over the month and over the year with scattered gains. Trade, at 24,400, dropped 800 over the month because of after-Christmas layoffs. This division gained 1,200 over the year with the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,400, slid 100 over the month with scattered losses, but rose 100 over the year because of scattered increments. Services and mining, at 19,300, remained unchanged over the month, but rose 400 over the year. The annual rise resulted from the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,400, dropped 200 over the month because of less activity in the state and local sector. This division rose 200 over the year with the increase concentrated in the federal sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	122.3	124.1	122.1	-1.8	.2
Manufacturing	300005	33.1	33.5	35.1	-.4	-2.0
Durable Goods	300025	8.0	7.9	8.4	.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	2.6	2.5	3.2	.1	-.6
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.2	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.1	25.6	26.7	-.5	-1.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	7.4	7.9	9.1	-.5	-1.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.8	2.0	2.4	-.2	-.6
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.2	12.0	11.8	.2	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.2	90.6	87.0	-1.4	2.2
Contract Construction	200005	5.4	5.7	5.1	-.3	.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.3	4.3	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.4	25.2	23.2	-.8	1.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.4	4.5	4.1	-.1	.3
Retail Trade	652005	20.0	20.7	19.0	-.7	1.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.4	4.5	4.3	-.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	19.3	19.3	18.9	.0	.4
Government	998008	31.4	31.6	31.2	-.2	.2
Federal	998011	7.3	7.3	7.1	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	24.1	24.3	24.2	-.2	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment totalled 79,300 in January, a loss of 1,000 from the December level. However, the level was 600 higher than the January 1982 total of 78,700 jobs. The yearly growth was due to gains in nonmanufacturing; manufacturing declined 400. The monthly loss was primarily caused by seasonal reductions of temporary help hired for the Christmas shopping season in retail trade establishments and declines in government.

Contract construction was down 100 from December as there was less business in general construction and in heavy construction. A gain was indicated in special trades construction. Over-the-year construction declined by 200 workers. A gain in general construction was overtaken by losses in heavy construction and in special trades construction.

Employment in transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services remained unchanged from last month and last year.

Trade employment declined 700 from the December estimate to a total of 16,900 in January. An over-the-year gain of 500 workers was recorded.

Services and miscellaneous employment dropped 100 employees during both periods of reference.

Government employment dropped 200 in January and gained 800 from one year ago.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	79.3	80.3	78.7	-1.0	.6
Manufacturing	300005	19.5	19.4	19.9	.1	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	4.1	4.2	4.4	-.1	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.3	.3	.4	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.0	3.0	3.3	.0	-.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.4	15.2	15.5	.2	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.8	3.9	.1	.0
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.3	8.3	8.4	.0	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	59.8	60.9	58.7	-1.1	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	3.3	3.4	3.5	-.1	-.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.9	17.6	16.4	-.7	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.7	2.6	-.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	14.3	15.0	13.8	-.7	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.3	5.3	5.2	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.0	11.1	11.1	-.1	-.1
Government	998008	20.1	20.3	19.3	-.2	.8
Federal	998011	6.5	6.7	6.2	-.2	.3
State and Local	998509	13.6	13.7	13.1	-.1	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 97,900 in January. The current estimate is down 900 from December and down 700 from January 1982. During the month, a small gain in manufacturing partially offset a decline in nonmanufacturing. Annually, manufacturing added 300 with nonmanufacturing registering a loss of 1,000.

Manufacturing employment increased 200 from last month with most of the gain in nondurable goods. Advances in food and "other nondurable goods" were partially offset by a decline in paper. Over the year, durable goods fell 200 mostly in lumber and wood products. Nondurable goods increased 300 with gains in food, textiles, and "other nondurable goods." Apparel recorded a loss during the year, most of which was at a home furnishings plant.

Nonmanufacturing employment declined 1,100 from last month and 1,000 from January 1982. During the month, construction was down 300 with losses throughout. Transportation and public utilities was unchanged. Trade recorded a decline of 500, mostly because of the release of temporary employees hired for the Christmas season at retail establishments. Finance, insurance, and real estate added 100 with most of the gain in insurance. Services was unchanged with government dropping 300. Most of the monthly loss in government was in public schools. Annually, construction declined 800 with most of the loss in general construction and special trades construction. Trade increased 800, mainly because of the opening of several new retail stores during the year. Finance, insurance, and real estate was unchanged, and services was down 700 during the year. Most of the loss was in mining and private schools. Government declined 300 with a gain in the federal segment partially offsetting a loss in the state and local segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews. (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	97.9	98.8	98.6	-.9	-.7
Manufacturing	300005	16.2	16.0	15.9	.2	.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.1	5.1	5.3	.0	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.2	3.1	3.2	.1	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.0	10.9	10.7	.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.4	2.4	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.6	1.6	1.4	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.2	2.1	-.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.7	2.6	2.4	.1	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	81.7	82.8	82.7	-1.1	-1.0
Contract Construction	200005	3.1	3.4	3.9	-.3	-.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.7	4.7	4.6	.0	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.2	21.7	20.4	-.5	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.2	17.7	16.2	-.5	1.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.0	6.1	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.1	17.1	17.8	.0	-.7
Government	998008	29.6	29.9	29.9	-.3	-.3
Federal	948011	16.6	16.6	16.4	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	12.9	13.3	13.5	-.4	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA declined an estimated 700 over the month to 88,100, approximately 400 below the 1982 yearly average. From January 1982, total employment declined an estimated 1,100.

Manufacturing employment declined 400 over the month. Over the year, manufacturing employment declined 500. January's manufacturing employment was 600 below the 1982 yearly average and 1,100 below the 1981 yearly average.

Estimated employment in the durable goods manufacturing sector declined 400 over the month. All of the loss occurred in the transportation equipment sector. Automobile assembly plants declined 300, and shipbuilding and repair lost 100. Although employment in the durable goods sector was down slightly from the 1982 average, it was up approximately 300 from the 1981 yearly average for this sector.

Employment in the nondurable goods sector increased slightly over the month due to a slight gain in the paper industry. Employment continued to lag behind year-ago figures by an estimated 500 because of declines in the paper industry. January's employment in this sector is 400 below the 1982 yearly average and 900 below the 1981 yearly average. In comparison to the 1981 yearly average for this sector, employment is down 900 in the paper industry and down 400 in the petroleum and coal industry.

Nonmanufacturing employment lost 300 over the month and 500 over the year. Contract construction remained stable over the month, but a loss of 700 was recorded over the year. The majority of the yearly loss (500) occurred in building construction. The losses in the other two sectors were about equal.

Transportation and public utilities remained stable over the month, but this sector's employment remained below year-ago figures due to losses in the marine cargo handling sector.

Wholesale and retail trade recorded a loss of 300 over the month. This loss was seasonal and should return to normal levels around March.

Services recorded a gain of 300 over the month and 400 over the year. Membership organizations increased 200, and personal services increased 100 over the month. Over-the-year increases of 200 were recorded in hospitals and 100 in the legal services sector.

EMPLOYMENT PROSPECTS

The December 1982 unemployment rate was 8.2 percent, representing approximately 8,300 people. Although the economy appears to be gaining strength, a return to normal is unlikely before the end of 1983.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart. (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.1	88.8	89.2	-.7	-1.1
Manufacturing	300005	15.9	16.3	16.4	-.4	-.5
Durable Goods	300025	7.2	7.6	7.1	-.4	.1
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.4	.0	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.0	4.4	3.9	-.4	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.8	8.7	9.3	.1	-.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.8	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.9	3.8	4.5	.1	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.0	1.9	2.0	.1	.0
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.2	72.5	72.7	-.3	-.5
Contract Construction	200005	5.1	5.1	5.8	.0	-.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.6	8.7	9.0	-.1	-.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	21.6	21.1	-.3	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.3	4.3	-.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	17.3	16.8	-.2	.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	16.8	16.5	16.4	.3	.4
Government	998008	16.2	16.4	16.4	-.2	-.2
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.6	13.8	13.8	-.2	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	9.4	10.4	11.6	-1.0	-2.2
Durable Goods	300025	4.1	5.0	5.3	-.9	-1.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.4	5.4	6.3	.0	-.9
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.0	.9	.9	.1	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.4	2.4	3.2	.0	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.0	3.1	2.7	-1.1	-.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 82	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$365.92	$414.03	$347.65	41.3	45.8	40.9	$ 8.86	$ 9.04	$ 8.50
Durable Goods	300025	321.26	386.10	317.42	38.8	45.0	38.9	8.28	8.58	8.16
Nondurable Goods	400015	399.60	439.43	373.18	43.2	46.5	42.6	9.25	9.45	8.76
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$243.21	$237.12	$222.71	40.2	39.0	38.2	$ 6.05	$ 6.08	$ 5.83
Paper and Allied Products	426005	492.20	559.04	443.44	46.0	50.5	44.3	10.70	11.07	10.01
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	313.47	337.03	300.15	40.5	43.6	41.4	7.74	7.73	7.25
Transportation Equipment	337005	339.33	431.87	417.24	35.2	45.7	45.5	9.64	9.45	9.17

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1982
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,621,337	2,670,101	2,590,207	-48,764	31,130
Employed	2,406,260	2,461,069	2,370,749	-54,809	35,511
Unemployed	215,077	209,032	219,458	6,045	-4,381
Rate	8.2	7.8	8.5	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,087	52,529	52,458	-442	-371
Employed	46,982	47,838	48,280	-856	-1,298
Unemployed	5,105	4,691	4,178	414	927
Rate	9.8	8.9	8.0	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	65,357	65,441	65,286	-84	71
Employed	60,668	60,903	60,268	-235	400
Unemployed	4,689	4,538	5,018	151	-329
Rate	7.2	6.9	7.7	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,092,250	1,110,154	1,063,070	-17,904	29,180
Employed	1,017,502	1,037,883	990,135	-20,381	27,367
Unemployed	74,748	72,271	72,935	2,477	1,813
Rate	6.8	6.5	6.9	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	135,794	137,906	131,521	-2,112	4,273
Employed	122,520	125,118	121,642	-2,598	878
Unemployed	13,274	12,788	9,879	486	3,395
Rate	9.8	9.3	7.5	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,398	89,457	86,994	-2,059	404
Employed	78,892	80,795	78,409	-1,903	483
Unemployed	8,506	8,662	8,585	-156	-79
Rate	9.7	9.7	9.9	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	105,999	108,724	106,979	-2,725	-980
Employed	97,762	100,706	99,036	-2,944	-1,274
Unemployed	8,237	8,018	7,943	219	294
Rate	7.8	7.4	7.4	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,264	99,110	96,841	154	2,423
Employed	88,684	90,620	90,159	-1,936	-1,475
Unemployed	10,580	8,490	6,682	2,090	3,898
Rate	10.7	8.6	6.9	---	---

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	135,794	137,906	131,521	-2,112	4,273
Employed	122,520	125,118	121,642	-2,598	878
Unemployed	13,274	12,788	9,879	486	3,395
Rate	9.8	9.3	7.5	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,071	92,056	88,320	-1,985	1,751
Employed	82,574	84,827	82,738	-2,253	-164
Unemployed	7,497	7,229	5,582	268	1,915
Rate	8.3	7.9	6.3	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,723	45,850	43,201	-127	2,522
Employed	39,946	40,291	38,904	-345	1,042
Unemployed	5,777	5,559	4,297	218	1,480
Rate	12.6	12.1	9.9	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,398	89,457	86,994	-2,059	404
Employed	78,892	80,795	78,409	-1,903	483
Unemployed	8,506	8,662	8,585	-156	-79
Rate	9.7	9.7	9.9	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,194	71,554	69,436	-2,360	-242
Employed	63,839	65,659	63,723	-1,820	116
Unemployed	5,355	5,895	5,713	-540	-358
Rate	7.7	8.2	8.2	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,204	17,903	17,558	301	646
Employed	15,053	15,136	14,686	-83	367
Unemployed	3,151	2,767	2,872	384	279
Rate	17.3	15.5	16.4	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1983	REVISED DEC. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,621,337	2,670,101	2,590,207	-48,764	31,130
Employed	2,406,260	2,461,069	2,370,749	-54,809	35,511
Unemployed	215,077	209,032	219,458	6,045	-4,381
Rate	8.2	7.8	8.5	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,621,464	1,647,400	1,591,485	-25,936	29,979
Employed	1,500,872	1,532,236	1,477,743	-31,364	23,129
Unemployed	120,592	115,164	113,742	5,428	6,850
Rate	7.4	7.0	7.1	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	999,873	1,022,701	998,722	-22,828	1,151
Employed	905,388	928,833	893,006	-23,445	12,382
Unemployed	94,485	93,868	105,716	617	-11,231
Rate	9.4	9.2	10.6	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $285.01
Quantity 1,300

4/25/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

MARCH 1983

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(February Data)

GEORGIA ECONOMISTS GET MIXED SIGNALS FROM FEBRUARY DATA

Georgia's economy sent mixed signals in February. The state's unemployment rate rose to 8.5 percent, equalling 1982's highest monthly figure. At the same time, nonagricultural employment rose 1,900 from January, and initial claims declined 46 percent from January. There was an increase, however, in the number of persons exhausting their benefits, those who were disqualified from drawing benefits, and those who, for various reasons, delayed filing claims after they became unemployed. The number of new entrants and reentrants to the labor market also rose.

In addition to an increase in the unemployment rate, some changes occurred in the pattern of unemployment. In February, nearly one-third of all Georgia counties had double-digit unemployment rates, and all of these were rural or mostly rural counties. For some months, the state's worst unemployment has been clustered in the carpet and textile district of Northwest Georgia, in several counties near Augusta, and in a band stretching across most of the southern portion of the state. February saw this pattern extended to most of North Georgia and to several additional counties in South Georgia. McDuffie County's 18.8 percent unemployment rate remains the highest in the state.

Most of the monthly gain of 1,900 in nonagricultural wage and salary employment occurred in the manufacturing division, but little of the increase reflected any real economic improvement. It was caused instead by the recall of laid off automobile assemblers and textile workers.

Nonmanufacturing employment rose 300 overall, but large fluctuations occurred in several divisions. Services and government rose substantially because of increased activity in business services, amusements and recreation, medical and health services, and local school systems. The decline of 3,500 in construction was partly weather-related; much of it occurred in heavy construction, such as highway and street building and foundation and excavation work. A drop in retail trade was largely seasonal.

More revealing of the state of the economy is a comparison with February 1982 employment. Such a comparison reveals an overall increase of 27,100, but a decline of 11,900 in manufacturing industries. Only lumber and wood products, transportation equipment, printing and publishing, and "other durable goods" recorded over-the-year gains; the remainder employed fewer people than last year.

The picture is decidedly different in nonmanufacturing where services and trade increased by 18,000 and 13,700 respectively. Government and finance, insurance, and real estate recorded smaller gains. Reflecting the effects of high interest rates and a faltering economy, construction employed 4,200 fewer than last year. Mining and transportation, communication, and public utilities posted negligible declines.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Georgia Iron Works to Build in Warren County

Georgia Iron Works has announced plans to build an $8 million plant on a 74-acre tract near Camak in Warren County. They expect to employ as many as 200 people by 1985. A company spokesman said that the 50 former employees who were laid off from the Thomson and Grovetown plants will be offered jobs before any new people are hired. Mining machinery and other iron products will be made at the new plant.

Southern Railway to Move to Atlanta

Southern Railway has announced plans to move its headquarters to Atlanta from Washington, D.C. Neither the exact date of the move nor the number of employees to be transferred to Atlanta has been determined yet, but the Washington office will be closed by early 1984. The 500 employees will be transferred to other facilities in Norfolk and Roanoke, Virginia, as well as Atlanta.

Uniroyal of Opelika Resumes Full Production

Uniroyal of Opelika, Alabama, has resumed full production after a three-month layoff of 600 people. A spokesman said that wage concessions by employees made the reopening possible. The plant, which manufactures automobile and truck tires, is Lee County, Alabama's, largest employer and draws a portion of its work force from adjacent Georgia counties.

Bainbridge Workers Recalled

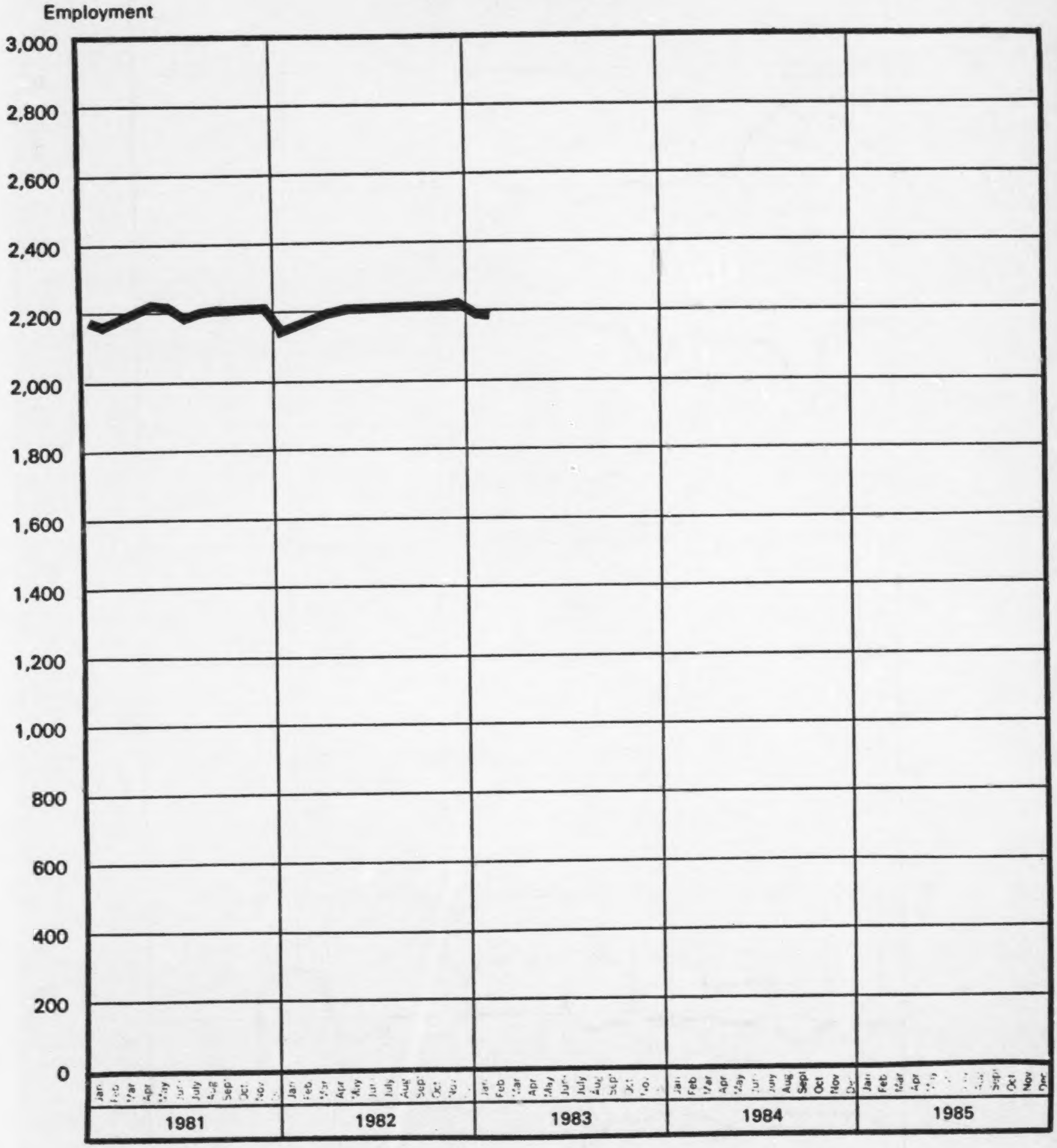
Amoco Fabrics of Bainbridge has recalled all of its workers who were laid off during the summer and fall of 1982. The company has two divisions, one of which manufactures carpet fiber and the other backing for carpet. They will be taking applications for a limited number of jobs to be filled in the near future.

Middlefield Container Corporation Comes to Americus

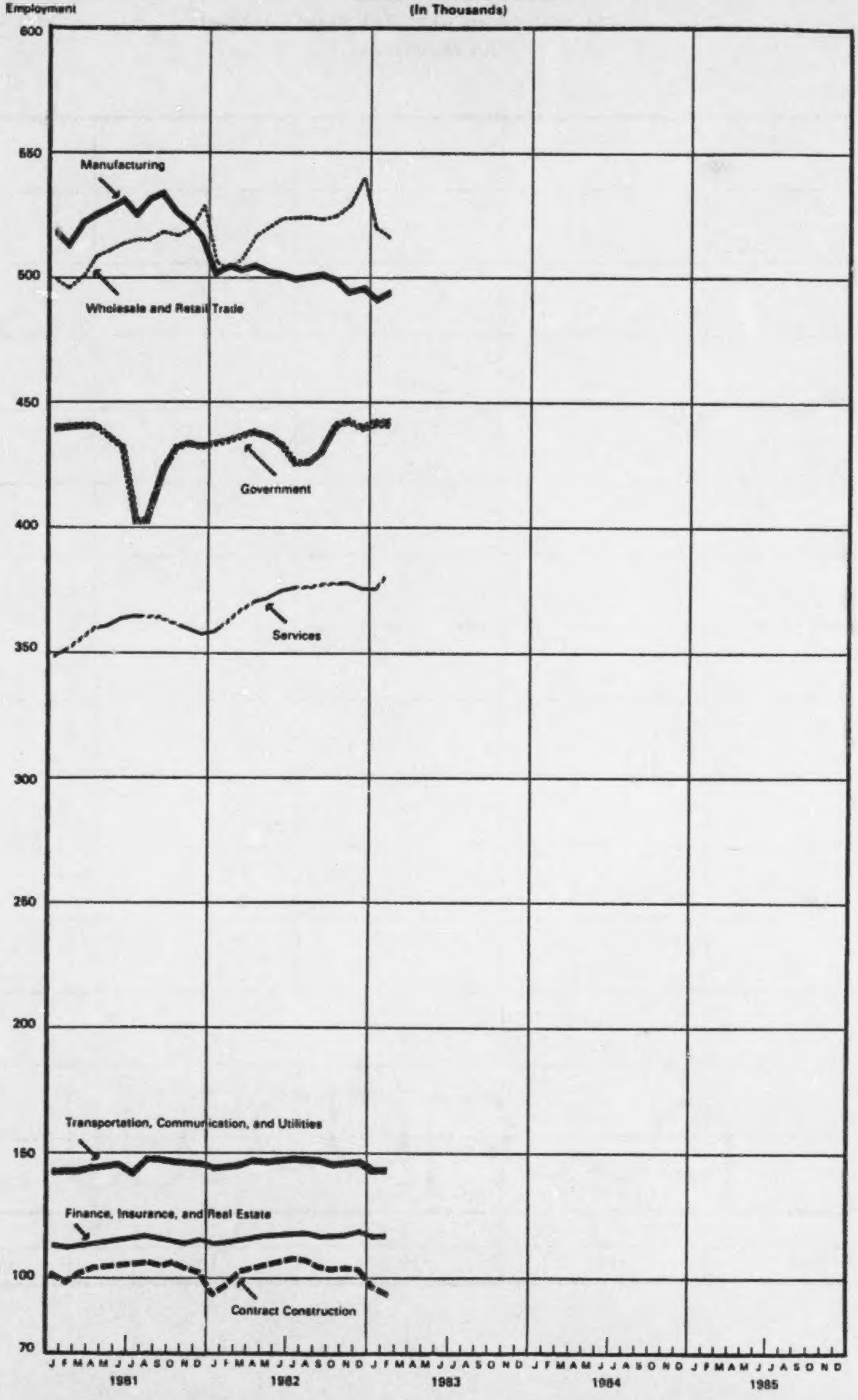
Middlefield Container Corporation of America will open in Americus on April 1. The company, which will manufacture corrugated boxes for the local market, will occupy 30,000 square feet of leased space. Initial employment of 12 will rise to 36 when full capacity is reached. Applications will be taken at the Job Service office at 120 West Church Street in Americus.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,197.7	2,195.8	2,170.6	1.9	27.1
Manufacturing	300005	493.3	491.7	505.2	1.6	-11.9
Durable Goods	300025	127.7	171.7	178.4	1.0	-5.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	27.8	27.6	26.7	.2	1.1
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	13.6	13.3	13.2	.3	.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.2	9.1	9.4	.1	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	5.5	5.5	5.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	15.6	15.6	16.2	.0	-.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.5	15.6	16.5	-.1	-1.0
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	16.5	16.9	18.6	-.4	-2.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.3	19.2	22.1	.1	-2.8
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	21.6	21.7	23.9	-.1	-2.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	35.4	34.4	33.6	1.0	1.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.7	11.7	11.4	.0	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	320.6	320.0	326.9	.6	-6.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	56.4	56.8	57.5	-.4	-1.1
Meat Products	420105	20.5	20.5	20.9	.0	-.4
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.0	15.0	15.3	.0	-.3
Dairy Products	420205	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	8.2	8.5	9.2	-.3	-1.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	104.0	102.3	106.5	1.7	-2.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.9	23.0	25.6	.9	-1.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.9	3.9	4.1	.0	-.2
Knitting Mills	422505	9.4	9.2	9.1	.2	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	28.1	27.8	27.3	.3	.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	20.5	20.4	21.3	.1	-.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.0	69.0	70.4	.0	-1.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	38.6	38.8	38.7	-.2	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.7	21.2	22.0	.5	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	26.9	27.2	27.7	-.3	-.8
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.7	12.8	13.2	-.1	-.5
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.6	6.7	6.6	-.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.1	26.1	24.9	.0	1.2
Commercial Printing	427505	9.8	9.9	9.1	-.1	.7
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.0	17.0	17.7	.0	-.7
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.3	2.2	2.7	.1	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.2	19.5	19.9	-.3	-.7
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,704.4	1,704.1	1,665.3	.3	39.1
Mining	100005	7.2	7.2	7.5	.0	-.3
Contract Construction	200005	93.5	97.0	97.7	-3.5	-4.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	144.4	144.0	144.6	.4	-.2
Transportation	500015	83.4	83.1	84.3	.3	-.9
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.6	38.5	38.7	.1	-.1
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.4	22.4	21.6	.0	.8
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	517.7	519.0	504.0	-1.3	13.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	165.3	164.5	160.4	.8	4.9
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	99.9	99.5	97.5	.4	2.4
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	65.4	65.1	62.9	.3	2.5
Retail Trade	652005	352.4	354.5	343.5	-2.1	8.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	117.5	117.6	114.4	-.1	3.1
Finance	760025	51.7	51.6	49.8	.1	1.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.4	42.5	41.8	-.1	.6
Real Estate	765075	23.4	23.5	22.8	-.1	.6
Services	800005	380.2	376.7	362.2	3.5	18.0
Government	998008	443.8	442.5	435.0	1.3	8.8
Federal	998011	84.9	85.0	84.4	-.1	.5
State and Local	998509	358.9	357.6	350.6	1.3	8.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	366.9	365.2	384.7	1.7	-17.8
Durable Goods	300025	125.3	124.5	132.0	.8	-6.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	241.7	240.6	252.7	1.1	-11.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	37.3	38.0	39.7	-.7	-2.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	85.7	83.8	90.1	1.9	-4.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	21.1	20.2	22.9	.9	-1.8
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Knitting Mills	422505	7.7	7.5	7.4	.2	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	23.0	22.7	22.4	.3	.6
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	16.9	16.8	17.7	.1	-.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.3	59.1	60.0	.2	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.8	33.7	33.0	.1	.8
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.3	18.0	19.0	.3	-.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	21.8	21.7	21.6	.1	.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.0	7.8	8.0	.2	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.1	20.4	21.2	-.3	-1.1
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.5	9.6	10.1	-.1	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.2	10.2	10.7	.0	-.5
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.6	1.7	2.0	-.1	-.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	11.6	11.7	12.1	-.1	-.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.6	10.7	11.9	-.1	-1.3
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	12.6	13.1	14.6	-.5	-2.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.5	13.0	15.6	.5	-2.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	14.3	14.4	16.6	-.1	-2.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.5	22.7	22.1	.8	1.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	 PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	 PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	 PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	 CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$279.40	$272.74	$259.23	39.8	39.3	39.1	$ 7.02	$ 6.94	$ 6.63
Durable Goods	300025	322.00	303.81	299.25	40.2	39.0	39.9	8.01	7.79	7.50
Nondurable Goods	400015	258.45	257.15	238.39	39.7	39.5	38.7	6.51	6.51	6.16
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$258.45	$255.02	$238.78	39.7	39.6	38.7	$ 6.51	$ 6.44	$ 6.17
Textile Mill Products	422005	249.28	243.01	223.68	41.0	40.3	38.9	6.08	6.03	5.75
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	243.94	248.06	255.42	39.6	40.4	39.0	6.16	6.14	5.78
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	271.83	274.56	268.18	41.5	41.6	42.5	6.55	6.60	6.31
Knitting Mills	422505	227.86	211.72	212.07	41.5	39.5	39.2	5.49	5.36	5.41
Floor Covering Mills	422705	263.22	250.10	227.52	42.8	40.6	39.5	6.15	6.16	5.76
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	248.67	245.42	220.60	40.5	40.7	38.1	6.14	6.03	5.79
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	169.33	170.86	165.86	35.8	36.2	35.9	4.73	4.72	4.62
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	175.17	171.23	170.61	36.8	36.2	36.3	4.76	4.73	4.70
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	162.40	170.19	160.38	35.0	36.6	35.8	4.64	4.65	4.48
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	225.84	227.81	207.13	40.4	40.9	38.5	5.59	5.57	5.38
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	214.14	206.26	202.40	43.0	41.5	39.3	4.98	4.97	5.15
Paper and Allied Products	426005	436.30	454.75	421.52	42.4	43.6	43.5	10.29	10.43	9.69
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	473.22	510.27	480.45	39.6	43.8	44.2	11.95	11.65	10.87
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	364.61	356.12	331.96	42.2	41.7	43.0	8.64	8.54	7.72
Leather and Leather Products	431005	155.40	142.42	123.61	35.0	34.4	29.5	4.44	4.14	4.19
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	317.95	312.36	289.28	41.4	41.1	39.9	7.68	7.60	7.25
Primary Metal Industries	333005	357.80	352.56	351.10	39.8	39.0	41.6	8.99	9.04	8.44
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	271.47	273.78	271.26	39.4	39.0	39.6	6.89	7.02	6.85
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	220.42	229.70	321.86	28.7	29.6	41.8	7.68	7.76	7.70
Transportation Equipment	337005	552.92	475.49	452.28	46.0	41.6	40.6	12.02	11.43	11.14

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT DECLINE IN NONMANUFACTURING

The Atlanta area nonfarm wage and salary employment was estimated at 1,012,200 during February, a drop of 800 from January. Contract construction and wholesale and retail trade were the only major industry divisions to experience a drop from the previous month.

Manufacturing rose 1,000 in February over the January level. The transportation equipment industry in the durable goods sector provided the increment. This was because of the recall of some workers in one automobile assembly plant and some additional hiring in aircraft assembly.

Manufacturing employment in February remained 4,200 below the same month last year. Both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing industries contributed significantly to the reduced employment level. Primary metals, fabricated metal products, nonelectrical machinery, and electric and electronic equipment in the durable goods category and textile mill products, apparel, and paper in nondurables accounted for the over-the-year decline.

Nonmanufacturing was off 1,700 from January. Special trades contracting accounted for two-thirds of the 2,800 decline in construction. Wholesale and retail trade contributed almost equally to the 1,500 drop in trade employment. Wholesale nondurable goods accounted for fewer jobs in wholesale trade.

Services exhibited the greatest gain of any major industry division in February. Hotels, business services, recreational and amusement facilities, medical and health services, and private education recorded modest increases while hospitals and miscellaneous services experienced a slight downturn. Transportation, communications, and public utilities and finance, insurance, and real estate remained almost constant with only a gain of 100 by each of the two major industry divisions. Government recorded a modest increase of 400 with losses in the federal sector partially offsetting gains in state and local government. Local government and local education provided most of the increment in total government employment.

Nonmanufacturing employment in February was 30,600 more than the year-ago level. All major industry divisions experienced substantial improvement, although trade and services provided more than 75 percent of the over-the-year gain.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,012.2	1,013.0	985.9	-.8	26.3
Manufacturing	300005	139.0	138.0	143.2	1.0	-4.2
Durable Goods	300025	69.7	68.8	72.3	.9	-2.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	-.1
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.6	6.7	6.6	-.1	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.8	4.8	5.5	.0	-.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.6	6.7	7.4	-.1	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.3	7.2	7.9	.1	-.6
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.2	11.2	12.3	.0	-1.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.3	21.3	21.9	1.0	.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	4.8	4.8	4.6	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.2	69.2	70.9	.0	-1.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.6	18.8	18.5	-.2	.1
Meat Products	420105	4.8	4.8	4.8	.0	0
Bakery Products	420505	3.4	3.5	3.4	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.2	4.2	5.5	.0	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.1	1.0	2.0	.1	-.9
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.7	1.8	-.1	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.3	8.2	8.8	.1	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.6	.0	-.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.8	3.2	.1	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.5	7.5	7.9	.0	-.4
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.8	3.8	4.0	.0	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.7	16.8	16.2	-.1	.5
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.6	6.9	-.1	.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.6	7.5	7.7	.1	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.3	6.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	873.3	875.0	842.7	-1.7	30.6
Contract Construction	200005	43.1	45.9	41.2	-2.8	1.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	91.6	91.5	90.8	.1	.8
Transportation	500015	56.8	56.7	56.7	.1	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	284.7	286.2	270.2	-1.5	14.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	106.9	107.7	104.5	-.8	2.4
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	71.5	71.4	69.9	.1	1.6
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	35.3	36.2	34.5	-.9	.8
Retail Trade	652005	177.8	178.5	165.7	-.7	12.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	70.3	70.2	69.0	.1	1.3
Finance	760025	27.7	27.7	26.5	.0	1.2
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.3	26.4	26.4	-.1	-.1
Services	800055	218.2	216.3	209.0	1.9	9.2
Government	998008	165.4	165.0	162.6	.4	2.8
Federal	998011	32.4	32.7	33.4	-.3	-1.0
State and Local	998509	133.0	132.3	129.2	.7	3.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	94.4	93.8	98.7	.6	-4.3
Durable Goods	300025	48.6	47.8	50.9	.8	-2.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.8	45.9	47.8	-.1	-2.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.5	11.7	11.7	-.2	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.4	3.3	4.6	.1	-1.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.8	6.7	7.4	.1	-.6
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.4	2.3	2.7	.1	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.0	2.9	3.1	.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.6	5.6	5.9	.0	-.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.0	3.9	4.0	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.1	5.2	4.8	-.1	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.0	3.0	3.7	.0	-.7
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.4	4.5	5.2	-.1	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.3	5.2	5.8	.1	-.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.5	13.8	14.1	.7	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$348.06	$324.58	$312.03	40.9	39.2	39.2	$ 8.51	$ 8.28	$ 7.96
Durable Goods	300025	388.54	357.24	353.81	40.6	39.0	39.4	9.57	9.16	8.98
Nondurable Goods	400015	304.14	290.77	267.15	41.1	39.4	39.0	7.40	7.38	6.85
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$305.88	$281.78	$275.26	42.9	39.8	40.9	$ 7.13	$ 7.08	$ 6.73
Textile Mill Products	422005	206.49	215.56	200.91	36.1	38.7	36.2	5.72	5.57	5.55
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	179.07	168.00	162.29	35.6	33.4	33.6	5.03	5.03	4.83
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	170.50	170.50	159.36	34.1	34.1	33.2	5.00	5.00	4.80
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	190.02	160.07	166.50	38.7	32.6	35.2	4.91	4.91	4.73
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	216.37	207.57	183.87	38.5	37.0	33.8	5.62	5.61	5.44
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	228.53	226.84	219.22	43.2	42.4	40.9	5.29	5.35	5.36
Paper and Allied Products	426005	382.81	377.40	347.19	43.9	42.5	42.6	8.72	8.88	8.15
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	345.61	354.45	314.82	40.9	42.5	39.8	8.45	8.34	7.91
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	355.72	334.80	323.53	41.8	40.0	41.8	8.51	8.37	7.74
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	314.02	293.59	303.36	39.8	37.4	39.5	7.89	7.85	7.68
Primary Metal Industries	333005	462.48	468.83	459.31	39.8	39.9	42.1	11.62	11.75	10.91
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	322.14	315.04	299.20	35.4	35.2	37.4	9.10	8.95	8.00
Transportation Equipment	337005	529.41	502.27	481.46	43.4	38.4	38.0	13.65	13.08	12.67

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 42,600, declined 200 from January, and there are 1,600 fewer employed than at this time last year. The February declines were centered in nonmanufacturing industries.

Manufacturing, at 11,600, increased 100 during the month. Small gains and losses were scattered throughout the division, resulting in a net gain of 100 jobs. Annually, a loss of 400 in durable goods was partially offset by a gain in the nondurable goods segment. Primarily affected by losses were industries in the "other durable goods" category. Losses were also reported in "other nondurable goods" for the year. The largest gain over the year was in food and kindred products. Chemicals was also up for the year.

Contract construction, at 1,700, seems to be holding reasonably steady although small losses were reported over the month and year. Activity in the industry continues to be weighted towards commercial construction.

Services, at 5,800, lost 100 during the month and 400 for the year. Most of the losses were in personal services and health services.

Government, at 9,900, was down slightly for the month and declined substantially during the year. All segments were affected.

No change was registered in the other nonmanufacturing divisions over the month. Transportation was down 100 for the year, as was trade. A gain of 200 was estimated in the finance, insurance, and real estate division during the year. Most of the gain was in finance.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	42.6	42.8	44.2	-.2	-1.6
Manufacturing	300005	11.6	11.5	11.7	.1	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	2.0	2.0	2.4	.0	-.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.9	1.2	-.1	-.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.5	9.3	.0	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	2.8	.0	.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.6	.5	.5	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.2	4.3	-.1	-.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	31.0	31.3	32.5	-.3	-1.5
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.8	1.9	-.1	-.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.2	9.2	9.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	6.6	6.6	6.6	.0	.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	5.8	5.9	6.2	-.1	-.4
Government	998008	9.9	10.0	10.8	-.1	-.9
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	-.2
State and Local	998509	7.4	7.4	8.0	.0	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	53.2	53.3	52.9	-.1	.3
Manufacturing	300005	13.8	13.8	14.6	.0	-.8
Durable Goods	300025	4.3	4.2	5.1	.1	-.8
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.2	2.2	2.9	.0	-.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.6	9.5	.0	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.3	2.3	.1	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.3	3.3	3.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.1	1.1	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	39.4	39.5	38.3	-.1	1.1
Contract Construction	200005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.4	10.4	10.0	.0	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	1.9	2.0	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	8.4	8.5	8.0	-.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.1	7.2	6.6	-.1	.5
Government	998008	17.1	17.1	17.1	.0	.0
Federal	998011	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	15.2	15.1	15.1	.1	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 123,200 in February, an increase of 900 over the month. Annually, an increment of 1,000 jobs was recorded despite a loss of 1,200 in manufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 33,800, climbed 700 over the month, but sustained a loss of 1,200 annually. Lumber and wood products, at 600, was unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,600, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 400 over the year, primarily in glass products. Metals and machinery, at 2,500, rose 100 over the month and 200 over the year because of more activity in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, was unchanged over the month, but posted an annual gain of 100 due to more business in transportation equipment. Food and kindred products, at 2,700, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year partly in bakery products. Textile mill products, at 7,900, rose 500 over the month because workers were recalled from temporary layoffs. This segment dropped 1,200 over the year as a result of the closing of two facilities. Apparel, at 1,900, rose 100 over the month with scattered increments, but dropped 400 over the year because of less demand and international competition. Printing and publishing, at 1,100, rose 100 over the month and 400 over the year because of more activity in miscellaneous publishing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,100, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 400 annually with more activity in both chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 5,400, was up 100 over the month and over the year because of the rush to complete projects underway. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered declines. Trade, at 24,300, slid downward 100 due to less activity in the retail sector. This division recorded an increase of 1,300 over the year resulting from the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,500, recorded a monthly and an annual increment of 100 because of more business among financial institutions. Services and mining, at 19,500, climbed 100 over the month as a result of more activity in hospitals, health facilities, protective services, and temporary help services. This division rose 600 over the year because of the opening of new firms.

Government, at 34,100, remained unchanged over the month with an increment in the state and local sector wiped out by a decrease in the federal subdivision. Annually, there was no change because a decrease in state and local employment was offset by an increase in the federal part of government employment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.2	122.3	122.2	.9	1.0
Manufacturing	300005	33.8	33.1	35.0	.7	-1.2
Durable Goods	300025	8.1	8.0	8.3	.1	-.2
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	2.6	2.6	3.0	.0	-.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.5	2.4	2.3	.1	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.6	25.1	26.7	.5	-1.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.7	2.9	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	7.9	7.4	9.1	.5	-1.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.8	2.3	.1	-.4
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.0	.7	.1	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.1	12.1	11.7	.0	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.4	89.2	87.3	.2	2.1
Contract Construction	200005	5.4	5.3	5.3	.1	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.3	24.4	23.0	-.1	1.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
Retail Trade	652005	19.9	20.0	18.8	-.1	1.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.5	4.4	4.4	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	19.5	19.4	18.9	.1	.6
Government	998008	31.4	31.4	31.4	.0	.0
Federal	998011	7.2	7.3	7.1	-.1	.1
State and Local	998509	24.2	24.1	24.4	.1	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined to 77,800 from the January estimate. There was a loss of 400 from last month and a decline of 1,500 from a year ago.

Employment in the manufacturing industries, at 19,600, was 100 more than last month because of more business in metals and machinery. All other groups remained unchanged. Over the year, manufacturing employment declined by 400 workers. The loss was shared by metals and machinery, lumber and wood products, food and kindred products, and textile mill products. The only group which increased over the year was "other durable goods" which gained 100.

Nonmanufacturing employment, with 58,200 workers, declined by 400 from January because of the layoff of extra help hired for the Christmas shopping season in wholesale and retail trade establishments. Services and mining employment also dropped. Government employment increased in the state and local government sector, while other groups remained the same. Since one year ago, nonmanufacturing employment declined 1,100. Contract construction lost 400 while trade, services and mining, and local government shared in the remainder of the loss. Federal employment rose by 100 workers. Transportation, communication, and utilities employment remained the same.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	77.8	78.2	79.3	-.4	-1.5
Manufacturing	300005	19.6	19.5	20.0	.1	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	4.3	4.2	4.4	.1	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.3	.3	.4	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.2	3.1	3.3	.1	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.3	15.3	15.6	.0	-.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.8	3.8	3.9	.0	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.3	8.3	8.4	.0	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	58.2	58.6	59.3	-.4	-1.1
Contract Construction	200005	3.3	3.3	3.7	.0	-.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.3	16.7	16.4	-.4	-.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	13.7	14.1	13.8	-.4	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.3	5.3	5.3	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	11.0	11.1	11.2	-.1	-.2
Government	998008	19.2	19.1	19.4	.1	-.2
Federal	998011	6.3	6.3	6.2	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	12.8	12.7	13.2	.1	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 98,300 in February. The current estimate is down 200 from January and down 900 from February 1982. During the month, manufacturing declined 200 with small losses in both durable and nondurable goods while nonmanufacturing was unchanged. Annually, most of the decrease was in nonmanufacturing employment.

Manufacturing employment dropped 200 from last month with the majority of the loss in apparel. Textiles recorded a small advance.

Annually, durable goods was unchanged with a gain in stone, clay, and glass being offset by a decline in lumber and wood. Nondurable goods remained unchanged with increases in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods" being offset by decreases in apparel and food.

Nonmanufacturing was unchanged from January with a decline in construction being offset by a gain in services. Most of the loss in construction was in special trades contracting. Advances in private education accounted for most of the increase in services.

Annually, construction declined 1,300 with large losses in general construction and special trades contracting. Transportation and public utilities was unchanged, and trade advanced 700. Most of this gain was because of the opening of new retail stores. Finance, insurance, and real estate remained stable with services adding 100. Government lost 400 with a small increase in federal employment partially offsetting a decline in the state and local segment.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.3	98.5	99.2	-.2	-.9
Manufacturing	300005	16.0	16.2	16.0	-.2	.0
Durable Goods	300025	5.1	5.2	5.1	-.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	10.9	11.0	10.9	-.1	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.6	1.4	.1	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.7	1.9	2.1	-.2	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.7	2.7	2.5	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	82.3	82.3	83.2	.0	-.9
Contract Construction	200005	3.0	3.1	4.3	-.1	-1.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.9	20.9	20.2	.0	.7
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	17.0	16.2	-.1	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	18.0	17.9	17.9	.1	.1
Government	998008	29.6	29.6	30.0	.0	-.4
Federal	948011	16.6	16.6	16.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	13.1	12.9	13.5	.2	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA dropped for the second time in 1983. Although employment was down only 200 from January, this still leaves Savannah 1,100 below where it was a year ago.

Although manufacturing employment remained fairly stable over the month, there were seasonal losses. Over the year, manufacturing employment was down an estimated 600. As the majority of the loss stems from cutbacks in the paper industry, it is doubtful that any significant increase will occur before the third quarter of 1983.

Nonmanufacturing employment appears to be stabilizing overall. Over-the-month losses were only 100, and over-the-year losses, an estimated 300. Contract construction was down 100 from January and down 700 over the year. This sector is expected to pick up as spring progresses and the economy improves. Because construction is highly susceptible to mortgage interest rates, the trend in long-term interest rates will affect growth in this sector.

The unemployment rate for February 1983 in the Savannah SMSA was recorded as 9.6 percent. This figure represents approximately 9,460 unemployed individuals, approximately 2,000 more than in February 1982. The rate is expected to decline in the coming months because many of the companies that laid off workers have already begun to rehire.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	87.8	88.0	88.9	-.2	-1.1
Manufacturing	300005	15.9	15.9	16.5	.0	-.6
Durable Goods	300025	7.2	7.2	7.0	.0	.2
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.2	1.1	-.1	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.4	.0	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.1	4.0	3.7	.1	.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.6	8.8	9.5	-.2	-.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.8	1.9	1.8	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.8	3.9	4.6	-.1	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.9	2.0	2.0	-.1	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.0	72.1	72.3	-.1	-.3
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	5.0	5.6	-.1	-.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.6	8.6	8.9	.0	-.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	21.3	21.1	.0	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.2	4.3	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	17.0	17.1	16.8	-.1	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	16.6	16.7	16.4	-.1	.2
Government	998008	16.4	16.2	16.4	.2	.0
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.8	13.6	13.8	.2	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.0	10.1	11.6	-.1	-1.6
Durable Goods	300025	4.7	4.7	5.2	.0	-.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.3	5.4	6.4	-.1	-1.1
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	1.0	.9	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.4	3.4	-.1	-1.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.8	2.7	2.7	.1	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH FEB. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JAN. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO FEB. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$356.89	$382.32	$349.81	40.1	43.2	41.3	$ 8.90	$ 8.85	$ 8.47
Durable Goods	300025	377.15	368.01	312.66	43.4	43.5	38.6	8.69	8.46	8.10
Nondurable Goods	400015	338.72	396.52	379.76	37.1	43.1	43.5	9.13	9.20	8.73
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$289.54	$243.21	$233.64	46.4	40.2	39.4	$ 6.24	$ 6.05	$ 5.93
Paper and Allied Products	426005	359.18	492.20	457.31	32.3	46.0	46.1	11.12	10.70	9.92
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	314.57	310.68	295.92	40.8	40.4	41.1	7.71	7.69	7.20
Transportation Equipment	337005	426.80	417.31	408.98	44.0	44.3	44.6	9.70	9.42	9.17

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED JAN. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1982
U.S.					
Civilian Labor Force	109,647,000	109,779,000	108,324,000	-132,000	1,323,000
Employed	97,265,000	97,262,000	97,946,000	3,000	-681,000
Unemployed	12,382,000	12,517,000	10,378,000	-135,000	2,004,000
Rate	11.3	11.4	9.6	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,649,324	2,623,517	2,604,076	25,807	45,248
Employed	2,423,877	2,406,289	2,392,827	17,588	31,050
Unemployed	225,447	217,228	211,249	8,219	14,198
Rate	8.5	8.3	8.1	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,834	51,626	52,876	208	-1,042
Employed	46,523	46,472	48,272	51	-1,749
Unemployed	5,311	5,154	4,604	157	707
Rate	10.2	10.0	8.7	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,305	65,609	64,814	696	1,491
Employed	61,093	60,822	60,780	271	313
Unemployed	5,212	4,787	4,034	425	1,178
Rate	7.9	7.3	6.2	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,102,342	1,096,146	1,072,547	6,196	29,795
Employed	1,023,734	1,019,904	999,302	3,830	24,432
Unemployed	78,608	76,242	73,245	2,366	5,363
Rate	7.1	7.0	6.8	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,958	135,857	132,790	1,101	4,168
Employed	124,105	122,439	122,223	1,666	1,882
Unemployed	12,853	13,418	10,567	-565	2,286
Rate	9.4	9.9	8.0	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,317	86,698	88,065	619	748
Employed	78,410	78,060	79,241	350	-831
Unemployed	8,907	8,638	8,824	269	83
Rate	10.2	10.0	10.0	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	107,955	107,043	108,276	912	-321
Employed	98,986	98,668	99,967	318	-981
Unemployed	8,969	8,375	8,309	594	660
Rate	8.3	7.8	7.7	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,558	97,692	97,564	866	994
Employed	89,098	88,814	90,136	284	-1,038
Unemployed	9,460	8,878	7,428	582	2,032
Rate	9.6	9.1	7.6	---	---

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,958	135,857	132,790	1,101	4,168
Employed	124,105	122,439	122,223	1,666	1,882
Unemployed	12,853	13,418	10,567	-565	2,286
Rate	9.4	9.9	8.0	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,744	90,191	88,803	553	1,941
Employed	83,696	82,628	83,030	1,068	666
Unemployed	7,048	7,563	5,773	-515	1,275
Rate	7.8	8.4	6.5	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	46,214	45,666	43,987	548	2,227
Employed	40,409	39,811	39,193	598	1,216
Unemployed	5,805	5,855	4,794	-50	1,011
Rate	12.6	12.8	10.9	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1982	REVISED JAN. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,317	86,698	88,065	619	-748
Employed	78,410	78,060	79,241	350	-831
Unemployed	8,907	8,638	8,824	269	83
Rate	10.2	10.0	10.0	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,259	68,609	70,410	650	-1,151
Employed	63,439	63,200	64,397	239	-958
Unemployed	5,820	5,409	6,013	411	-193
Rate	8.4	7.9	8.5	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,058	18,089	17,655	-31	403
Employed	14,971	14,860	14,844	111	127
Unemployed	3,087	3,229	2,811	-142	276
Rate	17.1	17.9	15.9	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY FEB. 1983	REVISED JAN. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED FEB. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,649,324	2,623,517	2,604,076	25,807	45,248
Employed	2,423,877	2,406,289	2,392,827	17,588	31,050
Unemployed	225,447	217,228	211,249	8,219	14,198
Rate	8.5	8.3	8.1	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,635,129	1,624,354	1,603,355	10,775	31,774
Employed	1,509,789	1,503,493	1,489,376	6,296	20,413
Unemployed	125,340	120,861	113,979	4,479	11,361
Rate	7.7	7.4	7.1	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,014,195	999,163	1,000,721	15,032	13,474
Employed	914,088	902,796	903,451	11,292	10,637
Unemployed	100,107	96,367	97,270	3,740	2,837
Rate	9.9	9.6	9.7	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $285.01
Quantity 1,300

5/25/83 S1905-1

A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR APRIL 1983 *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(March Data)

GEORGIA'S EMPLOYMENT RISES IN MARCH

As expected, the number of people employed in Georgia rose during March, and the unemployment rate went down. At 8.1 percent, Georgia's rate remains well below the national average of 10.8 percent. Most of the February to March gain reflected normal seasonal patterns although a few industries showed some real improvement.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose 11,000 from February, 1,500 in manufacturing and the remainder in the nonmanufacturing industries. Annually, a substantial increase among nonmanufacturing industries was partly cancelled by a drop in manufacturing.

Manufacturing's over-the-month increase occurred largely because a number of laid off auto workers were recalled, and a large aircraft assembly plant increased production. Several segments of the printing industry also reported more business. Although there was a decline in manufacturing from last year, several industries showed notable improvement. Both lumber and wood products and floor coverings, long depressed because of the construction slump, have increased production in expectation that lower interest rates and better economic conditions will lead to an upswing in home building. Transportation equipment and printing and publishing are also improved over last year.

Most of the nonmanufacturing industries rose from both reference periods, although the majority of the February to March gain was seasonal. Wholesale trade reflected the movement of farm product raw materials in preparation for spring planting. The part time opening of a major amusement park led to a substantial increase in service employment. Annually, employment rose in all of the nonmanufacturing industry divisions except mining, construction, and transportation and public utilities.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

DeSoto, Incorporated, to Open Columbus Plant

Des Plaines, Illinois-based DeSoto, Incorporated has bought an 80,000 square-foot building in Columbus East Industrial Park. The company will make powder and liquid detergents, and hiring will begin in April.

Target Container Opens in Albany

Target Container Corporation, a maker of corrugated containers and container inserts, opened a 40,000 square-foot plant in Albany last month. The company, which has other facilities in Atlanta and Birmingham, Alabama, will serve Southwest Georgia, Southeast Alabama, and North Florida. A company spokesman said they will employ 25 people and expect to be at full production soon.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Roberta Given Federal Grant

The City of Roberta has been awarded a federal grant of $230,000 to attract industry and provide jobs for the unemployed and underemployed. Roberta Manufacturing Limited will be the first beneficiary of the revolving loan fund created by the grant. The textile firm is expected to begin operations about May 1. It will employ about 65 people.

New G. D. Searle Plant for Augusta

Illinois-based G. D. Searle & Company will begin construction on a $100 million plant to manufacture aspartame, a low-calorie sweetener which is marketed under the trade name NutraSweet. The new plant will be adjacent to a recently-completed Searle pharmaceutical chemicals facility which is just beginning production. The plant will generate about 250 jobs and have an annual payroll of $6 million when it reaches full production in 1985. As many as 600 construction workers may be employed to build the facility.

F. W. Woolworth Opens J. Brannam Store

F. W. Woolworth Company opened a J. Brannam store in the Around Lenox shopping center, the first of four planned for the Atlanta area. The retail chain, established in 1979, offers brand name apparel, linens, and leather goods at substantial discounts. Other stores will be located in Sandy Springs, near Cumberland Mall, and on a site still to be chosen.

Royal Atlanta Business Park to Be Expanded

Radnor Corporation, a subsidiary of the Sun Company, has purchased Royal Atlanta Business Park on Mountain Industrial Boulevard near Tucker. The existing park occupies 150 acres, and the company plans to develop an additional 103 acres with the first stage of expansion scheduled for completion by September. Eventually, the park will provide 5,000 jobs and an annual payroll of $110 million.

Buford Industrial Park to Have Four Shoe Manufacturers

At a time when American shoe manufacturers are losing a large share of the market to imports, a joint venture involving American, Japanese, and Italian investors and technology is bringing four shoe manufacturing plants to a 300-acre industrial park at Buford. The four plants, in various stages of completion, are GIF Corporation; Okabashi Corporation; Georgia Industries, Incorporated; and Georgia Ladies Shoe Factory. When in full operation, the four will employ approximately 700 workers.

Layoff Slated at Eastern Airlines

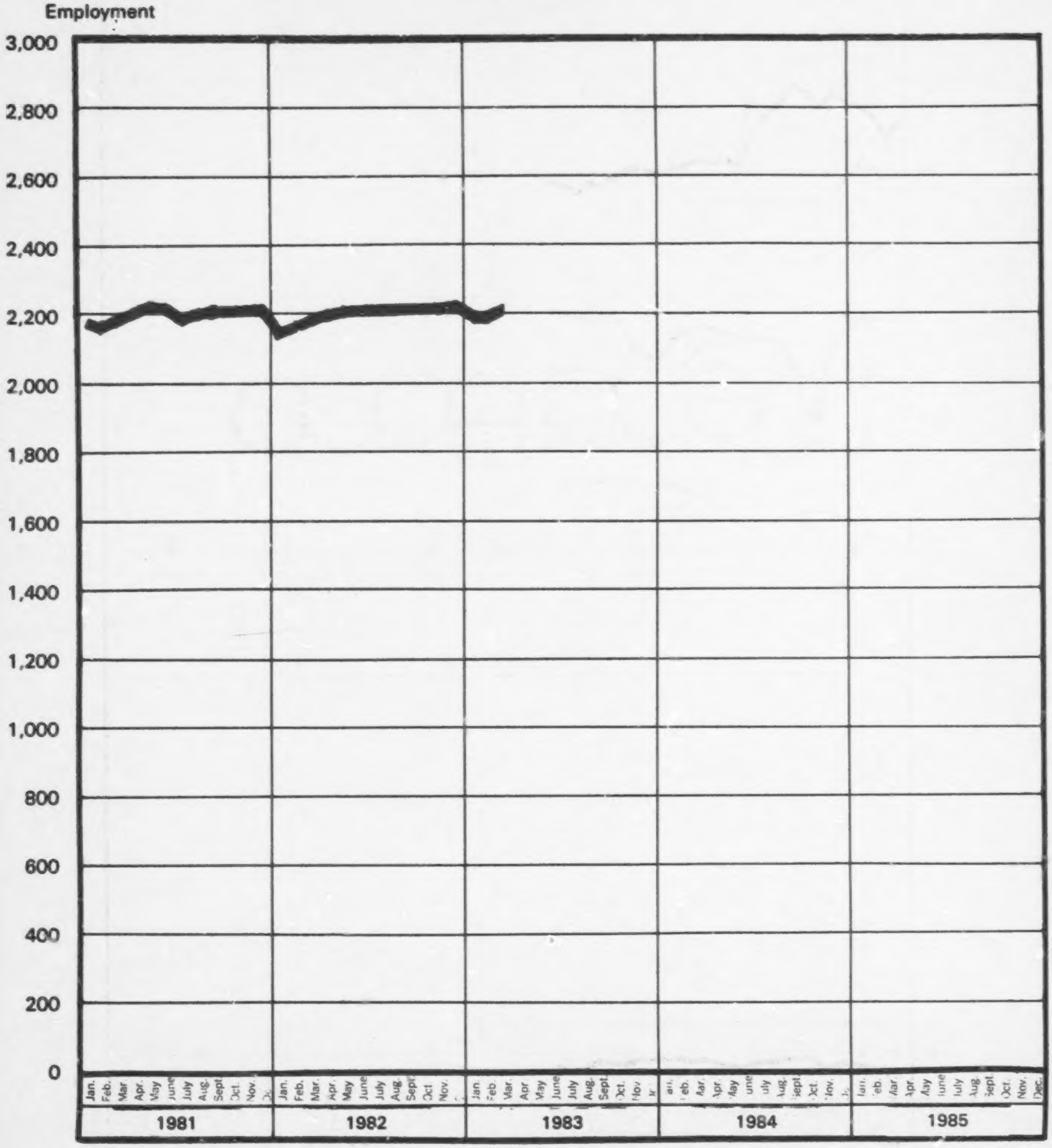
Citing economic conditions, competition, and recent labor cost increases, Frank Borman, president and chairman of Eastern Airlines, announced that 1,600 Eastern employees would be laid off by May 1. The cuts will be across-the-board, affecting both blue- and white-collar, union and nonunion workers. Borman said the layoff represents a departure from the full employment policy the airlines has followed for the past decade. It is not known at this time how many of the affected employees are Georgia-based.

Lenox Station Hotel to Be Built

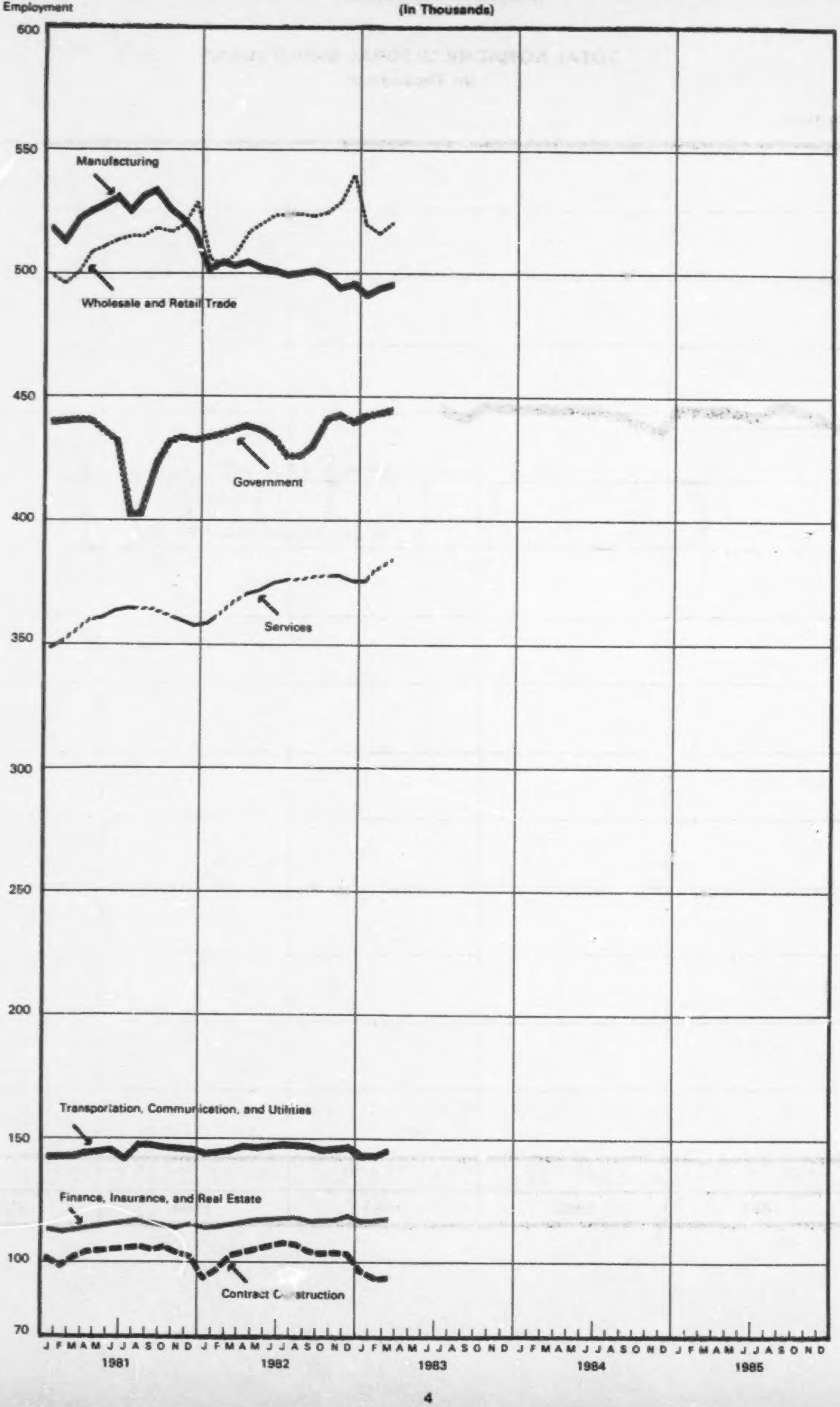
Duet Holdings Lenox Station Limited has won the right to build a 300-room, 24-story hotel atop the Lenox MARTA station. Construction on the $40 million project is slated to begin in January 1984, and the developers hope to open the hotel in December 1984 when the Lenox MARTA station is scheduled to open. Novatel SCIH-USA, the world's ninth largest hotel company, will operate the new hotel as a part of its luxury chain called Sofatel.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,209.2	2,198.2	2,184.4	11.0	24.8
Manufacturing	300005	495.1	493.6	503.5	1.5	-8.4
Durable Goods	300025	174.4	173.1	179.4	1.3	-5.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	28.1	27.9	26.8	.2	1.3
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	13.7	13.6	13.3	.1	.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.2	9.2	9.4	.0	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	5.6	5.5	5.6	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	15.8	15.7	16.0	.1	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.6	15.5	16.8	.1	-1.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	16.5	16.5	18.3	.0	-1.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.4	19.4	21.8	.0	-2.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	21.9	21.7	24.0	.2	-2.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	36.1	35.4	34.9	.7	1.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.8	11.7	11.5	.1	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	320.8	320.5	324.1	.3	-3.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	56.3	56.4	58.0	-.1	-1.7
Meat Products	420105	20.3	20.5	20.9	-.2	-.6
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.0	15.0	15.2	.0	-.2
Dairy Products	420205	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	8.2	8.2	9.2	.0	-1.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	103.1	103.7	103.7	-.6	-.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.4	23.7	23.5	-.3	-.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.9	3.9	4.1	.0	-.2
Knitting Mills	422505	9.2	9.2	9.0	.0	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	28.0	28.0	27.0	.0	1.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	20.4	20.5	21.1	-.1	-.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.1	69.1	69.9	.0	-.8
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	38.5	38.7	38.5	-.2	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.7	21.7	21.8	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.2	27.0	27.7	.2	-.5
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.7	12.7	13.2	.0	-.5
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.8	6.7	6.6	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.6	26.1	25.0	.5	1.6
Commercial Printing	427505	9.9	9.8	9.1	.1	.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.1	17.0	17.9	.1	-.8
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.4	2.2	2.8	.2	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	2.0	2.2	-.1	-.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.3	19.3	19.8	.0	-.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,714.0	1,704.6	1,681.0	9.4	33.0
Mining	100005	7.2	7.2	7.4	.0	-.2
Contract Construction	200005	94.4	93.7	101.0	.7	-6.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	144.9	144.3	145.3	.6	-.4
Transportation	500015	83.6	83.3	84.9	.3	-1.3
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.9	38.6	38.8	.3	.1
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.4	22.4	21.7	.0	.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	520.7	517.5	507.6	3.2	13.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	167.0	165.3	161.9	1.7	5.1
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	100.6	99.9	98.2	.7	2.4
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	66.4	65.4	63.6	1.0	2.8
Retail Trade	652005	353.7	352.2	345.7	1.5	8.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	117.9	117.4	115.1	.5	2.8
Finance	760025	51.9	51.8	50.0	.1	1.9
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.5	42.4	42.0	.1	.5
Real Estate	765075	23.5	23.2	23.1	.3	.4
Services	800005	384.2	380.4	367.7	3.8	16.5
Government	998008	444.7	444.0	436.8	.7	7.9
Federal	998011	85.6	85.3	84.9	.3	.7
State and Local	998509	359.1	358.7	351.9	.4	7.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	368.1	367.0	383.0	1.1	-14.9
Durable Goods	300025	126.5	125.6	132.9	.9	-6.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	241.6	241.4	250.1	.2	-8.5
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	37.2	37.3	39.9	-.1	-2.7
Textile Mill Products	422005	85.0	85.2	87.6	-.2	-2.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.6	20.9	21.0	-.3	-.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.3	3.4	3.5	-.1	-.2
Knitting Mills	422505	7.4	7.5	7.4	-.1	.0
Floor Covering Mills	422705	23.0	22.9	22.2	.1	.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	16.9	16.9	17.5	.0	-.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.1	59.3	59.5	-.2	-.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.5	33.8	32.8	-.3	.7
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.2	18.3	18.8	-.1	-.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.1	21.9	21.7	.2	.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.1	7.9	8.0	.2	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.4	20.3	21.2	.1	-.8
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.5	9.5	10.1	.0	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.4	10.2	10.8	.2	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.6	1.6	2.0	.0	-.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	11.8	11.7	12.0	.1	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.6	10.6	12.2	.0	-1.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	12.5	12.6	14.3	-.1	-1.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.4	13.5	15.3	-.1	-1.9
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	14.5	14.4	16.6	.1	-2.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.0	23.5	23.3	.5	.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA, HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$281.20	$283.61	$260.24	40.0	40.4	38.9	$ 7.03	$ 7.02	$ 6.69
Durable Goods	300025	325.51	332.77	303.46	41.1	41.7	40.3	7.92	7.98	7.53
Nondurable Goods	400015	258.73	257.40	237.22	39.5	39.6	38.2	6.55	6.50	6.21
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$254.41	$255.84	$240.48	39.2	39.3	38.6	$ 6.49	$ 6.51	$ 6.23
Textile Mill Products	422005	248.47	249.48	220.61	40.8	41.1	38.3	6.09	6.07	5.76
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	250.70	248.44	216.75	40.5	40.2	37.5	6.19	5.18	5.78
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	272.83	271.83	262.06	41.4	41.5	42.2	6.59	6.55	6.21
Knitting Mills	422505	225.36	219.60	201.16	41.2	41.2	37.6	5.47	5.33	5.35
Floor Covering Mills	422705	262.88	266.30	238.86	42.4	43.3	40.9	6.20	6.15	5.84
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	234.91	245.39	214.60	38.7	39.9	37.0	6.07	6.15	5.80
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	163.56	168.48	159.84	34.8	36.0	34.9	4.70	4.68	4.58
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	164.48	174.43	163.68	34.7	36.8	35.2	4.74	4.74	4.65
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	161.57	159.91	154.22	35.2	35.3	34.5	4.59	4.53	4.47
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	230.68	227.42	206.75	40.9	41.2	38.5	5.64	5.52	5.37
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	227.14	213.64	221.44	44.8	42.9	44.2	5.07	4.98	5.01
Paper and Allied Products	426005	456.72	438.23	419.74	44.0	42.3	42.7	10.38	10.36	9.83
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	534.72	486.71	466.47	45.2	40.9	42.6	11.83	11.90	10.95
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	376.27	359.53	340.34	43.6	42.1	43.3	8.63	8.54	7.86
Leather and Leather Products	431005	163.32	155.40	125.83	36.7	35.0	29.4	4.45	4.44	4.28
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	332.90	325.48	311.58	41.2	41.2	41.6	8.08	7.90	7.49
Primary Metal Industries	333005	361.38	365.09	341.94	39.8	39.9	39.9	9.08	9.15	8.57
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	282.36	275.92	274.85	39.0	39.7	40.3	7.24	6.95	6.82
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	226.77	308.26	319.62	35.6	41.6	42.0	6.37	7.41	7.61
Transportation Equipment	337005	546.02	552.92	455.94	46.0	46.0	40.6	11.87	12.02	11.23

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA'S MARCH EMPLOYMENT UP 5,500

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, estimated at 1,019,600 for March, rose 5,500 from the previous month. All major industry categories recorded at least some uptrend except construction which experienced a slim drop.

All manufacturing industries in both durable and nondurable goods remained stable, reflecting a gain of only 200. Food and kindred products, down 400, registered the greatest change; this was because of less business in prepared meat products, poultry dressing plants, and beverages.

Manufacturing was down 4,400 from the same month last year with declines in both durable and nondurable goods-producing industries. Stone, clay, and glass; "other durable goods;" and printing and publishing were the only industries gaining over the year.

Nonmanufacturing increased 5,300 during the month with service industries accounting for 4,200 of this increase. Cleaning and maintenance services to buildings, protective agencies, and amusement and recreational facilities contributed much of the gain.

Nonmanufacturing rose 27,500 during the year. Employment in all major industry divisions exceeded last year's level. However, retail trade, services, and state and local government provided more than ninety percent of the increase.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Industrial Park Planned to Create 2,000 New Jobs

Local government officials and business leaders hope to use 240 acres of property near Bankhead Highway and the Chattahoochee River to create 2,000 jobs for residents who live in that area, which has the city's highest unemployment rate. The site will house the Atlanta Industrial Park, a joint effort of leaders from the public and private sector to create jobs and provide sites for industrial development within the city. The industrial park, the first to be developed in the city since the mid-1960's, will be bounded by Bankhead Highway, Fulton Industrial Boulevard, Bolton Road, and the Chattahoochee River in northwest Atlanta. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, April 14, 1983).

Company Plans to Build in Midtown

The Atlanta real estate company, Hooker/Barnes, plans to start developing its property around the MARTA Midtown Station this year. A company official said the firm will likely begin its multiphase project with a 250,000 square-foot speculative office building between West Peachtree Street and the Midtown Station. It owns and controls a total of 10 acres of nearby land, representing an investment of $10 million. The company is considering three projects for the Midtown Station: the speculative office building, an office building for a major tenant on Peachtree Place, and a residential condominium development just north of the station. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, April 7, 1983).

Multi-use Complex to Be Built on Brookhaven Site

A residential-office-recreational complex costing several hundred million dollars will be developed by Technology Park/Atlanta Incorporated on the 165-acre Brookhaven site of the Standard Club. A company official said the design anticipates maintaining the existing clubhouse and part of the golf course for use by occupants of the community and the new developments. Medium-to-high-rise buildings will be scattered throughout the property, with parking located underground. The site of the Standard Club is near Lenox Square and bordered by the north-south MARTA line now under construction. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, March 29, 1983).

Owners Plan Renovation of Hurt Building

The owners of the historic Hurt Building in downtown Atlanta plan to spend an estimated $15 million to remodel the 70 year-old structure and renovate a nearby parking garage. Atlantic Realty Company will convert the interior of the 17-story structure into first-class office space while preserving the ornamental exterior. The building, located on a triangular block formed by Edgewood Avenue, Exchange Place, and Ivy Street, has been almost entirely vacant since December 1981, when Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company moved into its new Midtown headquarters. The prospective tenants are attorneys, accountants, and other professionals. AFCO Realty Associates, Incorporated has been hired to market and lease the building's 408,000 square feet of rental space.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,019.6	1,014.1	996.4	5.5	23.2
Manufacturing	300005	139.4	139.2	143.8	.2	-4.4
Durable Goods	300025	70.3	69.9	73.4	.4	-3.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.6	2.7	2.6	-.1	.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	-.1
Household Furniture	325105	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.7	6.7	6.4	.0	.3
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.8	4.8	5.5	.0	-.7
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.6	6.6	7.4	.0	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.5	7.3	7.8	.2	-.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.2	11.2	12.2	.0	-1.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.5	22.3	23.2	.2	-.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	4.8	4.8	4.7	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.1	69.3	70.4	-.2	-1.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.4	18.8	18.6	-.4	-.2
Meat Products	420105	4.7	4.9	4.9	-.2	-.2
Bakery Products	420505	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.2	4.2	5.1	.0	-.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.1	1.1	1.6	.0	-.5
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.3	8.2	8.6	.1	-.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.9	3.2	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.6	7.5	7.8	.1	-.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.7	3.8	4.0	-.1	-.3
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.8	16.7	16.2	.1	.6
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.5	6.9	.0	.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.6	7.5	7.7	.1	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.3	6.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	880.2	874.9	852.7	5.3	27.5
Contract Construction	200005	43.3	43.4	42.8	-.1	.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	91.7	91.4	91.2	.3	.5
Transportation	500015	57.2	56.9	56.9	.3	.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	285.4	285.3	272.2	.1	13.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	106.4	107.3	105.6	-.9	.8
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	71.4	71.8	70.6	-.4	.8
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	35.0	35.4	35.0	-.4	.0
Retail Trade	652005	179.0	178.0	166.5	1.0	12.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	70.7	70.4	69.4	.3	1.3
Finance	760025	27.9	27.8	26.7	.1	1.2
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.4	26.4	26.5	.0	-.1
Services	800055	222.3	218.1	213.1	4.2	9.2
Government	998008	166.9	166.3	164.0	.6	2.9
Federal	998011	33.3	33.1	33.7	.2	-.4
State and Local	998509	133.6	133.2	130.3	.4	3.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	94.5	94.4	99.2	.1	-4.7
Durable Goods	300025	49.1	48.8	51.9	.3	-2.8
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.3	45.5	47.3	-.2	-2.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.4	11.6	11.8	-.2	-.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.2	3.2	4.2	.0	-1.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	6.7	7.2	.0	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.3	2.4	2.7	-.1	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.0	2.1	2.0	-.1	.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.7	5.6	5.8	.1	-.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.5	2.6	2.7	-.1	-.2
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.9	3.9	4.0	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.2	5.2	4.7	.0	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	3.0	3.0	3.7	.0	-.7
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.4	4.4	5.2	.0	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.5	5.3	5.7	.2	-.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.7	14.5	15.3	.2	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$339.55	$344.57	$315.87	39.9	40.3	38.9	$ 8.51	$ 8.55	$ 8.12
Durable Goods	300025	378.25	387.84	359.96	39.9	40.4	39.6	9.48	9.60	9.09
Nondurable Goods	400015	297.65	297.54	266.76	39.9	40.1	38.0	7.46	7.42	7.02
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$285.77	$291.53	$256.93	39.2	40.1	36.6	$ 7.29	$ 7.27	$ 7.02
Textile Mill Products	422005	234.00	225.89	197.03	40.0	39.7	35.5	5.85	5.69	5.55
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	173.04	178.57	166.00	35.1	35.5	34.8	4.93	5.03	4.77
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	158.10	169.34	152.85	32.8	33.8	33.3	4.82	5.01	4.59
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	188.96	190.02	176.78	38.8	38.7	36.3	4.87	4.91	4.87
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	208.85	216.37	187.55	36.9	38.5	34.1	5.66	5.62	5.50
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	241.64	229.29	234.79	44.5	43.1	44.3	5.43	5.32	5.30
Paper and Allied Products	426005	389.82	382.38	351.96	43.8	43.7	42.0	8.90	8.75	8.38
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	369.60	345.61	319.18	42.0	40.9	39.6	8.80	8.45	8.06
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	352.33	322.81	332.64	42.5	40.1	42.0	8.29	8.05	7.92
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	331.30	311.95	301.75	40.7	38.8	39.6	8.14	8.04	7.62
Primary Metal Industries	333005	462.80	467.25	447.58	40.0	39.8	41.1	11.57	11.74	10.89
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	323.76	322.14	304.90	36.5	35.4	38.4	8.87	9.10	7.94
Transportation Equipment	337005	584.01	592.41	492.16	43.1	43.4	38.3	13.55	13.65	12.85

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 43,000, was unchanged during the month due to offsetting gains and losses. Over the year, 1,300 fewer people were employed. Most of the annual loss was in nonmanufacturing, with the largest decrement being in government.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was basically unchanged over the month. A gain of 100 in metals and machinery indicates that the industry, which has been declining recently, is showing some sign of recovery at this time. A decline was reported in nondurable goods for the month. Annually, manufacturing lost an estimated 300 jobs. Most of the annual decline was in "other nondurable goods" and "other durable goods."

Contract construction, at 1,700, was unchanged during the month. Over the year, the construction industry declined slightly but appears to be remaining relatively stable compared to recent years when it has steadily declined. Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged for the month and lost 100 over the year. Finance, insurance, and real estate, also at 2,200, was unchanged during March and gained 200 for the year. Trade, at 9,100, declined 100 during the month and was down 100 for the year. Both the yearly and monthly declines were in the retail segment. Wholesale trade was up slightly for the month and unchanged over the year. Services, at 6,000, gained 100 over the month but was still minus 100 for the year. Employment gains were noted over the month in both business and personal services. Government, at 10,300, was unchanged during March. Over the year, a loss of 600 was recorded in the division. Much of this was due to cuts in federal funding with federal, state, and local sectors all being affected.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.0	43.0	44.3	.0	-1.3
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.5	11.8	.0	-.3
Durable Goods	300025	2.1	2.0	2.4	.1	-.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.2	1.3	.1	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	1.1	.0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	9.5	9.4	-.1	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	2.9	.0	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.1	4.3	.0	-.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	31.5	31.5	32.5	.0	-1.0
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.7	1.9	.0	-.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.1	9.2	9.2	-.1	-.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.6	2.7	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	6.4	6.5	6.5	-.1	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	6.0	5.9	6.1	.1	-.1
Government	998008	10.3	10.3	10.9	.0	-.6
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	-.2
State and Local	998509	7.7	7.7	8.0	.0	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	53.2	53.1	53.3	.1	-.1
Manufacturing	300005	13.9	13.8	14.6	.1	-.7
Durable Goods	300025	4.3	4.3	5.0	.0	-.7
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.2	2.2	2.9	.0	-.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.6	9.6	.0	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	39.3	39.3	38.7	.0	.6
Contract Construction	200005	1.4	1.5	1.5	-.1	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.4	10.4	10.1	.0	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.3	8.4	8.1	-.1	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.6	1.7	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.1	7.2	6.7	-.1	.4
Government	998008	17.2	17.1	17.3	.1	-.1
Federal	998011	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	15.2	15.2	15.3	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area, estimated at 123,100 in March, remained unchanged over the month. Gains reported in trade; services and mining; and finance, insurance, and real estate were negated by losses in manufacturing, construction, and government. Annually, an increase of 600 jobs was recorded, although manufacturing dropped 700.

Manufacturing, at 33,700, lost 300 over the month and 700 over the year, mostly because of less business in textiles. Lumber and wood products, at 600, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,800, also remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Metals and machinery, at 2,700, rose 100 over the month and 400 over the year because of more activity in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,300, dropped 100 over the month because of less activity in transportation equipment. This segment climbed 200 over the year with scattered increments. Food and kindred products, at 2,600, dropped 100 over the month and 300 over the year, partly due to less activity in bakery products. Textile mill products, at 7,600, slid downward 300 over the month and 1,400 over the year. The monthly decline was attributable to the permanent closing of one facility, while annually, the decrease was caused by modernization, the recession, and international competition. Apparel, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month, but lost 200 over the year resulting from consumer reluctance to buy. Printing and publishing, at 1,100, remained unchanged over the month, but climbed 300 over the year in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 1,100, was unchanged over the month, but rose 300 over the year with scattered gains.

Nonmanufacturing rose from February and from March 1982. Construction, at 5,300, dropped 100 over the month and 300 over the year because of the completion of projects. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, rose 100 over the month triggered by scattered increments, but dropped 100 over the year because of sundry declines. Trade, at 24,400, gained 200 over the month because of preliminary hiring for the Masters Golf Tournament. This division registered an increase of 1,100 annually primarily due to the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,500, rose 100 over the month and over the year mostly because of increased activity in banking firms. Services and mining, at 19,700, climbed 200 over the month and 600 over the year. The monthly rise was triggered by hiring for the Masters Golf Tournament, while the annual increase was caused by the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,200, dropped 100 over the month and 300 over the year primarily because of less activity in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington. (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.1	123.1	122.5	.0	.6
Manufacturing	300005	33.7	34.0	34.4	-.3	-.7
Durable Goods	300025	8.5	8.4	7.9	.1	.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.7	2.6	2.3	.1	.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.4	2.1	-.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.2	25.6	26.5	-.4	-1.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.7	2.9	-.1	-.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	7.6	7.9	9.0	-.3	-1.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	.8	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.1	12.1	11.7	.0	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	89.4	89.1	88.1	.3	1.3
Contract Construction	200005	5.3	5.4	5.6	-.1	-.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.2	4.4	.1	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.4	24.2	23.3	.2	1.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.5	4.4	4.2	.1	.3
Retail Trade	652005	20.0	19.8	19.1	.2	.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.5	4.4	4.4	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	19.7	19.5	19.1	.2	.6
Government	998008	31.2	31.3	31.5	-.1	-.3
Federal	998011	7.2	7.2	7.1	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	24.0	24.1	24.4	-.1	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased by 100 from the February estimate to 77,900. Mild fluctuations occurred in several industries. Over the year, nonagricultural wage and salary employment moved downward by 300 primarily due to declines in nonmanufacturing employment.

Manufacturing increased by 100 from February with lumber and wood products; food and kindred products; and printing, publishing, and allied industries sharing in the gain. Total manufacturing increased 1,000 from one year ago as gains in textile mill products and printing, publishing, and allied industries more than offset a loss in metals and machinery.

Nonmanufacturing's overall employment lost 100 from February. Over the year, there was a decline of 1,400 workers. All groups shared in the loss except finance, insurance, and real estate, which remained constant.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	77.9	77.8	78.2	.1	-.3
Manufacturing	300005	19.7	19.6	18.7	.1	1.0
Durable Goods	300025	4.4	4.3	4.4	.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.3	.4	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.2	3.2	3.3	.0	-.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.4	15.3	14.3	.1	1.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.8	3.9	.1	.0
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.3	8.3	7.2	.0	1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.1	1.1	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	58.1	58.2	59.5	-.1	-1.4
Contract Construction	200005	3.3	3.3	3.8	.0	-.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.3	16.3	16.4	.0	-.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	13.7	13.7	13.8	.0	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.3	5.3	5.3	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	11.0	11.0	11.3	.0	-.3
Government	998008	19.2	19.2	19.5	.0	-.3
Federal	998011	6.3	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.8	13.2	.1	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 98,600 in March, up 400 from February and down 1,000 from March 1982. During the month, manufacturing added 200 with most of the gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing increased 300 with trade accounting for most of the gain. Annually, manufacturing rose 300, and nonmanufacturing lost 1,200.

Manufacturing employment increased 200 from last month with durable goods remaining unchanged and nondurable goods adding 200. "Other nondurable goods" accounted for most of the gain. Annually, durable goods declined 100. Nondurable goods rose 300 with sizable gains in textiles and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by a decrease of 300 in apparel.

Nonmanufacturing increased 300 from February with gains in construction and trade being partially offset by declines in services and government. Most of the increase in construction was in general construction. The gain in trade was due to increased employment in retail businesses. Annually, construction declined 1,100 with losses in general construction, heavy construction, and special trades construction. Trade advanced 600 with a small drop in wholesale trade employment partially offsetting increases in the retail section. Government decreased 500 with the federal segment adding 100 and the state and local segment losing 600. Most of the loss in state and local government was due to cutbacks in federally-funded positions.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.6	98.2	99.6	.4	-1.0
Manufacturing	300005	16.3	16.1	16.0	.2	.3
Durable Goods	300025	5.1	5.1	5.2	.0	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.2	1.3	1.2	-.1	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.1	10.9	10.8	.2	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.4	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.7	1.8	2.0	-.1	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.7	2.5	.1	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	82.4	82.1	83.6	.3	-1.2
Contract Construction	200005	3.2	3.1	4.3	.1	-1.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.1	20.9	20.5	.2	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.0	4.0	4.1	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	16.9	16.4	.2	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.2	.0	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	17.8	17.9	17.9	-.1	-.1
Government	998008	29.5	29.6	30.0	-.1	-.5
Federal	948011	16.6	16.6	16.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	12.9	13.0	13.5	-.1	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased approximately 200 over the month. Manufacturing employment increased 300 during this same period, while nonmanufacturing employment declined 100.

Manufacturing employment over the month experienced surprising growth. For the first time in almost two years, both durable and nondurable goods increased in employment. Approximately one half the gain occurred in the transportation sector. The remainder was distributed throughout the other manufacturing industries.

Nonmanufacturing employment decreased approximately 100 over the month. Contract construction increased an estimated 100 over the month. Building construction increased 200, at the same time, heavy construction remained stable, and special trade contractors decreased 100. All sectors in the transportation and public utilities area remained unchanged except marine cargo handling which lost 100. Wholesale and retail trade declined 100 over the month. The majority of the loss occurred in the wholesale sector. All other divisions of nonmanufacturing remained fairly stable.

Over the year, employment in the Savannah SMSA remained well below year-ago levels. Total estimated losses over the year were 1,500. As the economy picks up, employment should begin to respond positively. Considering the size of the decline, it will be sometime in 1984 before things return to normal.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.1	87.9	89.6	.2	-1.5
Manufacturing	300005	16.2	15.9	16.6	.3	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	7.4	7.2	7.0	.2	.4
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.1	1.2	.1	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.2	4.1	3.7	.1	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.7	8.6	9.6	.1	-.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.8	3.8	4.6	.0	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	71.9	72.0	73.1	-.1	-1.2
Contract Construction	200005	5.0	4.9	5.8	.1	-.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.6	8.6	9.0	.0	-.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.0	21.1	21.3	-.1	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.2	4.4	-.1	-.3
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	16.9	16.9	.0	.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	16.7	16.7	16.6	.0	.1
Government	998008	16.5	16.5	16.3	.0	.2
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	13.8	13.8	13.8	.0	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.9	10.0	11.7	.9	-.8
Durable Goods	300025	5.6	4.7	5.3	.9	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.3	5.3	6.4	.0	-1.1
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	1.0	.9	1.0	.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	3.4	.0	-1.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.6	2.8	2.6	.8	1.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82	CURRENT MONTH MAR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH FEB. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAR. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$411.78	$358.43	$358.25	45.5	40.5	41.9	$ 9.05	$ 8.85	$ 8.55
Durable Goods	300025	412.19	382.28	320.72	47.0	44.4	39.4	8.77	8.61	8.14
Nondurable Goods	400015	410.47	337.61	388.52	43.9	37.1	43.9	9.35	9.10	8.85
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$271.90	$289.92	$238.98	44.5	48.4	40.3	$ 6.11	$ 5.99	$ 5.93
Paper and Allied Products	426005	523.69	359.18	457.91	46.8	32.3	45.7	11.19	11.12	10.02
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	315.47	314.57	302.22	41.4	40.8	41.4	7.62	7.71	7.30
Transportation Equipment	337005	495.60	426.80	409.47	52.5	44.0	44.8	9.44	9.70	9.14

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982
UNITED STATES					
Civilian Labor Force	109,873,000	109,647,000	108,761,000	226,000	1,112,000
Employed	97,994,000	97,265,000	98,471,000	729,000	-477,000
Unemployed	11,879,000	12,382,000	10,290,000	-503,000	1,589,000
Rate	10.8	11.3	9.5	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,675,884	2,651,444	2,622,427	24,440	53,457
Employed	2,460,159	2,424,373	2,419,041	35,786	41,118
Unemployed	215,725	227,071	203,386	-11,346	12,339
Rate	8.1	8.6	7.8	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,548	52,215	52,938	333	-390
Employed	47,292	46,891	48,461	401	-1,169
Unemployed	5,256	5,324	4,477	-68	779
Rate	10.0	10.2	8.5	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,428	66,268	65,248	160	1,180
Employed	61,684	61,029	61,454	655	230
Unemployed	4,744	5,239	3,794	-495	950
Rate	7.1	7.9	5.8	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,114,687	1,104,463	1,081,831	10,224	32,856
Employed	1,038,786	1,025,225	1,012,431	13,561	26,355
Unemployed	75,901	79,238	69,400	-3,337	6,501
Rate	6.8	7.2	6.4	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,791	136,607	134,565	1,184	3,226
Employed	124,577	123,967	123,301	610	1,276
Unemployed	13,214	12,640	11,264	574	1,950
Rate	9.6	9.3	8.4	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,185	87,131	88,639	54	-1,454
Employed	78,842	78,144	78,415	698	427
Unemployed	8,343	8,987	10,224	-644	-1,881
Rate	9.6	10.3	11.5	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,672	107,870	108,113	802	559
Employed	100,095	98,859	100,626	1,236	-531
Unemployed	8,577	9,011	7,487	-434	1,090
Rate	7.9	8.4	6.9	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,915	98,647	98,362	268	553
Employed	90,003	89,099	91,155	904	-1,152
Unemployed	8,912	9,548	7,207	-636	1,705
Rate	9.0	9.7	7.3	---	---

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,791	136,607	134,565	1,184	3,226
Employed	124,577	123,967	123,301	610	1,276
Unemployed	13,214	12,640	11,264	574	1,950
Rate	9.6	9.3	8.4	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,414	90,494	89,538	920	1,876
Employed	84,276	83,586	83,530	690	746
Unemployed	7,138	6,908	6,008	230	1,130
Rate	7.8	7.6	6.7	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	46,377	46,113	45,027	264	1,350
Employed	40,301	40,381	39,771	-80	530
Unemployed	6,076	5,732	5,256	344	820
Rate	13.1	12.4	11.7	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,185	87,131	88,639	54	-1,454
Employed	78,842	78,144	78,415	698	427
Unemployed	8,343	8,987	10,224	-644	-1,881
Rate	9.6	10.3	11.5	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,252	69,041	70,196	211	-944
Employed	63,763	63,220	63,727	543	36
Unemployed	5,489	5,821	6,469	-332	-980
Rate	7.9	8.4	9.2	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,933	18,090	18,443	-157	-510
Employed	15,079	14,924	14,688	155	391
Unemployed	2,854	3,166	3,755	-312	-901
Rate	15.9	17.5	20.4	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAR. 1983	REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED FEB. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,675,884	2,651,444	2,622,427	24,440	53,457
Employed	2,460,159	2,424,373	2,419,041	35,786	41,118
Unemployed	215,725	227,071	203,386	-11,346	12,339
Rate	8.1	8.6	7.8	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,649,603	1,637,153	1,614,118	12,450	35,485
Employed	1,529,407	1,511,104	1,505,211	18,303	24,196
Unemployed	120,196	126,049	108,907	-5,853	11,289
Rate	7.3	7.7	6.7	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,026,281	1,014,291	1,008,309	11,990	17,972
Employed	930,752	913,269	913,830	17,483	16,922
Unemployed	95,529	101,022	94,479	-5,493	1,050
Rate	9.3	10.0	9.4	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $253.24
Quantity 1,300

6/27/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR MAY 1983 *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(April Data)

GEORGIA'S PERSONAL INCOME GROWING AT FASTER RATE THAN NATION'S

Recently released figures from the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce show Georgia's 1981 per capita income at $8,935, an 11.1 percent increase from 1980. Income in the state increased at a faster rate than in the nation as a whole, although Georgia's figure remains below the national average of $10,495.

Per capita income rose at a faster rate in nonmetropolitan areas than in metropolitan areas. Metropolitan income grew by 10.1 percent while nonmetropolitan income increased 13.0 percent. This is a reversal from 1979-1980 when metropolitan per capita income rose 10.6 percent compared to only 6.0 percent for nonmetropolitan counties.

Three Georgia counties were leaders in the Southeast in terms of percentage increase in personal income. Lee County, Georgia, which is part of the Albany Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, was the top gainer among urban counties in the 12-state region. Total personal income rose 33.1 percent from 1980 to 1981. Two nonmetropolitan Georgia counties placed in the top five. Irwin County was second with a 34.4 percent increase, and Burke County was fifth with a gain of 30.3 percent.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis defines personal income as "the income received by, or on behalf of, all residents of the area." It is the sum of wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments, rental income, also with capital consumption adjustment, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments, less contributions for social insurance such as social security and railroad retirement. No deduction is made for income or other personal taxes. The term "persons" refers to individuals, nonprofit institutions, private uninsured welfare funds, and private trust funds. Per capita personal income is the total annual personal income of residents divided by the total resident population as of July 1.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

New Office Building for Southern Company

The Southern Company has announced plans for a new 16-story office building adjacent to its headquarters in Perimeter Center in Atlanta. The 370,000 square-foot facility will house the staffs of Southern Company and Southern Company Services Incorporated who are now in several locations around the city. To cost approximately $40 million, the building will be completed in about 2½ years. It will be owned by Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, which owns Perimeter Center, and leased to Southern Company.

Ansley Mall to Be Expanded

Atlanta's Ansley Mall is undergoing a $3 million expansion and renovation which will increase its square footage from 151,000 to 173,000. The work, which is scheduled for completion by the end of this year, includes extensive landscaping and design changes.

Athens Gets New Electronics Plant

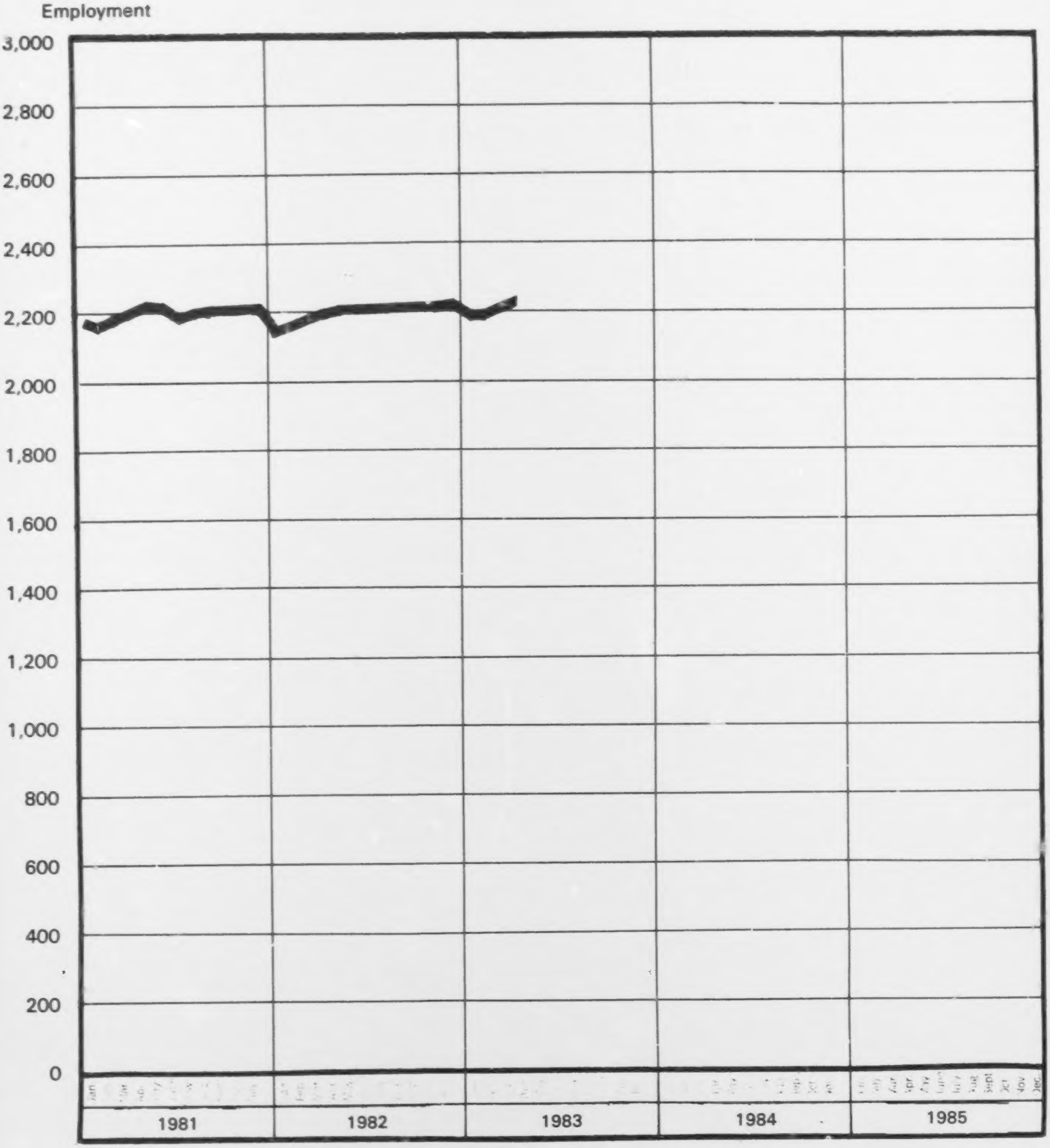
Eaton Corporation, which is based in Cleveland, Ohio, opened a 68,000 square-foot facility in Athens recently. Initially, 70 people will be hired to make electronic components and hybrid microelectric circuits. Eventually, as many as 400 people could be employed. Eaton also operates a plant in Norcross.

GE to Build New Development Center in Norcross

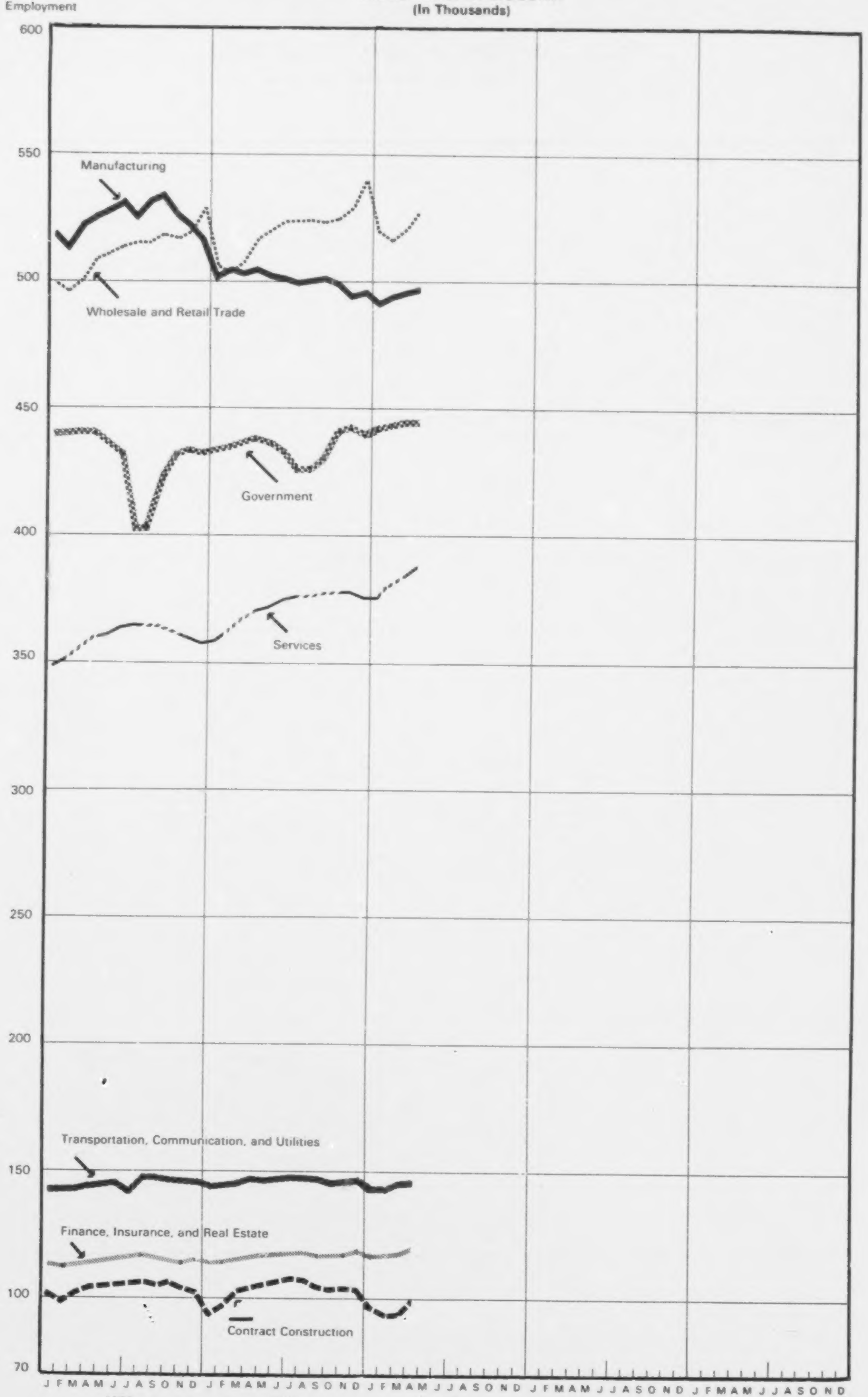
General Electric Company's Plastics Operations will build a $2.1 million, 21,000 square-foot application development center in Norcross. The center, which should be completed by fall, will provide educational, design, and testing services to GE Plastics customers. About 30 employees will be housed in the building.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,227.1	2,209.2	2,204.7	17.9	22.4
Manufacturing	300005	497.0	495.1	505.0	1.9	-8.0
Durable Goods	300025	175.4	174.1	179.8	1.3	-4.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	28.2	28.0	27.0	.2	1.2
Logging Camps Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	13.7	13.8	13.3	-.1	.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.1	9.2	9.6	-.1	-.5
Household Furniture	325105	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	-.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	15.9	15.7	15.9	.2	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.4	15.3	16.3	.1	-.9
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	16.8	16.6	17.6	.2	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.8	19.5	21.8	.3	-2.0
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	22.0	21.9	23.9	.1	-1.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	36.4	36.1	35.9	.3	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.8	11.9	11.7	-.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	321.6	321.0	325.2	.6	-3.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	56.6	56.4	57.9	.2	-1.3
Meat Products	420105	20.4	20.3	20.9	.1	-.5
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	14.8	15.0	15.2	-.2	-.4
Dairy Products	420205	4.4	4.5	4.4	-.1	.0
Bakery Products	420505	8.4	8.2	9.0	.2	-.6
Textile Mill Products	422005	104.0	103.6	105.3	.4	-1.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.5	23.5	24.6	.0	-1.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.8	3.9	4.3	-.1	-.5
Knitting Mills	422505	9.3	9.3	9.2	.0	.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	28.3	28.0	27.3	.3	1.0
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	20.6	20.4	21.1	.2	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	68.8	68.7	69.5	.1	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	38.8	38.6	38.7	.2	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.3	21.5	21.6	-.2	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.2	27.3	27.6	-.1	-.4
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.6	12.7	13.1	-.1	-.5
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.8	6.8	6.6	.0	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.6	26.7	24.9	-.1	1.7
Commercial Printing	427505	9.8	9.9	9.2	-.1	.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.0	17.1	17.6	-.1	-.6
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.3	2.4	2.6	-.1	-.3
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.5	19.2	20.2	.3	-.7
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,730.2	1,714.1	1,699.7	16.1	30.5
Mining	100005	7.3	7.2	7.4	.1	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	98.2	94.6	104.2	3.6	-6.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	145.1	144.7	146.6	.4	-1.5
Transportation	500015	83.9	83.7	85.5	.2	-1.6
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.8	38.7	38.9	.1	-.1
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.4	22.4	22.2	.0	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	527.8	520.6	517.0	7.2	10.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	167.7	167.0	163.3	.7	4.4
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	101.0	100.6	99.2	.4	1.8
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	66.7	66.4	64.1	.3	2.6
Retail Trade	652005	360.0	353.6	353.6	6.4	6.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	119.1	118.0	116.0	1.1	3.1
Finance	760025	52.7	52.0	50.2	.7	2.5
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.3	42.5	42.1	-.2	.2
Real Estate	765075	24.1	23.5	23.7	.6	.4
Services	800005	388.0	384.3	370.5	3.7	17.5
Government	998008	444.7	444.6	438.1	.1	6.6
Federal	998011	86.0	85.6	85.4	.4	.6
State and Local	998509	358.8	359.0	352.7	-.2	6.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	368.8	368.3	381.5	.5	-12.7
Durable Goods	300025	126.5	126.1	133.0	.4	-6.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	242.3	242.2	248.5	.1	-6.2
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	37.5	37.3	39.8	.2	-2.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	85.4	85.4	87.7	.0	-2.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.6	20.6	22.2	.0	-1.6
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.3	3.3	3.7	.0	-.4
Knitting Mills	422505	7.5	7.6	7.5	-.1	.0
Floor Covering Mills	422705	23.1	23.0	22.5	.1	.6
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	17.0	16.9	17.5	.1	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.1	59.1	59.2	.0	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.8	33.6	33.1	.2	.7
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.0	18.1	18.6	-.1	-.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	21.8	21.8	21.8	.0	.0
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	8.0	8.1	8.2	-.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.4	20.5	21.1	-.1	-.7
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.4	9.5	10.0	-.1	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.2	10.4	10.6	-.2	-.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.5	1.6	1.9	-.1	-.4
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	11.7	11.7	11.8	.0	-.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.3	10.3	11.6	.0	-1.3
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	12.8	12.7	13.7	.1	-.9
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.6	13.4	15.4	.2	-1.8
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	14.5	14.5	16.5	.0	-2.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.2	24.0	24.2	.2	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH APR, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$282.69	$284.92	$258.23	40.5	40.3	38.6	$ 6.98	$ 7.07	$ 6.69
Durable Goods	300025	320.95	333.52	300.05	41.2	41.9	39.9	7.79	7.96	7.52
Nondurable Goods	400015	262.66	258.86	235.36	40.1	39.4	37.9	6.55	6.57	6.21
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$248.57	$253.50	$234.24	38.9	39.0	38.4	$ 6.39	$ 6.50	$ 6.10
Textile Mill Products	422005	253.17	249.70	219.24	41.3	40.8	37.8	6.13	6.12	5.80
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	247.63	252.75	225.81	40.2	40.7	39.0	6.16	6.21	5.79
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	274.90	272.83	274.22	41.4	41.4	44.3	6.64	6.59	6.19
Knitting Mills	422505	220.95	218.40	193.67	40.1	40.0	36.2	5.51	5.46	5.35
Floor Covering Mills	422705	276.46	267.33	228.69	43.4	42.5	38.5	6.37	6.29	5.94
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	244.42	239.73	209.81	40.2	39.3	36.3	6.08	6.10	5.78
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	172.75	164.26	157.32	36.6	34.8	34.2	4.72	4.72	4.60
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	173.88	165.17	161.34	36.3	34.7	34.4	4.79	4.76	4.69
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	166.90	162.86	149.06	36.6	35.1	33.8	4.56	4.64	4.41
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	225.43	226.64	213.40	40.4	40.4	39.3	5.58	5.61	5.43
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	223.08	227.58	203.84	43.4	44.8	41.6	5.14	5.08	4.90
Paper and Allied Products	426005	464.29	456.28	419.13	44.6	44.0	42.9	10.41	10.37	9.77
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	540.17	535.45	494.04	45.7	45.3	45.2	11.82	11.82	10.93
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	368.92	374.97	331.10	42.6	43.5	41.7	8.66	8.62	7.94
Leather and Leather Products	431005	158.05	158.32	144.19	35.2	35.9	33.3	4.49	4.41	4.33
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	326.19	325.89	308.26	41.5	41.2	41.6	7.86	7.91	7.41
Primary Metal Industries	333005	364.10	368.83	328.70	40.5	40.8	38.0	8.99	9.04	8.65
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	291.46	291.01	273.36	41.4	40.7	40.2	7.04	7.15	6.80
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	317.96	298.33	305.45	44.1	41.9	41.0	7.21	7.12	7.45
Transportation Equipment	337005	478.17	545.56	455.74	41.4	46.0	40.8	11.55	11.86	11.17

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA APRIL EMPLOYMENT BOOSTED BY RETAIL TRADE

The Atlanta area nonfarm employment rose an estimated 4,200 in April to a level of 1,023,400. All major industry divisions experienced increases with the exception of manufacturing which remained unchanged from the previous month.

The manufacturing industries exhibiting an upturn were in the durable goods sector. Those industries were lumber and wood products; stone, clay, and glass products; nonelectrical machinery; and transportation equipment. Among the nondurable industries, printing and publishing and chemicals and allied products recorded downturns while others remained unchanged.

Compared to the same month last year, manufacturing employment was down 5,100. The durable goods sector accounted for 80 percent of the loss, or 4,100 workers. The 1,100 drop in the nondurable industry category was due to shutdowns of plants and cutbacks in the production of textiles and apparel.

Nonmanufacturing employment rose 4,200 in April. All major industry divisions were up with trade providing approximately one-half of the gain. This trade increase was due primarily to more activity in eating and drinking establishments.

From the same period a year ago, nonmanufacturing gained 20,400 jobs. Trade and service industries provided nearly 85 percent of these jobs.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Offices Planned Near Arts Center

A $75 million office complex that will total 500,000 square feet is planned on Peachtree Street near the Woodruff Arts Center by a joint venture that includes the senior officers of Atlanta-based Holder Construction Company. The first phase of the project will be a $35 million, 13-story building containing 250,000 square feet of space and a parking structure. That phase, which is to be completed in October 1984, will face Peachtree. The second phase of the development will include an office tower—as large as the first or larger—that will face West Peachtree. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, May 5, 1983).

High Rise to Replace Old Winecoff Hotel

Ackerman and Company revealed plans in early May for an $11.5 million office tower that will replace the historic Winecoff Hotel on Peachtree. As soon as the Winecoff is down, the developer plans to start construction of a 20-story office tower with a brick and glass scheme for the exterior design. The new building will include retail space, a pedestrian area on the three lower levels, and office space on the upper 18 floors.

Downtown Site Picked for Hotel

A French hotel development partnership was awarded revenue-bond financing to build a $10 million, 11-story hotel across the street from the Greyhound bus station in downtown Atlanta. The 260-room hotel will be built on what is now a parking lot on the northwest corner of International Boulevard and Williams Street. The structure, to be called Hotel Ibis, will have a restaurant and meeting areas. Ibis, formed in 1974, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ibis-Sphere Corporation, a French owner, operator, and franchiser of hotels in Europe, Africa, and North and South America. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, April 1983).

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,023.4	1,019.2	1,008.2	4.2	15.2
Manufacturing	300005	139.2	139.2	144.3	.0	-5.1
Durable Goods	300025	70.2	70.1	74.3	.1	-4.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.6	2.5	.1	.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.4	3.5	3.6	-.1	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.9	1.9	-.1	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.9	6.7	6.3	.2	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.6	4.6	5.4	.0	-.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.5	6.6	7.3	-.1	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.6	7.5	7.9	.1	-.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.2	11.2	12.1	.0	-.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.6	22.5	24.2	.1	-1.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	4.9	4.9	4.8	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	68.9	69.1	70.0	-.2	-1.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.4	18.4	18.6	.0	-.2
Meat Products	420105	4.6	4.7	4.9	-.1	-.3
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.4	3.4	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.2	4.2	4.8	.0	-.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.1	1.4	.1	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.2	8.2	8.7	.0	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.4	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.8	2.9	3.2	-.1	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.6	7.6	7.6	.0	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.8	3.7	3.8	.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.6	16.8	16.3	-.2	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.5	7.0	.0	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.5	7.6	7.7	-.1	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.3	6.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	884.3	880.1	863.9	4.2	20.4
Contract Construction	200005	43.9	43.3	44.3	.6	-.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	91.9	91.7	91.7	.2	.2
Transportation	500015	57.3	57.3	57.4	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	287.4	285.2	278.1	2.2	9.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.9	106.3	106.2	-.4	-.3
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	71.1	71.3	71.1	-.2	.0
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	34.8	35.0	35.1	-.2	-.3
Retail Trade	652005	181.5	178.9	172.0	2.6	9.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	71.4	70.8	69.9	.6	1.5
Finance	760025	28.3	27.9	26.9	.4	1.4
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.2	26.4	26.5	-.2	-.3
Services	800055	222.6	222.4	214.6	.2	8.0
Government	998008	167.1	166.7	165.2	.4	1.9
Federal	998011	33.4	33.3	34.3	.1	-.9
State and Local	998509	133.6	133.3	130.9	.3	2.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	94.5	94.3	99.7	.2	-5.2
Durable Goods	300025	49.1	49.0	52.7	.1	-3.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.4	45.3	47.0	.1	-1.6
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.4	11.4	11.8	.0	-.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.2	3.2	3.9	.0	-.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.6	6.7	7.3	-.1	-.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.3	2.7	-.1	-.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.7	5.7	5.7	.0	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	-.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.9	3.9	4.0	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.3	5.2	4.6	.1	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	2.8	2.8	3.6	.0	-.8
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.4	4.4	5.0	.0	-.6
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.6	5.5	5.9	.1	-.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.7	14.7	16.3	.0	-1.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$326.88	$339.95	$311.85	39.1	39.9	38.5	$ 8.36	$ 8.52	$ 8.10
Durable Goods	300025	356.71	380.69	353.86	38.9	40.2	38.8	9.17	9.47	9.12
Nondurable Goods	400015	295.50	295.81	264.41	39.4	39.6	38.1	7.50	7.47	6.94
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$276.71	$282.85	$243.02	38.7	38.8	36.6	$ 7.15	$ 7.29	$ 6.64
Textile Mill Products	422005	227.70	231.09	191.65	39.6	40.4	35.1	5.75	5.72	5.46
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	165.78	171.15	172.79	34.9	35.0	35.7	4.75	4.89	4.84
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	158.42	158.42	174.24	32.2	32.2	36.3	4.92	4.92	4.80
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	170.03	188.96	175.01	37.7	38.8	37.0	4.51	4.87	4.73
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	215.18	216.58	205.33	37.1	37.6	37.4	5.80	5.76	5.49
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	229.74	241.09	219.54	42.0	44.4	42.3	5.47	5.43	5.19
Paper and Allied Products	426005	397.67	385.39	356.58	43.7	43.4	42.5	9.10	8.88	8.39
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	382.97	370.06	336.98	42.6	42.1	41.5	8.99	8.79	8.12
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	334.97	349.82	312.02	41.0	42.3	39.9	8.17	8.27	7.82
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	339.89	334.15	317.70	41.5	40.9	41.1	8.19	8.17	7.73
Primary Metal Industries	333005	467.67	498.31	459.31	39.7	42.7	42.1	11.78	11.67	10.91
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	338.31	324.49	311.16	37.8	37.6	37.9	8.95	8.63	8.21
Transportation Equipment	337005	504.26	584.01	486.53	38.0	43.1	38.4	13.27	13.55	12.67

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 43,700, gained 400 during April and was down 700 from the same month one year ago. Most of the monthly increase was in nonmanufacturing, primarily government. During the year, manufacturing lost 300 while nonmanufacturing dropped 400.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged over the month, although a small increment was recorded in the metals and machinery segment. This gain was less than 50 and therefore does not appear on the table, but should be noted as it reflects an increase in agricultural machinery production, an industry that appears to be recovering from a recent slump. Annually, manufacturing lost an estimated 300 jobs. Losses of 200 each were recorded in the "other durable goods" and "other nondurable goods" segments. Food and kindred products, at 3,200, gained 200 over the year. Both textiles and chemicals were unchanged over the year. Metals and machinery was also at the same level as last year.

Contract construction, at 1,700, was unchanged during April and declined 200 over the year. Much of the heavy construction activity of the past year has been completed although some activity is continuing on multi-unit apartment buildings for low income and elderly people. Construction of single family houses is on the increase. Prospects for the construction industry appear promising with interest rates at the lowest point in years and the summer season approaching.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged for the month and down 100 over the year. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,200, was also unchanged during April. Over the year, the division gained 100 jobs.

Wholesale and retail trade, at 9,200, gained 100 during the month and lost 100 for the year. Both the monthly gain and the yearly loss were in the retail trade segment.

Services, at 6,000, was unchanged over the month and down 200 during the year. Government, at 10,900, increased during April. Most of the increment was in the federal segment and probably only temporary in nature. Government was unchanged over the year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.7	43.3	44.4	.4	-.7
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.5	11.8	.0	-.3
Durable Goods	300025	2.1	2.1	2.3	.0	-.2
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	1.0	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	9.4	9.5	.0	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	3.0	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.1	4.3	.0	-.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.2	31.9	32.6	.3	-.4
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.7	1.9	.0	-.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.2	9.1	9.3	.1	-.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	6.5	6.5	6.6	.0	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.0	6.0	6.2	.0	-.2
Government	998008	10.9	10.6	10.9	.3	.0
Federal	998011	2.8	2.6	2.8	.2	.0
State and Local	998509	8.1	8.1	8.0	.0	.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	53.3	53.3	53.1	.0	.2
Manufacturing	300005	13.8	14.0	14.3	-.2	-.5
Durable Goods	300025	4.4	4.4	4.8	.0	-.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.2	2.2	2.8	.0	-.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.1	2.1	.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	9.6	9.5	-.2	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.1	3.3	3.2	-.2	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	39.5	39.3	38.7	.2	.8
Contract Construction	200005	1.5	1.4	1.5	.1	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.5	10.4	10.0	.1	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.5	8.3	8.0	.2	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.0	7.1	6.8	-.1	.2
Government	998008	17.3	17.2	17.3	.1	.0
Federal	998011	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	15.3	15.2	15.3	.1	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 123,700, reflecting a monthly gain of 500. The increase was attributable to the annual Master's Golf Tournament as well as some upturn resulting from Easter business. Annually,a rise of 700 was recorded despite a loss of 700 jobs in manufacturing. Manufacturing, at 33,000, dropped 400 over the month because of less business in textiles. This division reported a loss of 700 over the year for the same reason.

Both lumber and wood products, at 600, and stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,800, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Metals and machinery, at 2,700, was unchanged over the month, but rose 500 over the year with more activity in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,400, rose 100 over the month due to more activity in electronic measuring instruments. This segment climbed 300 over the year with scattered increments.

Food and kindred products, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year with scattered declines. Textile mill products, at 7,100, lost 500 over the month and 1,800 over the year mostly because of the closing of some facilities. Apparel, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year because of consumer wariness. Printing and publishing, at 1,100, remained the same over the month, but climbed 200 over the year resulting from more business in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,100, was unchanged over the month, but gained 500 annually in paper and chemicals.

Construction, at 5,500, was up 100 over the month with increased activity in both building and road construction. This division reported an increment of 100 over the year mostly for the same reason. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,300, was unchanged over the month and over the year. Trade, at 24,800, rose 400 over the month primarily as a result of the annual Master's Golf Tournament. This division climbed 800 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate lost 100 over the month triggered by less activity in financial institutions. This division was unchanged over the year. Services and mining, at 20,100, rose 500 over the month because of the annual Master's Golf Tournament and increased hospital employment. An increase of 700 over the year resulted from the opening of new firms.

Government, at 31,400, was up 100 over the month because of increased activity in the federal subdivision. The annual decline of 100 over the year was triggered by less activity in the state and local sector.

OUTLOOK

Stabilized or decreasing interest rates would aid economic recovery and promote industrial development; however, an increase in the price of money will certainly negate recovery or development. Some positive national direction must be achieved.

NOTE Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington (404) 823-3131

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.7	123.2	123.0	.5	.7
Manufacturing	300005	33.3	33.7	34.0	-.4	-.7
Durable Goods	300025	8.5	8.4	7.8	.1	.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.7	2.7	2.2	.0	.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.4	2.3	2.1	.1	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.8	25.2	26.2	-.4	-1.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	7.1	7.6	8.9	-.5	-1.8
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	.9	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.1	12.1	11.6	.0	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	90.4	89.5	89.0	.9	1.4
Contract Construction	200005	5.5	5.4	5.4	.1	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.8	24.4	24.0	.4	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.5	4.2	-.2	.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.5	20.0	19.8	.5	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.4	4.5	4.4	-.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	20.1	19.6	19.4	.5	.7
Government	998008	31.4	31.3	31.5	.1	-.1
Federal	998011	7.3	7.2	7.1	.1	.2
State and Local	998509	24.1	24.1	24.4	.0	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 100 from the March estimate to 78,000. Manufacturing employment moved upward by 200 workers while state and local government employment in the nonmanufacturing sector declined by 100 workers. Over the year, nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped by 1,700 workers with all but 100 being in nonmanufacturing employment.

Manufacturing employment increased 200 from the March estimate with business increasing in metals and machinery and in textile mill products. Food and kindred products declined by 100 workers while the remaining manufacturing groups remained constant. From one year ago, food and kindred products lost 200 employees while printing, publishing, and allied industries rose 100.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 58,100, remained the same as March. Over the year, employment declined by 1,600 workers as business slackened in all groups. Contract construction, service and miscellaneous industries, and government lost 400 workers each. Trade employment dropped 300, and transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services declined by 200 workers.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	78.0	77.9	79.7	.1	-1.7
Manufacturing	300005	19.9	19.7	20.0	.2	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	4.5	4.4	4.4	.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.3	3.2	3.3	.1	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.5	15.4	15.6	.1	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.8	3.9	4.0	-.1	-.2
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.4	8.3	8.4	.1	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	58.1	58.1	59.7	.0	-1.6
Contract Construction	200005	3.3	3.3	3.7	.0	-.4
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.3	16.3	16.6	.0	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	13.7	13.6	14.0	.1	-.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.3	5.3	5.4	.0	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	10.9	10.9	11.3	.0	-.4
Government	998008	19.1	19.2	19.5	-.1	-.4
Federal	998011	6.3	6.3	6.4	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	12.8	12.9	13.1	-.1	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 98,900 in April. The current estimate is up 300 from March and down 900 from April 1982. During the month, manufacturing added 200 with gains in durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing was unchanged. Annually, manufacturing increased 200 while nonmanufacturing fell 1,200.

Manufacturing employment increased 200 from last month with most of the gain in stone, clay, and glass and food products. Annually, gains in stone, clay, and glass, food, textiles, and "other nondurable goods" were partially offset by a decrease in apparel.

Nonmanufacturing was unchanged from March with gains in construction being offset by declines in trade and services. The increase in construction was in general construction, and the decrease in trade was in the retail segment. Annually, construction fell 1,000 with most of the loss in special trades construction. Trade advanced 300 with most of the increase in the retail segment. Government employment declined 400 with a small gain in the federal sector partially offsetting losses in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.9	98.6	99.8	.3	-.9
Manufacturing	300005	16.4	16.2	16.2	.2	.2
Durable Goods	300025	5.2	5.1	5.2	.1	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.5	.6	.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.2	1.2	.1	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.2	11.1	11.0	.1	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.5	2.4	.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.5	.0	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.7	1.7	2.1	.0	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	82.4	82.4	83.6	.0	-1.2
Contract Construction	200005	3.3	3.2	4.3	.1	-1.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.3	21.1	20.6	-.2	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.0	4.2	.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	17.1	16.5	-.2	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.8	17.9	17.8	-.1	.0
Government	998008	29.6	29.6	30.0	.0	-.4
Federal	948011	16.6	16.6	16.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	13.1	13.0	13.5	.1	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased 600 over the month. Manufacturing employment decreased 100 over the month, and nonmanufacturing increased 800 over the same period. Over the year, total nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 1,000. Manufacturing employment is lagging by an estimated 600 and nonmanufacturing by 400.

Manufacturing employment is presently at a level of 16,000 employees, 600 fewer than a year ago when employment in this sector stood at an estimated 16,000. The majority of the decline occurred within the paper products industry which lost approximately 800 employees over the year. Although some increase is expected, approximately 400 jobs will in all probability not return. Major gains in the transportation equipment industry were achieved over the year. Employment in this sector increased an estimated 600 during this period. At present, there are plans to increase manufacturing capacity in this sector and consequently increase employment by an estimated 600. If this occurs, employment in the manufacturing sector will return to normal levels.

Nonmanufacturing employment is presently at a level of 72,600, 400 below last year's level. Contract construction is 600 below last year's level, but over the last couple of months, activity in the construction area has been picking up. If interest rates continue to decline, employment in this sector is expected to return to previous levels.

Overall employment levels in the Savannah SMSA appear to be improving gradually. If the upswing in the economy continues at its present pace, employment could return to normal levels before the year is out.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart (912) 944-2131

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.6	88.0	89.6	.6	-1.0
Manufacturing	300005	16.0	16.1	16.6	-.1	-.6
Durable Goods	300025	7.5	7.4	7.1	.1	.4
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.2	1.2	-.1	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.4	4.2	3.8	.2	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.5	8.7	9.4	-.2	-.9
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.8	1.9	1.8	-.1	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.7	3.8	4.5	-.1	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.4	.3	.3	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.6	71.8	73.0	.8	-.4
Contract Construction	200005	5.0	4.8	5.6	.2	-.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.9	8.6	8.8	.3	.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.1	21.0	21.4	.1	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.1	4.3	.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	16.9	17.1	.0	-.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.3	4.2	4.1	.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.0	16.8	16.6	.2	.4
Government	998008	16.4	16.5	16.5	-.1	-.1
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.8	13.8	13.9	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.1	10.3	11.2	.8	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	5.9	4.9	4.9	1.0	1.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.2	5.3	6.3	-.1	-1.1
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	1.0	1.0	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	3.3	.0	-1.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.3	1.4	1.4	-.1	-.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.0	3.0	2.8	1.0	1.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82	CURRENT MONTH APR. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO APR. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$404.02	$414.92	$373.15	45.6	46.0	43.9	$ 8.86	$ 9.02	$ 8.50
Durable Goods	300025	402.23	416.07	338.02	47.1	48.1	42.2	8.54	8.65	8.01
Nondurable Goods	400015	407.88	413.16	400.91	44.0	44.0	45.3	9.27	9.39	8.85
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$251.16	$271.90	$233.44	42.0	44.5	39.7	$ 5.98	$ 6.11	$ 5.88
Paper and Allied Products	426005	528.75	528.75	487.55	48.2	47.0	49.0	10.97	11.25	9.95
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	316.98	315.47	308.38	40.9	41.4	41.9	7.75	7.62	7.36
Transportation Equipment	337005	448.06	492.67	398.72	49.4	52.3	44.5	9.07	9.42	8.96

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY APR. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED APR. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED APR. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,689,258	2,677,402	2,641,106	11,856	48,152
Employed	2,494,872	2,460,158	2,446,572	34,714	48,300
Unemployed	194,386	217,244	194,534	-22,858	-148
Rate	7.2	8.1	7.4	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,651,352	1,650,545	1,623,688	807	27,664
Employed	1,542,981	1,529,503	1,520,153	13,478	22,828
Unemployed	108,371	121,042	103,535	-12,671	4,836
Rate	6.6	7.3	6.4	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,037,906	1,026,857	1,017,418	11,049	20,488
Employed	951,891	930,655	926,419	21,236	25,472
Unemployed	86,015	96,202	90,999	-10,187	-4,984
Rate	8.3	9.4	8.9	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY APR. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED APR. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED APR. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,384	137,909	135,106	-525	2,278
Employed	124,976	124,643	124,065	333	911
Unemployed	12,408	13,266	11,041	-858	1,367
Rate	9.0	9.6	8.2	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,415	91,497	89,540	-82	1,875
Employed	84,781	84,321	83,974	460	807
Unemployed	6,634	7,176	5,566	-542	1,068
Rate	7.3	7.8	6.2	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,969	46,412	45,566	-443	403
Employed	40,195	40,322	40,091	-127	104
Unemployed	5,774	6,090	5,475	-316	299
Rate	12.6	13.1	12.0	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY APR. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED APR. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED APR. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,448	87,246	87,897	-798	-1,449
Employed	78,957	78,848	80,089	109	-1,132
Unemployed	7,491	8,398	7,808	-907	-317
Rate	8.7	9.6	8.9	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	68,960	69,322	70,125	-362	-1,165
Employed	63,927	63,776	65,077	151	-1,150
Unemployed	5,033	5,546	5,048	-513	-15
Rate	7.3	8.0	7.2	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,488	17,924	17,772	-436	-284
Employed	15,030	15,072	15,012	-42	18
Unemployed	2,458	2,852	2,760	-394	-302
Rate	14.1	15.9	15.5	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY APR. 1983	REVISED MAR. 1983	REVISED APR. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAR. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED APR. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	110,786,000	112,148,000	111,408,000	-1,362,000	-622,000
Employed	99,458,000	100,767,000	101,152,000	-1,309,000	-1,694,000
Unemployed	11,328,000	11.381,000	10,256,000	-53,000	1,072,000
Rate	10.2	10.1	9.2	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	109,875,000	109,873,000	108.815,000	2,000	1,060,000
Employed	98,840,000	97,994,000	98,858,000	846,000	-18,000
Unemployed	11,035,000	11,879,000	9,957,000	-844,000	1,078,000
Rate	10.0	10.8	9.2	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,689,258	2,677,402	2,641,106	11,856	48,152
Employed	2,494,872	2,460,158	2,446,572	34,714	48,300
Unemployed	194,386	217,244	194,534	-22,858	-148
Rate	7.2	8.1	7.4	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	53,238	52,960	53,461	278	-223
Employed	48,335	47,692	48,660	643	-325
Unemployed	4,903	5,268	4,801	-365	102
Rate	9.2	9.9	9.0	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,576	66,601	65,462	-25	1,114
Employed	62,175	61,821	61,327	354	848
Unemployed	4,401	4,780	4,135	-379	266
Rate	6.6	7.2	6.3	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,115,733	1,114,912	1,090,776	821	24,957
Employed	1,048,050	1,038,436	1,025,003	9,614	23,047
Unemployed	67,683	76,476	65,773	-8,793	1,910
Rate	6.1	6.9	6.0	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,384	137,909	135,106	-525	2,278
Employed	124,976	124,643	124,065	333	911
Unemployed	12,408	13,266	11,041	-858	1,367
Rate	9.0	9.6	8.2	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,448	87,246	87,897	-798	-1,449
Employed	78,957	78,848	80,089	109	-1,132
Unemployed	7,491	8,398	7,808	-907	-317
Rate	8.7	9.6	8.9	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,756	108,648	108,228	108	528
Employed	100,882	100,048	100,981	834	-99
Unemployed	7,874	8,600	7,247	-726	627
Rate	7.2	7.9	6.7	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,940	98,889	98,442	51	498
Employed	91,026	89,900	91,173	1,126	-147
Unemployed	7,914	8,989	7,269	-1,075	645
Rate	8.0	9.1	7.4	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

Cost $253.24
Quantity 1,300

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

8/3/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **JUNE 1983** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(May Data)

LABOR SURPLUS AREA LISTING EXTENDED

The Secretary of Labor announced through the Employment and Training Administration that the current list of labor surplus areas, (LSA's), scheduled to expire on May 31, 1983, will remain in effect through September 30, 1983. Subsequent annual listings will coincide with the federal fiscal year which begins October 1.

The purpose of designating labor surplus areas is to relieve economic hardship in areas of high unemployment by encouraging government agencies to purchase goods and services in those locales. Employers in designated labor surplus areas are eligible for preference in bidding on federal procurement contracts under the Small Business Act (PL 95-89), Defense Manpower Policy No. 4B (DMP-4B), Executive Order 12073 (Federal Procurement in Labor Surplus Areas), and Executive Order 10582 (implementing the Buy America Act).

An area qualifies to be classified as a labor surplus area if its unemployment rate during the previous two calendar years was at least 20 percent higher than the national average unemployment rate for the same period. The current list is based on 1980-1981 averages, and the list to become effective October 1 will be based on 1981-1982 averages.

A "ceiling" concept is part of the classification procedure and is set at 10 percent. It comes into effect whenever the national unemployment rate is at least 8.3 percent during the reference period and is intended to ensure that areas of high unemployment continue to be eligible for procurement preference even during periods of high national unemployment. Because the national average unemployment rate for 1981-1982 was 8.6 percent, the LSA list to become effective in October will not be based on a ratio of 1.2 times the national rate. It will include all areas having an average unemployment rate of 10 percent or above for the two-year period.

An area may, under exceptional circumstances, be designated as a labor surplus area without regard to the unemployment rate for the reference period. When the unemployment rate rises suddenly because of a natural disaster, plant closing, or contract cancellation, the Georgia Department of Labor can petition the U.S. Department of Labor to add the affected area to the list of labor surplus areas. The circumstance must have substantial impact on labor market conditions in the area and must be permanent or long-term.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Georgia counties currently designated labor surplus areas are:

Atkinson
Butts
Chattahoochee
Chattooga
Coffee
Crawford
Fannin
Floyd
Glascock
Gordon
Lincoln
Macon
McDuffie
McIntosh
Murray
Polk
Rabun
Stephens
Stewart
Taliaferro
Terrell
Turner
Upson
Warren
Whitfield
Wilcox

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

McDuffie County, City of Thomson to Apply for Grants

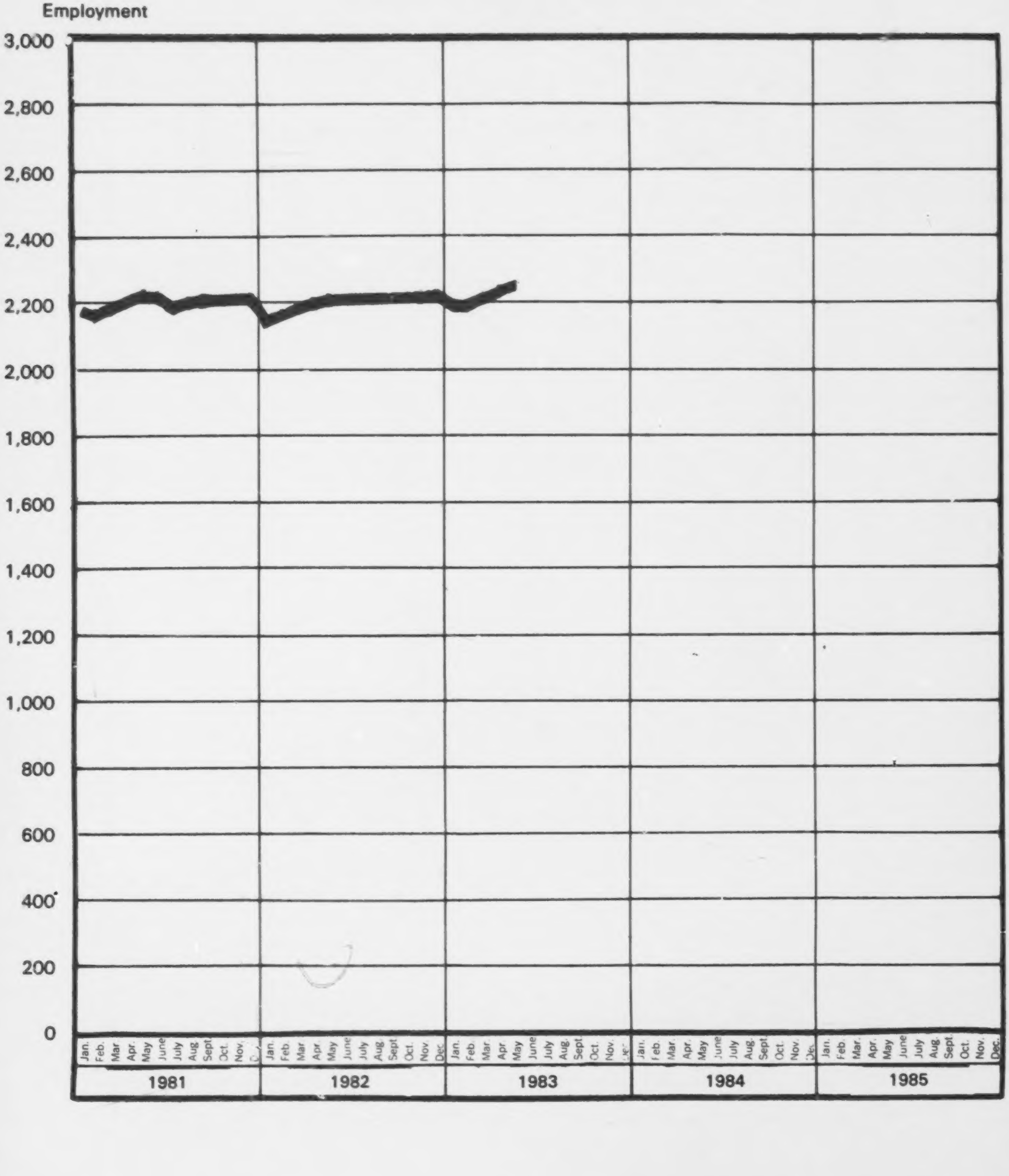
The Thomson City Council recently voted to apply for a $400,000 grant under the Emergency Jobs Bill. If approved, the grant would create 60-100 new jobs. The McDuffie County Commission also approved the McDuffie County Industrial Authority's plan to apply for a separate $400,000 grant which would create additional jobs for the area. McDuffie County had an unemployment rate of 12.8 percent in May, one of the highest in the state.

Macon Gets Grant

Macon is one of 20 cities selected to participate in the Minority Youth Training Program sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor and the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Under the terms of the program, the Macon Housing Authority will receive $100,000 to be used for materials and supplies. Trainees selected from eligible 16-21 year-old youth will repair housing and work on park improvement and riverbank cleanup. Funds to pay the trainees will be provided through the Job Training Partnership Act.

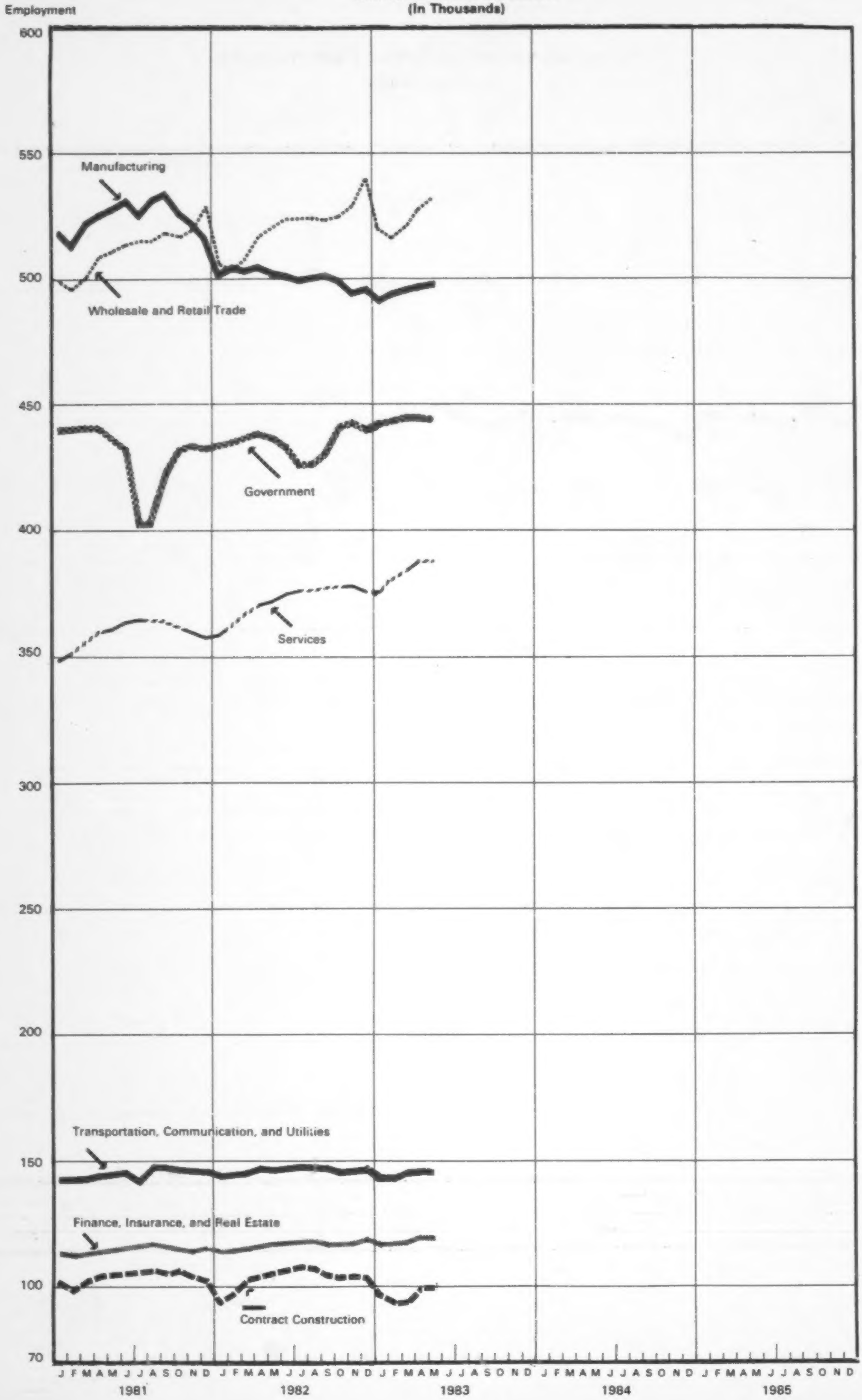
NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,238.0	2,227.5	2,206.9	10.5	31.1
Manufacturing	300005	499.6	496.7	502.7	2.9	-3.1
Durable Goods	300025	176.3	175.2	178.2	1.1	-1.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	28.7	28.1	27.6	.6	1.1
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.1	13.6	13.4	.5	.7
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.2	9.1	9.3	.1	-.1
Household Furniture	325105	5.7	5.6	5.6	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.0	15.8	16.1	.2	-.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.1	15.4	16.3	-.3	-1.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	16.8	16.8	17.1	.0	-.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.8	19.9	21.2	-.1	-1.4
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	22.2	22.0	23.7	.2	-1.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	36.5	36.4	35.3	.1	1.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.9	11.8	11.4	.1	.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	323.2	321.5	324.5	1.7	-1.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	57.4	56.5	58.2	.9	-.8
Meat Products	420105	20.7	20.4	20.8	.3	-.1
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.2	14.8	15.1	.4	.1
Dairy Products	420205	4.5	4.4	4.5	.1	.0
Bakery Products	420505	8.3	8.4	9.0	-.1	-.7
Textile Mill Products	422005	105.0	104.0	104.1	1.0	.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.4	23.5	23.9	-.1	-.5
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.9	3.8	4.1	.1	-.2
Knitting Mills	422505	9.5	9.4	9.3	.1	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	28.8	28.3	27.2	.5	1.6
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	20.8	20.6	20.9	.2	-.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	68.8	68.8	69.6	.0	-.8
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	38.8	38.7	38.6	.1	.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.2	21.4	22.0	-.2	-.8
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.2	27.1	27.6	.1	-.4
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.8	12.7	13.0	.1	-.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.8	6.7	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.5	26.6	25.1	-.1	1.4
Commercial Printing	427505	9.8	9.8	9.3	.0	.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.0	17.0	17.4	.0	-.4
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	-.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.2	.0	-.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.5	19.5	20.3	.0	-.8
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,738.5	1,730.8	1,704.2	7.7	34.3
Mining	100005	7.3	7.3	7.5	.0	-.2
Contract Construction	200005	101.7	98.1	105.5	3.6	-3.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	145.7	145.8	146.2	-.1	-.5
Transportation	500015	84.8	84.8	85.0	.0	-.2
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.5	38.7	38.9	-.2	-.4
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.5	22.4	22.2	.1	.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	531.1	527.5	520.2	3.6	10.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	168.5	167.7	163.4	.8	5.1
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	101.3	101.0	99.1	.3	2.2
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	67.2	66.7	64.2	.5	3.0
Retail Trade	652005	362.5	359.8	356.9	2.7	5.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	119.7	119.2	116.5	.5	3.2
Finance	760025	52.9	52.7	50.3	.2	2.6
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.6	42.4	42.4	.2	.2
Real Estate	765075	24.3	24.0	23.8	.3	.5
Services	800005	389.2	387.8	371.5	1.4	17.7
Government	998008	443.7	445.1	436.9	-1.4	6.8
Federal	998011	84.9	85.4	85.4	-.5	-.5
State and Local	998509	358.8	359.7	351.4	-.9	7.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	371.4	369.0	377.3	2.4	-5.9
Durable Goods	300025	127.4	126.6	130.8	.8	-3.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	244.0	242.4	246.5	1.6	-2.5
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	38.6	37.5	39.9	1.1	-1.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	86.3	85.5	86.3	.8	.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.6	20.6	21.4	.0	-.8
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.3	3.3	3.5	.0	-.2
Knitting Mills	422505	7.8	7.6	7.6	.2	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	23.4	23.1	22.5	.3	.9
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	17.2	17.0	17.2	.2	.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.1	59.2	59.2	-.1	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.0	33.8	33.0	.2	1.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	17.8	18.1	18.9	-.3	-1.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.3	21.8	21.9	.5	.4
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.7	7.9	8.0	-.2	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.5	20.3	21.0	.2	-.5
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.5	9.4	9.9	.1	-.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.2	10.2	10.4	.0	-.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.5	2.0	-.1	-.6
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	11.9	11.7	12.1	.2	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.1	10.3	11.7	-.2	-1.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.0	12.8	13.3	.2	-.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.6	13.7	14.7	-.1	-1.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	14.9	14.7	16.3	.2	-1.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	24.1	24.1	23.5	.0	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$279.86	$283.10	$261.86	40.5	40.5	39.2	$ 6.91	$ 6.99	$ 6.68
Durable Goods	300025	312.36	323.70	302.76	41.1	41.5	40.1	7.60	7.80	7.55
Nondurable Goods	400015	263.31	262.00	239.94	40.2	40.0	38.7	6.55	6.55	6.20
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$256.89	$247.93	$241.16	39.4	38.8	39.6	$ 6.52	$ 6.39	$ 6.09
Textile Mill Products	422005	252.89	253.17	220.80	41.8	41.3	38.2	6.05	6.13	5.78
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	248.06	248.86	222.71	40.4	40.4	38.2	6.14	6.16	5.83
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	281.35	274.90	261.25	42.5	41.4	41.8	6.62	6.64	6.25
Knitting Mills	422505	223.04	217.31	200.34	40.7	39.8	37.8	5.48	5.46	5.30
Floor Covering Mills	422705	261.46	276.25	222.89	41.9	43.3	38.1	6.24	6.38	5.85
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	248.24	245.83	216.17	41.1	40.3	37.4	6.04	6.10	5.78
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	169.67	171.70	168.36	36.1	36.3	36.6	4.70	4.73	4.60
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	169.69	173.51	169.73	35.8	36.3	36.5	4.74	4.78	4.65
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	163.89	164.42	161.28	36.1	35.9	36.0	4.54	4.58	4.48
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	231.80	233.66	215.76	41.1	41.8	39.3	5.64	5.59	5.49
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	227.24	223.31	203.41	43.7	43.7	40.6	5.20	5.11	5.01
Paper and Allied Products	426005	473.24	463.69	416.08	45.2	44.5	42.5	10.47	10.42	9.79
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	536.57	537.54	477.40	45.9	45.4	43.4	11.69	11.84	11.00
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	369.75	365.45	332.38	42.5	42.2	41.6	8.70	8.66	7.99
Leather and Leather Products	431005	156.45	158.05	140.95	35.0	35.2	33.4	4.47	4.49	4.22
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	338.95	330.17	317.15	43.4	41.9	42.8	7.81	7.88	7.41
Primary Metal Industries	333005	364.10	364.10	332.05	40.5	40.5	38.7	8.99	8.99	8.58
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	295.90	289.46	279.86	41.5	41.0	40.5	7.13	7.06	6.91
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	319.73	317.96	298.96	44.1	44.1	40.4	7.25	7.21	7.40
Transportation Equipment	337005	406.73	477.43	457.19	37.8	41.3	41.3	10.76	11.56	11.07

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Starlstics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT UP 3,000 FOR MAY

Atlanta area nonfarm employment, except domestics, rose 3,000 over April to an estimated 1,027,200 in May. Manufacturing, trade, and services provided the increase. Contract construction; transportation and utilities; and finance, insurance, and real estate experienced little or no employment change from the previous month.

Manufacturing, up 700, recorded modest gains in both durable and nondurable goods industries. The fluctuations were very slight among the industries in both categories. Increases of 200 occurred in transportation equipment, apparel and other textile products, and printing and publishing.

Manufacturing employment in May was down 3,600 from the same month last year. Durable goods industries accounted for 2,800 of this decline primarily due to reduced employment levels in primary metals, fabricated metals, electric and electronic equipment, and transportation equipment. Stone, clay, and glass products remained 500 above the same month last year. Printing and publishing was the only industry in nondurables to report a gain over the year.

Nonmanufacturing, which comprises 86.4 percent of Atlanta's total nonfarm employment, except domestics and self-employed persons, reached a level of 887,500, an increase of 2,400 in May over the previous month. This increase was confined to the trade and service industries. Contract construction; transportation and utilities; finance, insurance, and real estate; and government reported insignificant changes.

From a year ago, nonmanufacturing rose 17,500. All major industry divisions contributed to this increase with the exception of contract construction. The loss of 1,500 in construction was attributed to the special trades contracting segment.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

May Construction Permits Up for Fifth Consecutive Month

The monthly report of the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta showed that 16,424 permits obtained by builders during the first five months of 1983 were more than double the 7,791 issued for the same period of 1982 in the 10-county area. The May permits included 2,306 for single-family houses and townhouses, 341 for condominiums, and 1,380 for rental apartments. Cobb County led in both single-family and condominiums with a total of 804 permits issued. Fulton County was second with 568. DeKalb County was most active in rental apartments with 566 permits, while Gwinnett County was second with 548. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, June 15, 1983)

Peachtree Battle Promenade Construction to Begin Soon

The owners of Peachtree Battle shopping center plan to begin construction soon on Peachtree Battle Promenade, a three-building, 44,500 square-foot addition next to Peachtree Road. The three-story European-style promenade is scheduled for completion by next spring. The new promenade section of the shopping center will contain between 22 and 25 specialty shops, boutiques and galleries, and at least one restaurant. Construction of the promenade will not affect stores in the existing center.

Across the street from Peachtree Battle, a California company intends to develop a retail center on the site formerly occupied by the original Peaches record store. Schurgin Development Corporation is under contract to buy the Peaches building and all adjacent property south to Peachtree Memorial Drive. The new Schurgin Center will have between 35,000 and 45,000 square feet. It will be the California company's first project in the Atlanta area. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, June 15, 1983)

The Atlanta Marriott Marquis Hotel Construction Is Underway

A ground-breaking ceremony was recently held for what will eventually be the largest convention hotel in the Southeast. The hotel Marquis will be a 46-story, 1,675-room structure and is Atlanta architect-developer John Portman's latest venture in Peachtree Center. It will feature a number of Portman trademarks, including a soaring atrium lobby, bubble glass elevators, and interior landscaping. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, May 31, 1983)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,027.2	1,024.2	1,013.3	3.0	13.9
Manufacturing	300005	139.7	139.0	143.3	.7	-3.6
Durable Goods	300025	70.5	70.2	73.3	.3	-2.8
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.6	2.7	2.5	-.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.3	3.4	3.5	-.1	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	6.9	6.9	6.4	.0	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.5	4.6	5.4	-.1	-.9
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.4	6.5	7.2	-.1	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.7	7.6	7.8	.1	-.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.3	11.2	12.0	.1	-.7
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.8	22.6	23.6	.2	-.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	4.9	4.8	4.8	.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.3	68.8	70.1	.5	-.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.5	18.6	18.5	-.1	.0
Meat Products	420105	4.5	4.7	4.9	-.2	-.4
Bakery Products	420505	3.4	3.5	3.3	-.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.2	4.2	4.7	.0	-.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.1	1.2	1.3	-.1	-.2
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.9	.0	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.3	8.1	8.6	.2	-.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.8	3.2	.1	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.6	7.5	7.6	.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.9	3.8	3.9	.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.8	16.6	16.5	.2	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.5	7.1	.0	.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.5	7.5	7.7	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.3	6.3	6.4	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	887.5	885.1	870.0	2.4	17.5
Contract Construction	200005	44.0	43.9	45.5	.1	-1.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	92.4	92.4	91.8	.0	.6
Transportation	500015	57.9	58.0	57.4	-.1	.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	287.9	287.2	281.5	.7	6.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.2	105.8	106.7	-.6	-1.5
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	70.7	71.0	71.1	-.3	-.4
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	34.5	34.8	35.6	-.3	-1.1
Retail Trade	652005	182.7	181.3	174.8	1.4	7.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	71.6	71.5	70.1	.1	1.5
Finance	760025	28.4	28.4	26.9	.0	1.5
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.2	26.3	26.6	-.1	-.4
Services	800055	224.0	222.5	216.1	1.5	7.9
Government	998008	167.6	167.7	165.0	-.1	2.6
Federal	998011	33.0	33.3	34.1	-.3	-1.1
State and Local	998509	134.6	134.4	130.9	.2	3.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	94.5	94.4	98.1	.1	-3.6
Durable Goods	300025	49.1	49.1	51.6	.0	-2.5
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.4	45.3	46.4	.1	-1.0
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.5	11.5	11.5	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.2	3.2	3.8	.0	-.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	6.5	7.2	.2	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.2	2.7	.0	-.5
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.7	5.6	5.7	.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.5	2.6	.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.9	3.9	4.0	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.4	5.3	4.7	.1	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	2.7	2.8	3.6	-.1	-.9
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.3	4.4	5.0	-.1	-.7
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.7	5.6	5.6	.1	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.7	14.7	15.5	.0	-.8

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$318.16	$327.71	$315.56	38.8	39.2	39.2	$ 8.20	$ 8.36	$ 8.05
Durable Goods	300025	334.78	357.63	351.14	37.7	39.0	38.8	8.88	9.17	9.05
Nondurable Goods	400015	300.40	295.11	275.92	40.0	39.4	39.7	7.51	7.49	6.95
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$291.45	$275.93	$283.50	40.2	38.7	42.0	$ 7.25	$ 7.13	$ 6.75
Textile Mill Products	422005	225.23	227.75	194.19	38.5	39.2	35.5	5.85	5.81	5.47
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	172.20	170.17	172.31	35.0	35.6	36.2	4.92	4.78	4.76
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	162.02	159.87	177.01	33.2	33.1	36.8	4.88	4.83	4.81
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	180.05	170.03	168.73	37.2	37.7	35.9	4.84	4.51	4.70
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	242.11	216.88	185.37	41.6	37.2	33.4	5.82	5.83	5.55
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	239.02	231.12	220.90	43.3	42.8	41.6	5.52	5.40	5.31
Paper and Allied Products	426005	414.44	397.30	344.84	46.1	43.9	41.2	8.99	9.05	8.37
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	399.61	382.97	327.98	44.5	42.6	39.9	8.98	8.99	8.22
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	319.60	336.20	321.81	40.0	41.1	41.1	7.99	8.18	7.83
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	362.49	339.89	317.83	43.0	41.5	40.8	8.43	8.19	7.79
Primary Metal Industries	333005	470.83	467.67	441.86	39.8	39.7	40.8	11.83	11.78	10.83
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	355.32	340.84	309.85	42.1	38.6	38.3	8.44	8.83	8.09
Transportation Equipment	337005	391.84	504.26	489.06	31.6	38.0	38.6	12.40	13.27	12.67

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area, at 43,500, exhibited some improvement over the month. Annually, a decline of 600 was estimated. Although a decrement is shown, the annual comparison is more favorable than in recent months and indicates some improvement in the local economy.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged over the month. Annually, a decline of 200 was recorded. Most of the annual decline was in durable goods manufacturing, specifically the "other durable goods" segment. An increase of 200 in the food and kindred products segment of the nondurable goods division was partially offset by a decline of 100 in the "other nondurable goods" segment for the year.

Contract construction, at 1,700, was unchanged over the month and year. This segment has shown steady improvement throughout the first part of the year, and indications are favorable for further increases.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged during the month and down 100 for the year. The finance, insurance, and real estate division, also at 2,200, was unchanged over the month and gained 100 for the year. Thus, these two divisions offset each other over the year.

Trade, at 9,400, continues to be a strong contributor to the local employment market. A gain of 100 was reported over the month and also for the year. Most of the gain was in retail trade with the wholesale segment holding steady.

Services, at 6,000, was unchanged for the month. A decline of 200 was recorded over the year. Most of the decline was in health and business services.

Government, at 10,400, declined 100 over the month and 500 during the year. Most of the decrement was in the federal and state sectors where cuts in federal programs have affected employment levels.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.5	43.4	44.1	.1	-.6
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.5	11.7	.0	-.2
Durable Goods	300025	2.1	2.1	2.3	.0	-.2
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	1.1	.0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.4	9.4	.1	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	3.0	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	31.9	31.9	32.4	.0	-.5
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.3	9.3	.1	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	6.6	6.6	6.6	.0	.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.0	6.0	6.2	.0	-.2
Government	998008	10.4	10.5	10.9	-.1	-.5
Federal	998011	2.5	2.6	2.9	-.1	-.4
State and Local	998509	8.0	7.9	8.0	.1	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	53.6	53.2	53.5	.4	.1
Manufacturing	300005	13.9	13.8	14.4	.1	-.5
Durable Goods	300025	4.4	4.4	4.9	.0	-.5
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.2	2.8	.1	-.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.1	2.1	2.1	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.4	9.5	.1	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	39.7	39.4	39.0	.3	.7
Contract Construction	200005	1.6	1.5	1.6	.1	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.6	10.5	10.0	.1	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	2.1	2.0	-.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	8.6	8.4	8.0	.2	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	7.0	7.0	6.8	.0	.2
Government	998008	17.4	17.2	17.5	.2	-.1
Federal	998011	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	15.4	15.3	15.5	.1	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area was estimated at 123,700 in May 1983 representing little change from the previous month's estimate. It does, however, reflect a rise of 1,000 jobs over the year. Manufacturing gains over the month were wiped out by losses in the nonmanufacturing divisions. Annually, losses in manufacturing were outpaced by gains in nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 33,500, rose 200 over the month because of more business in textile mill products where some laid-off workers were recalled and more activity in nondurable goods manufacturing.

Lumber and wood products, at 600, and stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,800, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Metals and machinery, at 2,800, indicated no change over the month. This segment rose 600 over the year because of economic recovery and recently-opened firms. "Other durable goods," at 2,300, dropped 100 over the month with less activity in transportation equipment and controlling instruments.

Food and kindred products, at 2,600, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered declines. Textile mill products, at 7,300, rose 200 over the month in broad woven goods primarily because of recalls of laid-off workers. This segment dropped 1,600 over the year mostly because of the closing of firms triggered by the recession, modernization, and unfavorable world trade. Apparel and other textile products, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year because of less activity throughout the segment. Printing and publishing, at 1,100, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year due to more business in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,200, rose 100 over the month and 700 over the year. The gains were mostly in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 5,600, climbed 100 over the month with more activity in road construction. This division was basically unchanged over the year. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,200, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered decrements. Trade, at 24,600, dropped 200 over the month after the Master's Golf Tournament inflated this estimate in April. This division rose 800 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,500, climbed 100 over the month with scattered increments, but was unchanged over the year. Services and mining, at 20,000, lost 100 over the month also because of the Master's Golf Tournament. This division rose 900 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,400, rose 100 over the month with scattered increments, but remained unchanged over the year. A gain of 200 in the federal sector was wiped out by a loss of 200 in the state and local subdivision.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	123.7	123.7	122.7	.0	1.0
Manufacturing	300005	33.5	33.3	34.0	.2	-.5
Durable Goods	300025	8.5	8.6	7.8	-.1	.7
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.8	2.8	2.2	.0	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.4	2.2	-.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.0	24.8	26.1	.2	-1.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	7.3	7.1	8.9	.2	-1.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.1	1.1	.9	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.2	12.1	11.5	.1	.7
Nonmanufacturing	000060	90.2	90.4	88.7	-.2	1.5
Contract Construction	200005	5.6	5.5	5.6	.1	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.6	24.8	23.8	-.2	.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	20.3	20.5	19.6	-.2	.7
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.5	4.4	4.5	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	20.0	20.1	19.1	-.1	.9
Government	998008	31.4	31.3	31.4	.1	.0
Federal	998011	7.3	7.3	7.1	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	24.1	24.1	24.3	.0	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 78,700, reflected a gain of 600 from the April estimate. Manufacturing rose 100 while nonmanufacturing contributed the remaining 500. Total employment was 1,300 below May 1982 with nonmanufacturing accounting for all of the decline.

Manufacturing employment totalled 20,000 workers in May, up 100 from April. Durable goods, at 4,500, remained constant. Nondurable goods gained 100 from April due to more business in food and kindred products. Other groups remained unchanged. Employment from one year ago was unchanged.

Nonmanufacturing employment, with 58,700 employed, was 600 above April's estimate while a loss of 1,300 was recorded for the year. Contract construction, at 3,500, rose 299 from a month earlier due to gains in special trades contracting, but was 300 less than one year ago. Transportation, communication, and public utilities remained the same as April and declined 200 from a year earlier.

Trade, with 16,700 employed, gained 300 workers from the previous month and 100 above last year's figure. Finance, insurance, and real estate increased 100 from last month because of more business and remained unchanged from 1982. Services and miscellaneous employment rose 100 from April and declined 400 from last year.

Government employment, at 19,100, was unchanged from the previous month and was 400 less than a year earlier. Over the year, federal government dropped 100 workers, while state and local government declined by 300 workers.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	78.7	78.1	80.0	.6	-1.3
Manufacturing	300005	20.0	19.9	20.0	.1	.0
Durable Goods	300025	4.5	4.5	4.5	.0	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.3	3.3	3.3	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.5	15.4	15.5	.1	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.8	4.0	.1	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.4	8.4	8.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	58.7	58.1	60.0	.6	-1.3
Contract Construction	200005	3.5	3.3	3.8	.2	-.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.7	16.4	16.6	.3	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.5	2.6	2.6	-.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	14.1	13.8	14.0	.3	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.4	5.3	5.4	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	11.0	10.9	11.4	.1	-.4
Government	998008	19.1	19.1	19.5	.0	-.4
Federal	998011	6.3	6.3	6.4	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	12.8	12.8	13.1	.0	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 98,600 in May. The estimate is down 300 from April and down 1,200 from May, 1982. During the month, manufacturing fell 200 with losses in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing fell 100 with most of the decrease in state and local government. Annually, manufacturing lost 100 with a gain in durable goods partially offsetting a loss in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing declined 1,200 with most of the decrease in construction.

Manufacturing dropped 200 from last month. A decline in establishments manufacturing men's, youths', and boys' furnishings and work clothing accounted for most of the loss. Textiles added 100 during the month to partially offset the drop in apparel. Annually, durable goods gained 100 with most of the increase in stone, clay, and glass. Nondurable goods declined 200 with a loss in apparel being partially offset by gains in textiles and food. "Other nondurable goods" added 100 during the year.

Nonmanufacturing decreased 100 from April with small increases in construction and finance, insurance, and real estate failing to offset declines in retail trade and government. The loss in government was due to a drop in public school employment. Annually, construction fell 1,000 with less employment in general construction and special trades construction. Heavy construction remained stable during the year. Trade rose 400 with increased employment in the retail sector. Services declined 100, and government registered a loss of 500. The federal segment was up 100, and the state and local segment decreased 500. Cutbacks on federally-funded projects accounted for most of the decline in state and local government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst Tom G. Matthews (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.6	98.9	99.8	-.3	-1.2
Manufacturing	300005	16.2	16.4	16.3	-.2	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.2	5.2	.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.6	.0	-.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.2	3.2	3.2	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	10.9	11.1	11.1	-.2	-.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.7	1.5	.1	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.5	1.7	2.1	-.2	-.6
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.7	2.8	2.6	-.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	82.4	82.5	83.6	-.1	-1.2
Contract Construction	200005	3.3	3.3	4.3	.0	-1.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	20.9	21.0	20.5	-.1	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.1	4.0	4.1	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	17.0	16.4	-.1	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.8	17.9	17.9	-.1	-.1
Government	998008	29.5	29.6	30.0	-.1	-.5
Federal	948011	16.6	16.6	16.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	12.9	13.1	13.5	-.2	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA remained constant over the month. Over the year, employment increased by 300.

Manufacturing was unchanged from April. Durable goods manufacturing saw a slight decrease with the loss occurring in primary and fabricated metals. Transportation equipment overall remained stable, however, a loss of approximately 100 in the shipbuilding and repair industry was offset by an equal gain in the truck assembly sector. Nondurable goods gained approximately 100 with the gain occurring primarily in the food processing sector.

Nonmanufacturing employment gained approximately 100 over the month. Contract construction experienced slight gains in its various sectors. Transportation increased more than 100 because of increased employment in the motor freight sector. Retail trade experienced losses in the food and furniture sectors. The service sector lost employment in the personal and medical sectors; a portion of that loss was offset by increased employment in the hotel and motel industry. Slight declines occurred in the government sector.

Overall, the employment situation in the Savannah SMSA looks favorable. Although employment has not increased in any substantial way, the stability of the labor force over the previous few months indicates that perhaps the worst is over, and improved conditions can be expected over the next few months.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.7	88.7	88.4	.0	.3
Manufacturing	300005	16.0	16.0	16.4	.0	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	7.4	7.5	7.1	-.1	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.0	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.4	4.4	3.8	.0	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.9	2.0	2.1	-.1	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.6	8.5	9.3	.1	-.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.7	3.7	4.4	.0	-.7
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.3	.4	.3	-.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.7	72.6	72.0	.1	.7
Contract Construction	200005	5.1	5.0	5.3	.1	-.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.1	8.9	8.3	.2	.8
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.0	21.1	21.3	-.1	-.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.8	16.9	16.9	-.1	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.3	4.3	4.1	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	16.8	16.9	16.6	-.1	.2
Government	998008	16.4	16.4	16.5	.0	-.1
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.8	13.8	13.8	.0	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.3	10.2	11.1	.1	-.8
Durable Goods	300025	5.0	5.0	4.9	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.3	5.2	6.2	.1	-.9
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.3	2.3	3.2	.0	-.9
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.1	3.1	2.8	.0	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82	CURRENT MONTH MAY 83	PREVIOUS MONTH APR. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO MAY 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$399.05	$389.80	$366.36	43.9	43.7	43.0	$ 9.09	$ 8.92	$ 8.52
Durable Goods	300025	369.78	366.35	350.83	43.3	43.1	43.1	8.54	8.50	8.14
Nondurable Goods	400015	426.24	412.88	379.26	44.4	44.3	43.0	9.60	9.32	8.82
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$262.26	$266.04	$232.54	42.3	43.4	38.5	$ 6.20	$ 6.13	$ 6.04
Paper and Allied Products	426005	542.41	534.96	444.32	48.3	48.5	44.7	11.23	11.03	9.94
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	355.49	328.97	317.75	43.3	41.8	41.7	8.21	7.87	7.62
Transportation Equipment	337005	416.64	406.46	405.45	44.8	43.8	45.1	9.30	9.28	8.99

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY MAY 1983	REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982	REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	110,749,000	110,786,000	110,378,000	-37,000	371,000
Employed	99,557,000	99,458,000	99,994,000	99,000	-437,000
Unemployed	11,192,000	11,328,000	10,384,000	-136,000	808,000
Rate	10.1	10.2	9.4	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	110,308,000	109,875,000	109,914,000	433,000	394,000
Employed	99,543,000	98,840,000	99,957,000	703,000	-414,000
Unemployed	10,765,000	11,035,000	9,957,000	-270,000	808,000
Rate	9.8	10.0	9.1	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,693,206	2,691,381	2,657,881	1,825	35,325
Employed	2,501,004	2,495,094	2,460,236	5,910	40,768
Unemployed	192,202	196,287	197,645	-4,085	-5,443
Rate	7.1	7.3	7.4	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,820	52,919	52,983	-99	-163
Employed	47,996	48,047	48,620	-51	-624
Unemployed	4,824	4,872	4,363	-48	461
Rate	9.1	9.2	8.2	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,657	66,526	65,926	131	731
Employed	62,376	62,120	62,115	256	261
Unemployed	4,281	4,406	3,811	-125	470
Rate	6.4	6.6	5.8	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,115,838	1,116,901	1,101,285	-1,063	14,553
Employed	1,048,571	1,048,634	1,033,671	-63	14,900
Unemployed	67,267	68,267	67,614	-1,000	-347
Rate	6.0	6.1	6.1	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,534	137,613	135,957	-1,079	577
Employed	124,401	124,984	124,398	-583	3
Unemployed	12,133	12,629	11,559	-496	574
Rate	8.9	9.2	8.5	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,817	86,669	88,797	148	-1,980
Employed	79,429	79,035	80,811	394	-1,382
Unemployed	7,388	7,634	4,986	-246	-598
Rate	8.5	8.8	9.0	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,384	108,824	108,664	-440	-280
Employed	100,336	100,933	101,418	-597	-1,082
Unemployed	8,048	7,891	7,246	157	802
Rate	7.4	7.3	6.7	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,446	99,257	97,997	189	1,449
Employed	90,922	91,186	90,450	-264	472
Unemployed	8,524	8,071	7,547	453	977
Rate	8.6	8.1	7.7	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAY 1983	REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	136,534	137,613	135,957	-1,079	577
Employed	124,401	124,984	124,398	-583	3
Unemployed	12,133	12,629	11,559	-496	574
Rate	8.9	9.2	8.5	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,296	91,659	90,135	-363	1,161
Employed	84,529	84,785	84,140	-256	389
Unemployed	6,767	6,874	5,995	-107	772
Rate	7.4	7.5	6.7	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,238	45,954	45,822	-716	-584
Employed	39,872	40,199	40,258	-327	-386
Unemployed	5,366	5,755	5,564	-389	-198
Rate	11.9	12.5	12.1	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAY 1983	REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,817	86,669	88,797	148	-1,980
Employed	79,429	79,035	80,811	394	-1,382
Unemployed	7,388	7,634	7,986	-246	-598
Rate	8.5	8.8	9.0	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,335	69,167	70,529	168	-1,194
Employed	64,314	63,990	65,668	324	-1,354
Unemployed	5,021	5,177	4,861	-156	160
Rate	7.2	7.5	6.9	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,482	17,502	18,268	-20	-786
Employed	15,115	15,045	15,143	70	-28
Unemployed	2,367	2,457	3,125	-90	-758
Rate	13.5	14.0	17.1	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY MAY 1983	REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED APR. 1983	REVISED MAY 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,693,206	2,691,381	2,657,881	1,825	35,325
Employed	2,501,004	2,495,094	2,460,236	5,910	40,768
Unemployed	192,202	196,287	197,645	-4,085	-5,443
Rate	7.1	7.3	7.4	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,651,032	1,653,044	1,635,636	-2,012	15,396
Employed	1,542,675	1,543,496	1,530,348	-821	12,327
Unemployed	108,357	109,548	105,288	-1,191	3,069
Rate	6.6	6.6	6.4	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,042,174	1,038,337	1,022,245	3,837	19,929
Employed	958,329	951,598	929,888	6,731	28,441
Unemployed	83,845	86,739	92,357	-2,894	-8,512
Rate	8.0	8.4	9.0	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $268.20
Quantity 1,300

8/26/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **JULY 1983** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(June Data)

U.S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE CELEBRATES 50TH ANNIVERSARY

The United States Employment Service marks its 50th anniversary this year. Established in 1933 by the Wagner-Peyser Act, this federal-state network now consists of 2,400 public employment offices.

Known in Georgia as Job Service Centers, these offices provide a variety of services to both job applicants and employers. A computerized job bank is maintained. Applicants can receive free aptitude testing, counseling, and referral to job openings or training opportunities. Services to employers include recruiting, interviewing, and testing prospective employees. Employers can receive tax credit for a portion of the wages paid to individuals whom the Job Service certifies as eligible to participate in the Targeted Jobs Tax Credit (TJTC) program. The Job Service and the Department of Vocational Education cooperate in Quick Start, a program designed to recruit and train workers rapidly to staff a new or expanding business.

For further information on these or other services, contact the nearest office of the Georgia Department of Labor.

NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT UP

Georgia's nonagricultural wage and salary employment rose 14,000 from May, reflecting improvements in most sections of the state's economy. The over-the-year comparison is even more striking; employment is 40,500 greater than in June 1982.

Employment in the manufacturing industries rose 3,500 from May, mostly in small increments. Gains in lumber and wood products and textile mill products were closely tied to the increase in residential construction, reflecting increased demand for building materials and carpet. The increase in the food industry was seasonal, occurring in canning and preserving of fruits and vegetables.

Among the nonmanufacturing divisions, only mining and government failed to increase from the previous month. The decline of 4,300 in state and local government occurred because of the closing of elementary and secondary schools for the summer. The largest gains were in trade and services, the two fastest growing segments of the economy. Much of this increase was seasonal, however, occurring in eating and drinking places and amusement and recreational facilities. Most of the annual increase of 38,900 also took place in trade and services.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Elberton Plant to Reopen

Carpet Yarn Division of Georgia Synthetics will reopen in Elberton after having been idle for four years. Twenty people have been hired to ready the plant for operation. The facility, which may hire as many as 200 workers, will manufacture carpet yarns. Four production lines will operate continuously to fill existing orders for 50 million pounds of carpet yarn.

The Elberton Job Service office is handling all employment applications. First preference will be given to former employees, and other Elbert County residents will be considered second.

The reopening was made possible by a $400,000 community development block grant. The grant was made to Elbert County, which then loaned the money to the company to enable them to resume production.

Cut 'N Jump Moving to Forsyth

Cut 'N Jump Division of Wellington Puritan Incorporated is moving from Leesburg, Florida to Forsyth, Georgia. The company will employ 100 workers to manufacture personal flotation devices, wet suits, water ski accessories, swimming pool floats, and related products. A 60,000 square-foot building on Chambers Street which was formerly occupied by Forsyth Twine and Cordage, is the new home of Cut 'N Jump.

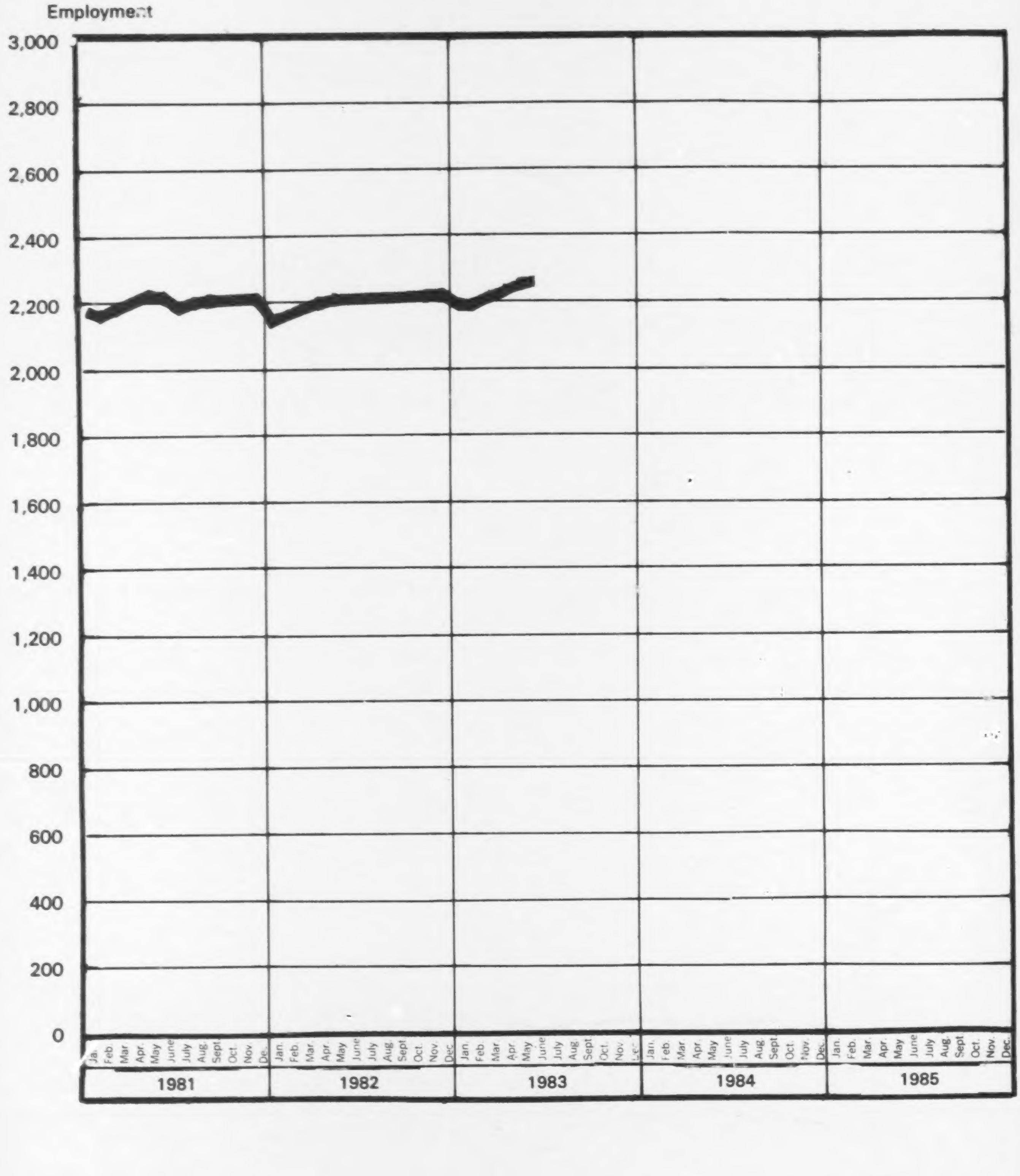
Tensar Corporation Locating in Clayton County

Tensar Corporation, a British and Canadian-owned plastics manufacturer will build a 170,000 square-foot facility in Clayton County's Atlanta Southern Business Park. The initial investment of $25 million will be doubled by 1985. The company will employ about 200 people.

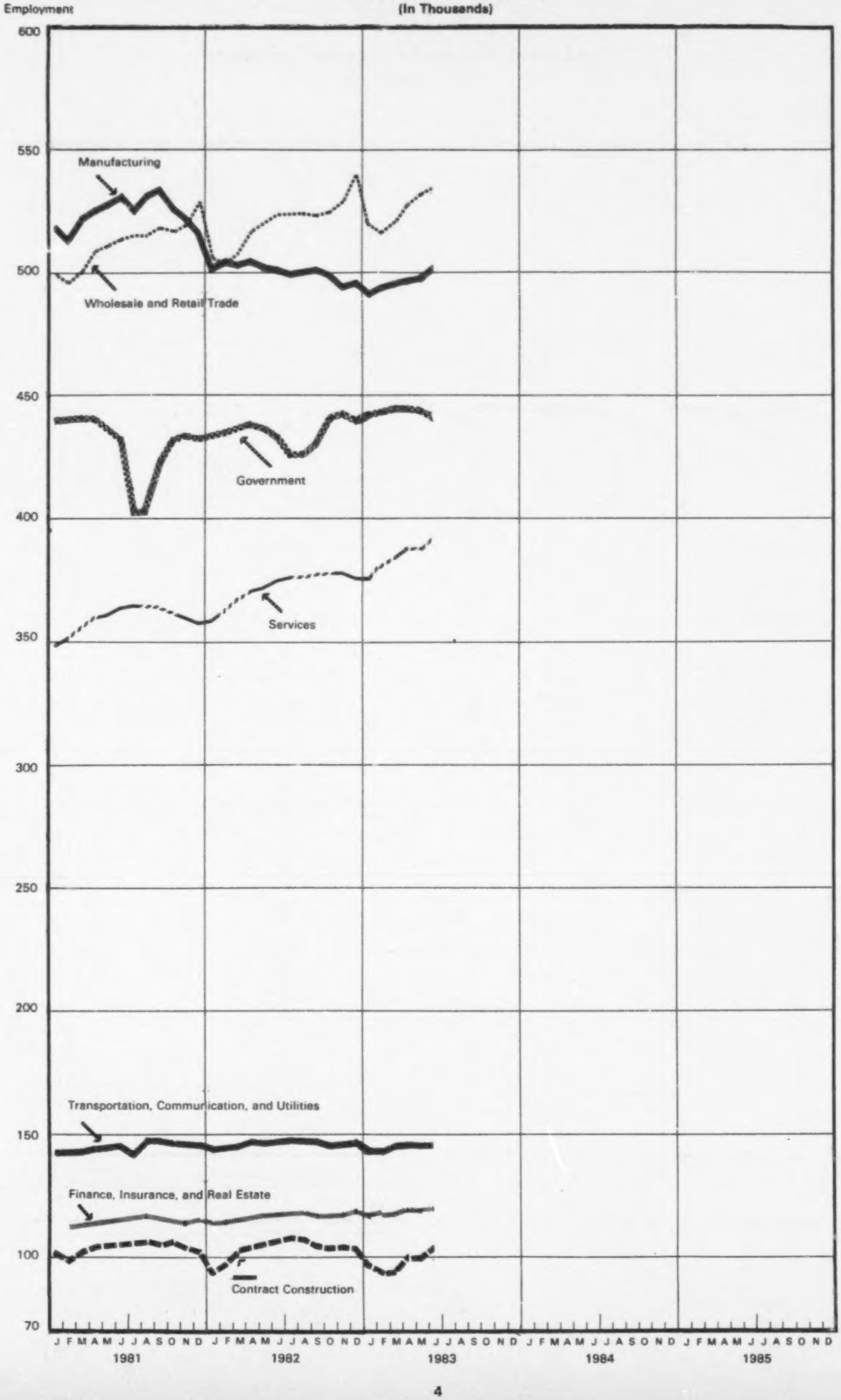
NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT

(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,252.6	2,238.6	2,212.1	14.0	40.5
Manufacturing	300005	503.1	499.6	501.5	3.5	1.6
Durable Goods	300025	177.5	176.3	177.4	1.2	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	29.2	28.7	28.0	.5	1.2
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.4	14.1	13.7	.3	.7
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.3	9.2	9.4	.1	-.1
Household Furniture	325105	5.8	5.7	5.6	.1	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.2	16.0	16.2	.2	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.1	15.1	16.1	.0	-1.0
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.0	16.8	17.2	.2	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.9	19.9	20.7	.0	-.8
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	22.3	22.2	23.2	.1	-.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	36.5	36.6	35.3	-.1	1.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.8	11.9	11.4	-.1	.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	325.6	323.3	324.1	2.3	1.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	58.1	57.4	58.8	.7	-.7
Meat Products	420105	20.8	20.7	20.8	.1	.0
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.4	15.2	15.2	.2	.2
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.5	4.6	.1	.0
Bakery Products	420505	8.4	8.3	8.9	.1	-.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	105.7	104.9	103.1	.8	2.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.4	23.4	23.1	.0	.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.9	3.8	4.0	.1	-.1
Knitting Mills	422505	9.7	9.5	9.4	.2	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	29.1	28.8	27.2	.3	1.9
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	20.8	20.8	21.1	.0	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.6	68.9	69.8	.7	-.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.2	38.9	38.7	.3	.5
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.6	21.3	22.1	.3	-.5
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.0	27.2	27.6	-.2	-.6
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.6	12.8	12.9	-.2	-.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.8	6.8	6.7	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.5	26.5	25.3	.0	1.2
Commercial Printing	427505	9.9	9.8	9.5	.1	.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	16.9	17.0	17.1	-.1	-.2
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.1	2.3	2.3	-.2	-.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.3	.0	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	19.8	19.5	20.2	.3	-.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,749.5	1,739.0	1,710.6	10.5	38.9
Mining	100005	7.2	7.3	7.5	-.1	-.3
Contract Construction	200005	105.9	101.8	106.9	4.1	-1.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	146.6	146.0	147.1	.6	-.5
Transportation	500015	85.2	84.8	85.8	.4	-.6
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.8	38.7	38.9	.1	-.1
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.5	22.5	22.3	.0	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	535.8	530.8	523.7	5.0	12.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	168.9	168.5	164.6	.4	4.3
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	101.2	101.3	99.6	-.1	1.6
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	67.6	67.2	65.0	.4	2.6
Retail Trade	652005	367.0	362.3	359.1	4.7	7.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	120.2	119.6	117.0	.6	3.2
Finance	760025	53.1	52.8	50.6	.3	2.5
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.6	42.6	42.4	.0	.2
Real Estate	765075	24.4	24.3	24.1	.1	.3
Services	800005	393.9	389.0	375.1	4.9	18.8
Government	998008	440.0	444.3	433.3	-4.3	6.7
Federal	998011	85.5	85.5	85.4	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	354.6	358.9	347.9	-4.3	6.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	373.8	371.5	375.6	2.3	-1.8
Durable Goods	300025	128.1	127.5	129.4	.6	-1.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	245.8	244.0	246.2	1.8	-.4
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	39.1	38.6	40.4	.5	-1.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	86.9	86.2	85.4	.7	1.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.5	20.6	20.7	-.1	-.2
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.4	3.3	3.4	.1	.0
Knitting Mills	422505	7.9	7.7	7.7	.2	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	23.5	23.3	22.4	.2	1.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	17.2	17.2	17.5	.0	-.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	59.8	59.2	59.5	.6	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.3	34.0	33.2	.3	1.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.1	17.9	19.0	.2	-.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	22.9	22.3	22.1	.6	.8
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.6	7.7	8.1	-.1	-.5
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.2	20.5	21.1	-.3	-.9
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.3	9.5	9.8	-.2	-.5
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.1	10.2	10.1	-.1	.0
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	1.9	.0	-.5
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	11.9	11.9	12.1	.0	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.2	10.1	11.4	.1	-1.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.1	12.9	13.3	.2	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.8	13.8	14.1	.0	-.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	14.9	14.8	15.8	.1	-.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	23.9	24.1	23.3	-.2	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and pernel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN, 82	CURRENT MONTH JUN, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN, 82	CURRENT MONTH JUN, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN, 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$293.41	$285.19	$264.77	41.5	40.8	39.4	$ 7.07	$ 6.99	$ 6.72
Durable Goods	300025	339.95	326.51	307.80	42.6	41.7	40.5	7.98	7.83	7.60
Nondurable Goods	400015	269.12	263.56	242.11	40.9	40.3	38.8	6.58	6.54	6.24
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$259.24	$254.27	$241.30	39.7	39.3	39.3	$ 6.53	$ 6.47	$ 6.14
Textile Mill Products	422005	258.22	254.10	222.15	42.4	42.0	38.5	6.09	6.05	5.77
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	253.59	249.08	218.28	41.1	40.5	37.7	6.17	6.15	5.79
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	294.13	281.35	259.79	43.9	42.5	41.5	6.70	6.62	6.26
Knitting Mills	422505	219.64	222.50	191.44	40.3	40.9	37.1	5.45	5.44	5.16
Floor Covering Mills	422705	279.73	262.08	228.54	44.9	42.0	39.0	6.23	6.24	5.86
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	254.18	252.05	220.66	41.6	41.8	37.4	6.11	6.03	5.90
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	177.47	170.50	169.00	37.6	36.2	36.9	4.72	4.71	4.58
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	175.85	170.28	171.22	37.1	36.0	36.9	4.74	4.73	4.64
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	174.34	165.24	164.42	37.9	36.0	36.7	4.60	4.59	4.48
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	236.90	231.43	217.20	41.2	41.4	40.0	5.75	5.59	5.43
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	228.00	226.28	203.09	44.1	43.6	39.9	5.17	5.19	5.09
Paper and Allied Products	426005	496.48	472.05	418.50	46.4	45.0	41.6	10.70	10.49	10.06
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	577.92	535.80	481.95	48.0	45.6	42.5	12.04	11.75	11.34
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	382.33	374.05	347.35	42.2	42.7	41.4	9.06	8.76	8.39
Leather and Leather Products	431005	160.65	156.45	167.09	36.1	35.0	38.5	4.45	4.47	4.34
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	336.87	337.74	303.40	43.3	43.3	41.0	7.78	7.80	7.40
Primary Metal Industries	333005	372.19	364.10	340.23	40.9	40.5	39.7	9.10	8.99	8.57
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	326.40	299.63	286.06	42.5	41.5	41.7	7.68	7.22	6.86
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	328.19	279.90	304.38	42.9	38.5	41.3	7.65	7.27	7.37
Transportation Equipment	337005	519.86	496.80	475.59	44.7	43.2	42.2	11.63	11.50	11.27

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT ROSE 6,100 IN JUNE

Atlanta area nonfarm wage and salary employment reached a level of 1,032,300 in June. This was an increase of 6,100 over the previous month of May and was caused by more activity in the construction, trade, and service industries. Manufacturing employment remained almost unchanged from May with declines of only 200 and 100 for durable and nondurable goods respectively.

Although manufacturing employment showed a net loss of 300, firms in many industries experienced more business activity requiring overtime work. Temporary partial layoffs were reported in the food products industry and in "other nondurable goods" (miscellaneous plastics products) industry. A gain of 100 in textile mill products was due to the return of workers in a broad woven cotton mill following a temporary partial layoff. Lumber and wood products exhibited a slight upturn with more business in the production of structural wood members, pallets and skids, and wood kitchen cabinets. Furniture and fixtures, down 100, reflected declines in orders for metal office furniture and fixtures. From the same month last year, manufacturing employment was down 2,800. More than 85 percent of this loss was attrributed to the durable goods sector.

Nonmanufacturing, up 6,400, accounted for all the monthly gain. All major industry divisions, except government, contributed to the increase. Substantial gains occurred over the month in contract construction, trade (retail), and services. Transportation and public utilities rose by only 300. The largest gains in retail trade were registered by building material dealers, department stores, miscellaneous retail stores, and eating and drinking establishments. The 900 decline in government was in local government and local education. For the current month, nonmanufacturing was 23,600 above the level for June of last year.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Office Complex Started in Cobb County

Post Properties, Incorporated, a major Atlanta apartment developer, has begun constructing a $150 million office-residential complex on an 87-acre site adjacent to Interstate North Office Park in Cobb County. Parkwood, which is the name of the development, will include 800,000 square feet of office space, 500 rental apartments, and a 200-suite hotel when construction is completed in five to six years. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, July 12, 1983)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,032.3	1,026.2	1,011.5	6.1	20.8
Manufacturing	300005	139.7	140.0	142.5	-.3	-2.8
Durable Goods	300025	70.3	70.5	72.7	-.2	-2.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.6	2.5	.1	.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.3	3.5	-.1	-.3
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.8	1.7	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.0	6.9	6.5	.1	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.5	4.5	5.3	.0	-.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.3	6.4	7.1	-.1	-.8
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.6	7.7	7.7	-.1	-.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.4	11.3	11.8	.1	-.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.7	22.8	23.5	-.1	-.8
Other Durable Goods	399915	4.9	4.9	4.8	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.4	69.5	69.9	-.1	-.5
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.6	18.6	18.5	.0	.1
Meat Products	420105	4.4	4.5	4.8	-.1	-.4
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.4	3.3	.1	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.3	4.2	4.6	.1	-.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.1	1.3	.1	-.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.4	8.4	8.6	.0	-.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.9	2.9	3.2	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.7	7.6	7.7	.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.9	3.8	3.9	.1	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.8	16.8	16.5	.0	.3
Commercial Printing	427505	7.5	7.5	7.2	.0	.3
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.5	7.5	7.6	.0	-.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.2	6.3	6.3	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	892.6	886.2	869.0	6.4	23.6
Contract Construction	200005	45.2	44.1	46.8	1.1	-1.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	92.7	92.4	92.4	.3	.3
Transportation	500015	58.2	57.9	57.9	.3	.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	290.9	287.4	282.3	3.5	8.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	104.6	105.2	107.0	-.6	-2.4
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	70.2	70.7	71.3	-.5	-1.1
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	34.4	34.5	35.6	-.1	-1.2
Retail Trade	652005	186.3	182.2	175.3	4.1	11.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	71.7	71.4	70.5	.3	1.2
Finance	760025	28.6	28.4	27.0	.2	1.6
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.2	26.2	26.6	.0	-.4
Services	800055	225.9	223.8	217.7	2.1	8.2
Government	998008	166.2	167.1	159.3	-.9	6.9
Federal	998011	32.9	33.0	33.6	-.1	-.7
State and Local	998509	133.3	134.1	125.7	-.8	7.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	94.6	94.6	97.0	.0	-2.4
Durable Goods	300025	49.1	49.1	50.8	.0	-1.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.5	45.5	46.2	.0	-.7
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.5	11.5	11.5	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.2	3.2	3.7	.0	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	6.8	7.2	-.1	-.5
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.0	2.9	3.1	.1	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.2	2.6	.0	-.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.8	2.9	3.0	-.1	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.8	5.7	5.8	.1	.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	3.9	3.9	3.9	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.3	5.4	4.8	-.1	.5
Primary Metal Industries	333005	2.7	2.7	3.5	.0	-.8
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.3	4.3	4.9	.0	-.6
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.7	5.7	5.5	.0	.2
Transportation Equipment	337005	14.6	14.6	15.2	.0	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$348.39	$340.09	$323.14	40.7	40.2	39.6	$ 8.56	$ 8.46	$ 8.16
Durable Goods	300025	385.56	374.13	366.22	40.8	40.1	40.2	9.45	9.33	9.11
Nondurable Goods	400015	307.40	302.30	276.12	40.5	40.2	39.0	7.59	7.52	7.08
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$301.92	$287.56	$270.28	40.8	39.5	39.4	$ 7.40	$ 7.28	$ 6.86
Textile Mill Products	422005	236.29	237.05	192.93	40.6	40.8	34.7	5.82	5.81	5.56
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	182.28	177.38	169.44	37.2	36.2	35.3	4.90	4.90	4.80
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	177.38	169.18	170.65	36.8	35.1	35.7	4.82	4.82	4.78
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	177.03	180.05	163.48	36.5	37.2	34.2	4.85	4.84	4.78
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	231.85	242.11	205.80	39.7	41.6	37.9	5.84	5.82	5.43
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	239.80	238.46	218.83	43.6	43.2	40.3	5.50	5.52	5.43
Paper and Allied Products	426005	437.58	414.03	350.64	46.8	45.8	41.3	9.35	9.04	8.49
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	414.35	398.70	354.87	46.4	44.3	41.7	8.93	9.00	8.51
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	346.06	334.56	331.70	41.1	41.0	40.9	8.42	8.16	8.11
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	344.02	362.49	316.71	41.2	43.0	40.5	8.35	8.43	7.82
Primary Metal Industries	333005	481.55	470.83	450.17	40.5	39.8	41.3	11.89	11.83	10.90
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	385.22	351.44	320.33	42.1	41.2	40.6	9.15	8.53	7.89
Transportation Equipment	337005	546.72	525.48	512.53	41.2	39.9	39.7	13.27	13.17	12.91

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA was 43,400 in June, unchanged from the previous month. Annually, a decline of 500 was recorded. Most of the annual decrement was in manufacturing and government.

Manufacturing, at 11,400, declined 100 during the month and 400 over the year. Most of the decline in June was in the nondurable goods division. Small declines occurred in food, textiles, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods." Over the year, losses were reported in "other durable goods" and "other nondurable goods." These two categories include paper products, rubber products, commercial printing, lumber, furniture, aircraft, sporting goods, and concrete products.

Contract construction, at 1,700, was unchanged for the month and gained 100 over the year. All segments of the industry showed some increment during the year. Lower interest rates have encouraged more building in the area, especially residential.

Transportation, communications, and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged during the month and declined 100 over the year. Finance, insurance, and real estate, also at 2,200, showed an annual gain of 100 while remaining constant for the month.

Trade, at 9,400, was up 100 over the month and 200 for the year. Retail trade outdistanced wholesale trade during the month, showing a gain of 200. During the year, both segments gained 100.

Services, at 6,000, was unchanged for the month and declined 100 over the year. Government, at 10,500, was unchanged during June while a decrement of 300 was reported for the year. Both the federal and state/local segments declined during the year.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson. (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.4	43.4	43.9	.0	-.5
Manufacturing	300005	11.4	11.5	11.8	-.1	-.4
Durable Goods	300025	2.1	2.1	2.3	.0	-.2
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	1.1	.0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.3	9.4	9.4	-.1	-.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	3.0	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.0	4.1	4.2	-.1	-.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.0	31.9	32.1	.1	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.2	2.2	2.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.3	9.2	.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	6.7	6.5	6.6	.2	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	6.0	6.0	6.1	.0	-.1
Government	998008	10.5	10.5	10.8	.0	-.3
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.9	.0	-.3
State and Local	998509	7.9	8.0	8.0	-.1	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	54.1	53.6	53.4	.5	.7
Manufacturing	300005	14.1	13.8	14.2	.3	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	4.5	4.4	4.7	.1	-.2
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.3	2.7	.0	-.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.1	2.0	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.5	9.5	.1	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.2	3.1	3.2	.1	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	40.0	39.7	39.2	.3	.8
Contract Construction	200005	1.7	1.6	1.6	.1	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.6	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.4	10.6	10.0	-.2	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	8.5	8.6	8.0	-.1	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.6	1.7	1.7	-.1	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.1	7.0	6.8	.1	.3
Government	998008	17.7	17.4	17.5	.3	.2
Federal	998011	1.9	2.0	2.0	-.1	-.1
State and Local	998509	15.8	15.4	15.5	.4	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 124,500 in June 1983, representing an increase of 400 jobs over the preceding month and a rise of 2,900 over the year. Both the monthly and annual increases were caused by more business in nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing employment, estimated at 33,500, remained essentially unchanged over the month and over the year because losses in nondurable goods offset gains in durable goods. Lumber and wood products, at 700, was up 100 over the month and over the year. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,800, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year with increased activity in glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery, at 2,800, recorded no change over the month, but rose 600 over the year with increased business in existing firms and some upturn among recently opened facilities. "Other durable goods," at 2,300, remained unchanged over the month, but recorded an increase of 200 over the year because of more business.

Food and kindred products, at 2,700, recorded an increase of 100 over the month because of increased activity in bakeries. This segment was unchanged over the year. Textile mill products, at 7,000, dropped 200 over the month and lost 1,700 over the year due to intense international competition, modernization of facilities, and adverse economic conditions caused mainly by the recession. This segment experienced the closing of three facilities over the year. Apparel, at 1,900, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered decrements. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, was unchanged over the month but rose 400 over the year as activity increased in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,100, dropped 100 over the month with less business in both paper and chemicals. This segment rose 500 over the year as chemicals and some paper producers increased their labor force to effect more production.

Construction, at 6,400, rose 400 over the month and 600 over the year as both building and general construction increased activity resulting from a rebounding economy. Housing construction in the area is currently in full swing. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,200, was unchanged over the month, but reported a decrease of 100 over the year with scattered declines. Trade, at 24,600, was unchanged over the month, but recorded an increase of 600 over the year as new firms opened in the area. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, climbed 100 over the month and over the year. Services and mining, at 20,200, climbed 200 over the month with more activity in hotels, protective services, and cleaning and maintenance services. This division rose 1,100 over the year due primarily to the opening of new firms.

Government, at 30,900, dropped 400 over the month mostly because of the seasonal layoff of nonteaching personnel in public schools. This division rose 400 over the year with gains recorded in the federal sector as well as the state and local subdivisions.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington (404)828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	124.5	124.1	121.6	.4	2.9
Manufacturing	300005	33.5	33.5	33.5	.0	.0
Durable Goods	300025	8.6	8.6	7.6	.0	1.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.6	.6	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	2.8	2.8	2.7	.0	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.8	2.8	2.2	.0	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.1	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.0	25.0	25.8	.0	-.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.6	2.7	.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	7.0	7.2	8.7	-.2	-1.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	.8	.0	.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.1	12.2	11.6	-.1	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	91.0	90.5	88.2	.5	2.8
Contract Construction	200005	6.4	6.0	5.8	.4	.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.6	24.6	24.0	.0	.6
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.3	4.3	-.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.5	20.3	19.7	.2	.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.5	4.5	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	20.2	20.0	19.1	.2	1.1
Government	998008	30.9	31.3	30.5	-.4	.4
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.2	.0	.2
State and Local	998509	23.5	24.0	23.3	-.5	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased by 1,300 from the May estimate. This surge in employment was primarily due to more business in the nonmanufacturing sector. Employment was 400 below last year's estimate; the drop was caused by losses in nonmanufacturing firms offsetting gains in manufacturing firms.

Manufacturing employment remained practically unchanged over the month with metals and machinery registering an increase of 100. Over-the-year increases totalled 1,100 with the increase being in textile mill products; printing, publishing, and allied products; and metals and machinery.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 59,700, indicated an increase of 1,000 over the May estimate and a decline of 1,600 from a year ago. Contract construction, at 3,600, increased 100 from last month and was 200 below last years estimate. Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services employment rose 200 from May and declined 100 from last year. Trade employment advanced 300 from last month and increased 400 over the year in the retail sector. Finance, insurance, and real estate employment remained unchanged from both reference periods. Service and miscellaneous employment rose 300 over the month and dropped 400 from last year. Government employment, at 19,300, was up 200 from last month but down 1,200 from last year. The monthly rise was equally divided between state and local government and federal government. The annual loss was largely in state and local government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	79.9	78.6	80.3	1.3	-.4
Manufacturing	300005	20.1	19.9	19.0	.2	1.1
Durable Goods	300025	4.6	4.5	4.5	.1	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.4	3.3	3.3	.1	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.5	15.4	14.5	.1	1.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.9	4.0	.0	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.4	8.4	7.3	.0	1.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods .	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	59.7	58.7	61.3	1.0	-1.6
Contract Construction	200005	3.6	3.5	3.8	.1	-.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.2	3.0	3.3	.2	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	17.0	16.7	16.6	.3	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.5	2.6	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	14.4	14.1	14.0	.3	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.4	5.4	5.4	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	11.3	11.0	11.7	.3	-.4
Government	998008	19.3	19.1	20.5	.2	-1.2
Federal	998011	6.4	6.3	6.7	.1	-.3
State and Local	998509	12.9	12.8	13.9	.1	-1.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 99,400 in June. The current estimate is up 800 from May and down 300 from June 1982. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with most of the loss in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing rose 900 with most of the gain in government. Annually, manufacturing declined 100 with an increase in durable goods partially offsetting a drop in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing decreased 200 with a large decline in construction and smaller gains in trade and government.

Manufacturing declined 100 from last month with losses in food and apparel. A temporary cutback at a bakery products establishment and layoffs at plants manufacturing men's, youths', and boys' furnishings and work clothing accounted for most of the decrease. Annually, durable goods rose 100 with increased employment in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods fell 200 with a loss in apparel being partially offset by gains in textiles and "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing rose 900 during the month. Construction was up 100 with gains in general building construction. Trade advanced 100 with most of the increase in wholesale trade. Services dropped 100 with a decrease in mining employment. Government added 700 with most of the gain in state and local government resulting from a federally-funded summer youth program. Annually, a large decline in construction was partially offset by increases in trade and government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	99.4	98.6	99.7	.8	-.3
Manufacturing	300005	16.1	16.2	16.2	-.1	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.3	5.2	.0	.1
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.2	3.2	.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	10.8	10.9	11.0	-.1	-.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.5	2.6	2.5	-.1	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.8	1.5	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.4	1.5	2.0	-.1	-.6
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	83.3	82.4	83.5	.9	-.2
Contract Construction	200005	3.5	3.4	4.4	.1	-.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.1	21.0	20.6	.1	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.1	4.1	.1	.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	16.9	16.5	.0	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.1	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.7	17.8	17.7	-.1	.0
Government	998008	30.2	29.5	29.9	.7	.3
Federal	948011	16.5	16.6	16.6	-.1	-.1
State and Local	998509	13.7	12.9	13.4	.8	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA declined approximately 400 over the month. Both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing declined during this period, with manufacturing declining slightly less than 200 and nonmanufacturing slightly more than 200.

Manufacturing employment declined in employment mainly in two areas. Paper and allied products and shipbuilding and repairing each dropped approximately 100. Over the year, employment in manufacturing was stable in almost all sectors except paper. Paper and allied products was down roughly 800. As the economy picks up the majority of these jobs should return. However, approximately 300 to 400 jobs in all probability will be lost for at least the next couple of years.

Nonmanufacturing employment was down 300 over the month. The majority of the loss occurred in motor freight transportation and marine cargo handling with each sector losing approximately 100 in employment. Retail trade picked up over the month. Although the gain was slightly less than 100, it does indicate that people are spending money again.

Overall employment in Savannah is beginning to show some favorable signs. The month-to-month fluctuations are beginning to flatten out. As the overall economy improves, the employment picture in Savannah should also improve.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.2	88.6	88.6	-.4	-.4
Manufacturing	300005	15.9	16.1	16.8	-.2	-.9
Durable Goods	300025	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.1	1.2	.1	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.3	4.4	4.1	-.1	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	-.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.6	8.6	9.4	.0	-.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.6	3.7	4.4	-.1	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.0	1.9	2.0	.1	.0
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.4	.3	.3	.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.7	.8	.8	-.1	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.2	72.5	71.8	-.3	.4
Contract Construction	200005	4.9	5.0	5.5	-.1	-.6
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	8.7	9.1	7.8	-.4	.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.1	21.0	21.3	.1	-.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	16.9	16.8	17.0	.1	-.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.3	4.3	4.1	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	16.7	16.7	16.5	.0	.2
Government	998008	16.5	16.5	16.6	.0	-.1
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.8	13.8	13.9	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.2	10.3	11.5	-.1	-1.3
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	5.0	5.2	-.1	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.2	5.3	6.3	-.1	-1.1
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.3	3.2	-.1	-1.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.0	3.1	3.0	-.1	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH MAY, 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH MAY, 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUN. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH MAY 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUN. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$419.06	$398.14	$381.06	45.6	43.8	43.6	$ 9.19	$ 9.09	$ 8.74
Durable Goods	300025	392.67	370.22	359.16	45.5	43.3	43.8	8.63	8.55	8.20
Nondurable Goods	400015	443.69	424.39	399.33	45.6	44.3	43.5	9.73	9.58	9.18
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$295.16	$262.26	$242.03	47.0	42.3	39.1	$ 6.28	$ 6.20	$ 6.19
Paper and Allied Products	426005	553.78	537.60	476.77	49.8	48.0	44.6	11.12	11.20	10.69
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	374.39	355.01	329.01	42.4	43.4	41.7	8.83	8.18	7.89
Transportation Equipment	337005	428.16	416.64	411.32	45.5	44.8	45.5	9.41	9.30	9.04

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY JUN. 1983	REVISED MAY 1983	REVISED JUN. 1982	REVISED MAY 1983	REVISED JUN. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	111,932,000	110,749,000	110,147,000	1,183,000	1,785,000
Employed	100,786,000	99,557,000	99,681,000	1,229,000	1,105,000
Unemployed	11,146,000	11,192,000	10,466,000	-46,000	680,000
Rate	10.0	10.1	9.5	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	113,383,000	110,308,000	111,569,000	3,075,000	1,814,000
Employed	101,813,000	99,543,000	100,683,000	2,270,000	1,130,000
Unemployed	11,570,000	10,765,000	10,886,000	805,000	684,000
Rate	10.2	9.8	9.8	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,702,094	2,694,867	2,682,302	7,227	19,792
Employed	2,517,002	2,501,590	2,469,963	15,412	47,039
Unemployed	185,092	193,277	212,339	-8,185	-27,247
Rate	6.8	7.2	7.9	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	53,021	52,735	53,529	286	-508
Employed	47,962	47,904	48,444	58	-482
Unemployed	5,059	4,831	5,085	228	-26
Rate	9.5	9.2	9.5	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,826	66,671	65,949	155	877
Employed	62,979	62,369	62,081	610	898
Unemployed	3,847	4,302	3,868	-455	-21
Rate	5.8	6.5	5.9	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,119,505	1,115,182	1,104,351	4,323	15,154
Employed	1,052,585	1,047,564	1,032,428	5,021	20,157
Unemployed	66,920	67,618	71,923	-698	-5,003
Rate	6.0	6.1	6.5	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,049	136,984	136,141	65	908
Employed	125,245	124,763	123,516	482	1,729
Unemployed	11,804	12,221	12,625	-417	-821
Rate	8.6	8.9	9.3	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,711	86,795	90,920	916	-3,209
Employed	80,629	79,355	81,013	1,274	-384
Unemployed	7,082	7,440	9,907	-358	-2,825
Rate	8.1	8.6	10.9	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,098	108,399	108,834	699	264
Employed	101,012	100,335	101,355	677	-343
Unemployed	8,086	8,064	7,479	22	607
Rate	7.4	7.4	6.9	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,851	99,342	98,386	-1,491	-535
Employed	90,304	90,769	90,726	-465	-422
Unemployed	7,547	8,573	7,660	-1,026	-113
Rate	7.7	8.6	7.8	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUN. 1983	REVISED MAY 1983	REVISED JUN. 1982	REVISED MAY 1983	REVISED JUN. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	137,049	136,984	136,141	65	908
Employed	125,245	124,763	123,516	482	1,729
Unemployed	11,804	12,221	12,625	-417	-821
Rate	8.6	8.9	9.3	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	91,585	91,591	90,232	-6	1,353
Employed	85,079	84,777	83,642	302	1,437
Unemployed	6,506	6,814	6,590	-308	-84
Rate	7.1	7.4	7.3	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	45,464	45,393	45,909	71	-445
Employed	40,166	39,986	39,874	180	292
Unemployed	5,298	5,407	6,035	-109	-737
Rate	11.7	11.9	13.1	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUN. 1983	REVISED MAY 1983	REVISED JUN. 1982	REVISED MAY 1983	REVISED JUN. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,711	86,795	90,920	916	-3,209
Employed	80,629	79,355	81,013	1,274	-384
Unemployed	7,082	7,440	9,907	-358	-2,825
Rate	8.1	8.6	10.9	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,251	69,316	72,356	935	-2,105
Employed	65,253	64,260	65,783	993	-530
Unemployed	4,998	5,056	6,573	-58	-1,575
Rate	7.1	7.3	9.1	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,460	17,479	18,564	-19	-1,104
Employed	15,376	15,095	15,230	281	146
Unemployed	2,084	2,384	3,334	-300	-1,250
Rate	11.9	13.6	18.0	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUN. 1983	REVISED MAY 1983	REVISED JUN. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED MAY 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUN. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,702,094	2,694,867	2,682,302	7,227	19,792
Employed	2,517,002	2,501,590	2,469,963	15,412	47,039
Unemployed	185,092	193,277	212,339	-8,185	-27,247
Rate	6.8	7.2	7.9	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,655,131	1,650,473	1,641,982	4,658	13,149
Employed	1,548,845	1,541,608	1,528,806	7,237	20,039
Unemployed	106,286	108,865	113,176	-2,579	-6,890
Rate	6.4	6.6	6.9	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,046,963	1,044,394	1,040,320	2,569	6,643
Employed	968,157	959,982	941,157	8,175	27,000
Unemployed	78,806	84,412	99,163	-5,606	-20,357
Rate	7.5	8.1	9.5	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $268.20
Quantity 1,300

9/26/83 S1905-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR | AUGUST 1983 | LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(July Data)

EMPLOYMENT DROP RESULT OF EDUCATION FURLOUGHS

The closing of local schools and resultant furloughing of nonteaching personnel for summer vacation caused Georgia's nonagricultural wage and salary employment to drop sharply in July. More than 20,000 persons were affected.

Seasonal factors in other segments of the economy also affected employment levels. In manufacturing, declines were concentrated in transportation equipment and apparel. One large automobile manufacturer shut down to retool for model change, and a number of manufacturers of men's and boys' trousers closed during the reference week because of high inventories. These firms have since resumed normal operations.

Trade rose 600 overall, but sharp fluctuations occurred within the division. Wholesale durable goods rose 1,100 because of more business throughout while seasonal declines in farm products caused the nondurable sector to decrease by a like amount. Retail trade rose 600. Increased summer driving led to higher employment levels at auto dealers and service stations, and food stores hired a number of summer workers.

Construction showed improvement from June although employment remained below last year's level. The gains were in general building and special trades contracting.

Seasonal factors also affected employment in the service industries, although some of the influences were positive, others negative. Employment rose in amusement places and recreation centers. Hospitals and medical and health services facilities gained in some measure because of internship programs. The increases were partly offset by seasonal declines in private education.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Clayton County Receives Block Grant

Clayton County has been awarded a $400,000 community development block grant to establish a jobs training program. County officials expect that 210 disadvantaged persons will be trained through the program.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Lenox Square Site of New Clothier

Cactus, a Canadian-owned ladies' clothing chain has opened its first U.S. store in Atlanta's Lenox Square. The store will feature designer fashions in the moderate to expensive price range. Cactus is owned by Dalmys Limited which is based in Montreal.

Aiken, South Carolina Firm to Close September 1

Roller Bearing Company of South Carolina will close its Aiken, South Carolina plant on September 1, rendering 44 persons jobless. It could not be determined how many of these are Georgia residents.

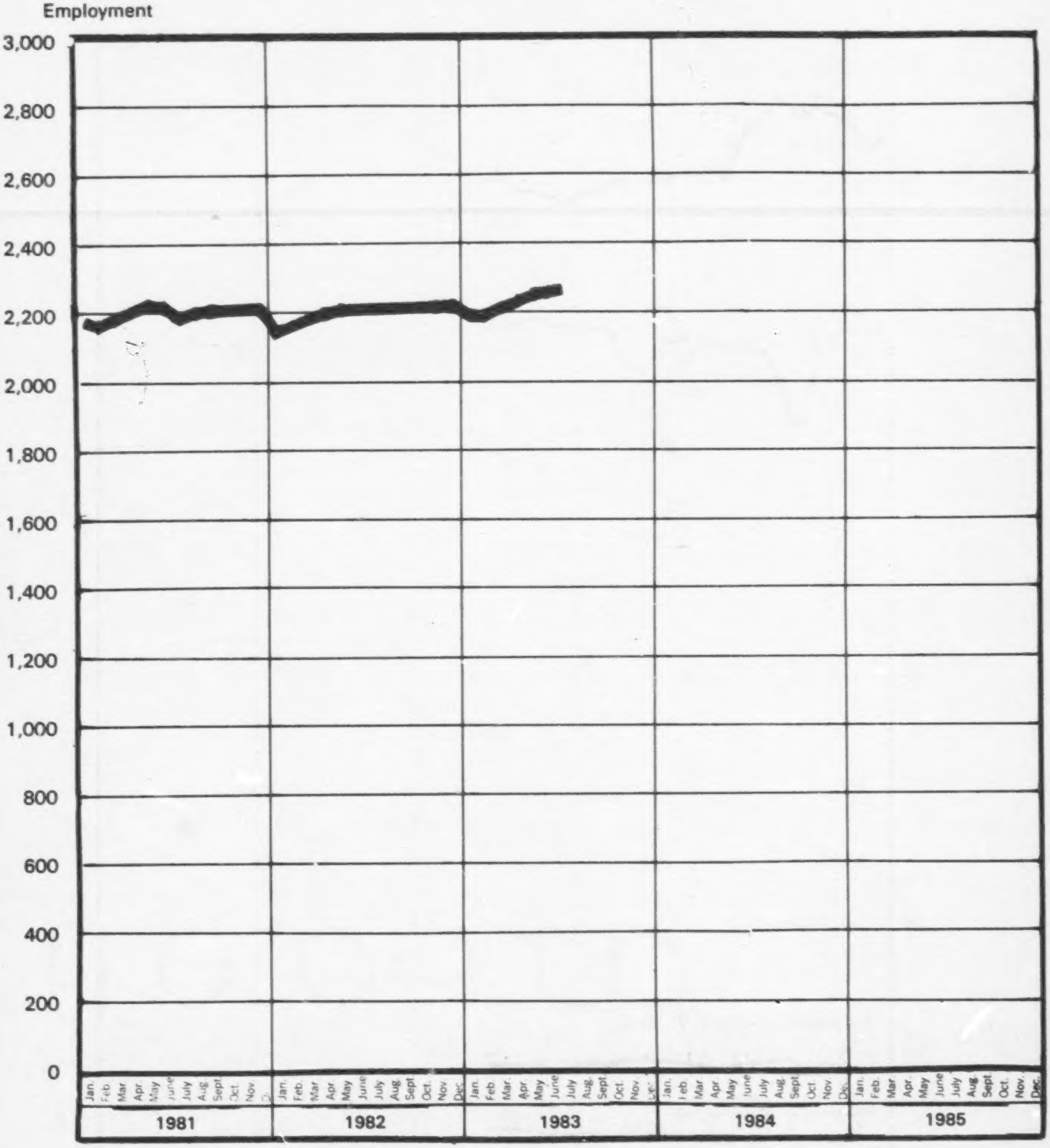
Coats and Clark to Close Clarkdale Mill

Officials of Scottish-owned Coats and Clark have announced the planned closing of their Clarkdale thread mill. Layoffs will begin October 1 and will continue until operations are phased out next summer. Some 325 people will lose their jobs. The company blames foreign competition and environmental regulations for the shutdown.

NOTE: Jefferson County was omitted from the list of labor surplus areas published in the June 1983 issue of the Georgia Labor Market Trends. *Additionally, Hart and Elbert Counties have been added since that time.*

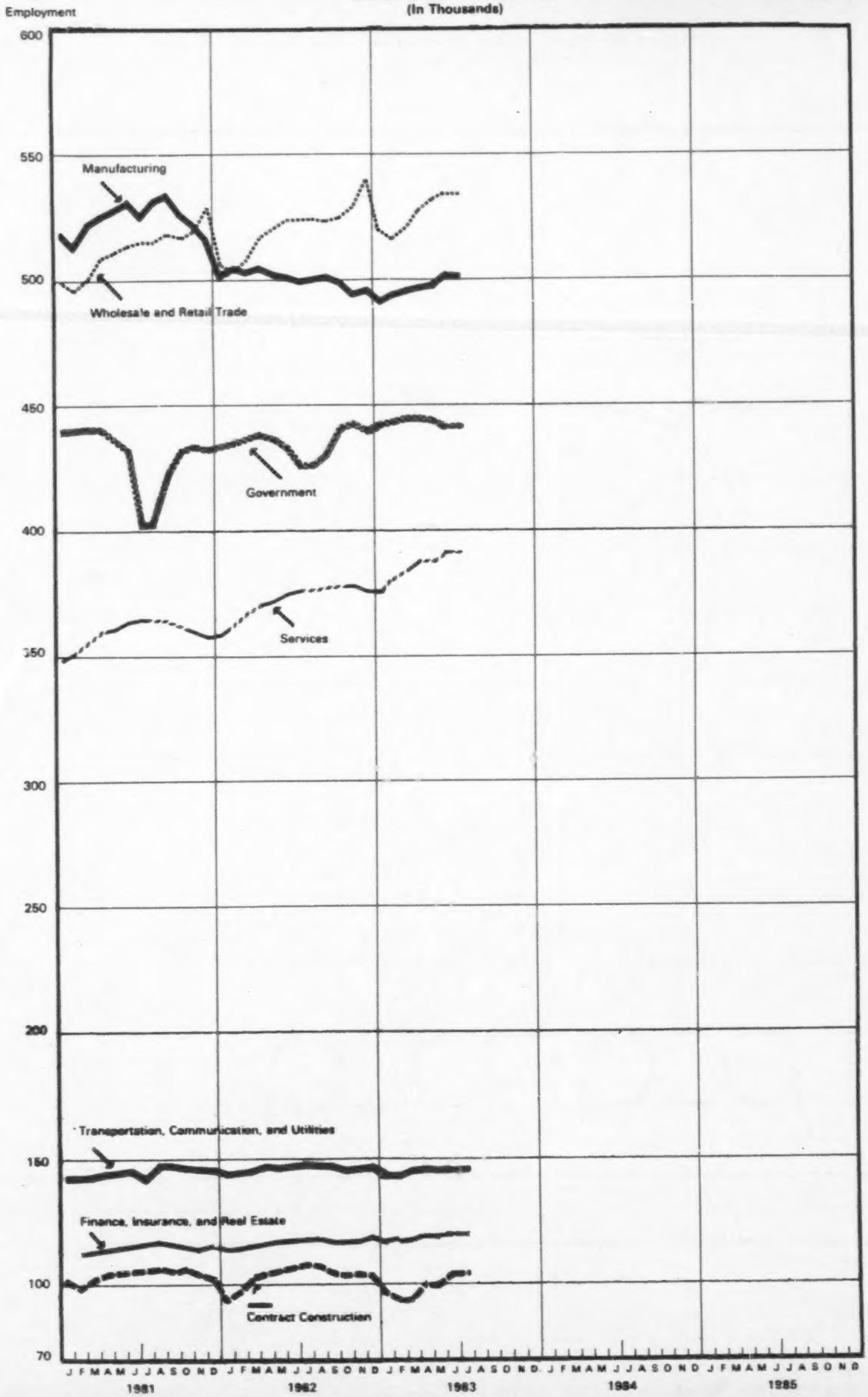
NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,236.2	2,254.0	2,206.1	-17.8	30.1
Manufacturing	300005	501.5	503.4	499.5	-1.9	2.0
Durable Goods	300025	176.6	177.4	176.3	-.8	.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	29.6	29.3	28.0	.3	1.6
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.5	14.4	13.7	.1	.8
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.4	9.3	9.4	.1	.0
Household Furniture	325105	5.8	5.8	5.6	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.3	16.3	16.3	.0	.0
Primary Metal Industries	333005	15.2	15.1	15.8	.1	-.6
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.2	17.1	17.2	.1	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.7	19.7	20.0	.0	-.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	22.3	22.3	23.1	.0	-.8
Transportation Equipment	337005	35.1	36.6	35.3	-1.5	-.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	11.8	11.8	11.2	.0	.6
Nondurable Goods	400015	325.0	325.9	323.2	-.9	1.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	58.4	58.3	59.4	.1	-1.0
Meat Products	420105	20.9	20.8	21.0	.1	-.1
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.4	15.4	15.4	.0	.0
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
Bakery Products	420505	8.5	8.5	9.0	.0	-.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	105.5	105.6	102.2	-.1	3.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.2	23.4	23.9	-.2	-.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.9	3.9	3.5	.0	.4
Knitting Mills	422505	9.5	9.7	9.2	-.2	.3
Floor Covering Mills	422705	29.3	29.1	27.0	.2	2.3
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.0	20.8	20.7	.2	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	68.7	69.6	69.5	-.9	-.8
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	38.3	39.2	38.5	-.9	-.2
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.5	21.6	22.0	-.1	-.5
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.0	27.1	27.8	-.1	-.8
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.6	12.7	13.1	-.1	-.5
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.8	6.8	6.7	.0	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.6	26.6	25.7	.0	.9
Commercial Printing	427505	9.8	9.9	9.8	-.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	16.8	16.9	16.9	-.1	-.1
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.0	2.1	2.2	-.1	-.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.3	.0	-.4
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	20.0	19.8	19.4	.2	.6
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,734.7	1,750.6	1,706.6	15.9	28.1
Mining	100005	7.4	7.2	7.4	.2	.0
Contract Construction	200005	107.1	105.6	107.2	1.5	-.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	147.4	146.4	147.4	1.0	.0
Transportation	500015	85.9	85.3	86.0	.6	-.1
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.7	38.6	38.9	.1	-.2
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.8	22.5	22.6	.3	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	537.1	536.5	524.1	.6	13.0
Wholesale Trade	650005	169.0	169.0	165.2	.0	3.8
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	102.5	101.4	100.5	1.1	2.0
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	66.5	67.6	64.7	-1.1	1.8
Retail Trade	652005	368.1	367.5	358.9	.6	9.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	120.8	120.1	117.7	.7	3.1
Finance	760025	53.9	53.2	51.2	.7	2.7
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.3	42.5	42.2	-.2	.1
Real Estate	765075	24.6	24.4	24.2	.2	.4
Services	800005	394.5	393.6	376.6	.9	17.9
Government	998008	420.4	441.2	426.1	-20.8	-5.7
Federal	998011	85.7	85.6	85.6	.1	.1
State and Local	998509	334.8	355.6	340.5	-20.8	-5.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	371.0	374.0	372.9	-3.0	-1.9
Durable Goods	300025	126.6	128.0	128.0	-1.4	-1.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	244.4	246.0	244.9	-1.6	-.5
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	39.2	39.3	40.6	-.1	-1.4
Textile Mill Products	422005	86.4	86.8	84.4	-.4	2.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.4	20.6	21.5	-.2	-1.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.3	3.4	3.0	-.1	.3
Knitting Mills	422505	7.7	7.8	7.5	-.1	.2
Floor Covering Mills	422705	23.6	23.5	22.2	.1	1.4
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	17.3	17.1	17.1	.2	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	58.8	59.8	59.2	-1.0	-.4
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	33.4	34.3	33.0	-.9	.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.0	18.1	18.9	-.1	-.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	23.0	23.0	22.1	.0	.9
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.8	7.7	8.1	.1	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.1	20.3	21.3	-.2	-1.2
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.2	9.3	10.0	-.1	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.1	10.2	9.9	-.1	.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	2.0	.0	-.6
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	12.0	11.9	12.2	.1	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	10.3	10.2	11.1	.1	-.8
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.2	13.1	13.3	.1	-.1
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.5	13.5	13.4	.0	.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	14.8	14.9	15.7	-.1	-.9
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.3	23.9	23.2	-1.6	-.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$285.36	$294.94	$262.00	41.0	41.6	38.7	$ 6.96	$ 7.09	$ 6.77
Durable Goods	300025	322.14	346.15	300.96	42.0	43.0	39.6	7.67	8.05	7.60
Nondurable Goods	400015	266.09	268.71	242.06	40.5	40.9	38.3	6.57	6.57	6.32
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$265.46	$262.76	$242.26	40.1	40.3	39.2	$ 6.62	$ 6.52	$ 6.18
Textile Mill Products	422005	253.37	255.55	219.82	41.4	42.1	37.9	6.12	6.07	5.80
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	256.04	246.44	218.66	41.7	40.4	37.7	6.14	6.10	5.80
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	291.21	290.78	262.71	43.4	43.4	41.7	6.71	6.70	6.30
Knitting Mills	422505	167.14	221.54	195.66	31.3	40.5	37.7	5.34	5.47	5.19
Floor Covering Mills	422705	269.41	278.03	224.17	42.9	44.7	37.3	6.28	6.22	6.01
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	262.26	252.74	215.55	42.3	41.5	37.1	6.20	6.09	5.81
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	174.10	176.63	163.25	37.2	37.5	35.8	4.68	4.71	4.56
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	175.03	175.38	164.83	37.4	37.0	35.6	4.68	4.74	4.63
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	169.37	173.50	159.40	36.9	37.8	35.9	4.59	4.59	4.44
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	233.86	236.55	220.44	40.6	41.5	40.3	5.76	5.70	5.47
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	216.06	228.00	190.98	42.2	44.1	37.3	5.12	5.17	5.12
Paper and Allied Products	426005	470.25	492.10	434.28	45.0	46.6	42.0	10.45	10.56	10.34
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	531.45	572.64	507.24	45.0	47.8	42.2	11.81	11.98	12.02
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	403.92	383.46	353.60	44.0	42.0	41.6	9.18	9.13	8.50
Leather and Leather Products	431005	160.20	160.65	153.58	36.0	36.1	35.8	4.45	4.45	4.29
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	321.72	334.61	306.53	42.0	43.4	41.2	7.66	7.71	7.44
Primary Metal Industries	333005	364.05	372.19	323.80	39.7	40.9	36.3	9.17	9.10	8.92
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	302.32	324.19	283.27	41.3	42.6	40.7	7.32	7.61	6.96
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	323.02	328.19	287.28	43.3	42.9	39.9	7.46	7.65	7.20
Transportation Equipment	337005	470.59	562.15	459.95	45.6	47.2	41.4	10.32	11.91	11.11

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT DOWN 3,200 FOR JULY

The Atlanta area nonfarm employment, estimated at 1,027,800 for July, declined 3,200 from June. Most of the drop in total employment was attributed to government because of the summer furlough of nonteaching personnel in state and local education. Other major industry divisions recording losses were manufacturing and services.

For the current month, the loss of 700 in manufacturing occurred in the transportation equipment industry in the durable goods sector. This was due to the temporary shutdown of one automobile assembly plant for retooling in connection with model changeover.

The over-the-year decline of 3,000 in manufacturing was primarily confined to durable goods where employment in transportation equipment has been running below last year's level each month for most of the year. In the rest of the durable goods industries, gains for the year in stone, clay, and glass products partially offset losses in the primary metal industries and fabricated metal products. No significant changes occurred among the nondurable goods producing industries from the same month last year.

Nonmanufacturing employment fell only 2,700 during the month. Despite the substantial drop in government, offsetting advancements were made by contract construction; trade; and finance, insurance, and real estate. All segments of construction recorded increases with more than one-half provided by the special trades group. Wholesale trade produced 80 percent of the gain in trade while the retail segment reported only slight fluctuations.

Nonmanufacturing remained 19,800 above last year's employment level. Contract construction and transportation and public utilities were the only major industries registering declines.

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,027.8	1,031.0	1,011.0	-3.2	16.8
Manufacturing	300005	139.1	139.8	142.1	-.7	-3.0
Durable Goods	300025	69.4	70.1	72.3	-.7	-2.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.6	2.7	2.5	-.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.2	3.3	3.4	-.1	-.2
Household Furniture	325105	1.7	1.8	1.6	-.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.2	6.9	6.5	.3	.7
Primary Metal Industries	333005	4.6	4.5	5.1	.1	-.5
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.5	6.4	7.1	.1	-.6
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.4	7.4	7.6	.0	-.2
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.5	11.3	11.8	.2	-.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	21.5	22.8	23.6	-1.3	-2.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	4.9	4.9	4.7	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	69.7	69.7	69.9	.0	-.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.8	18.8	18.4	.0	.4
Meat Products	420105	4.4	4.5	4.6	-.1	-.2
Bakery Products	420505	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.3	4.3	4.7	.0	-.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	-.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.3	8.4	8.4	-.1	-.1
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.4	3.4	3.5	.0	-.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.8	2.8	3.1	.0	-.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.6	7.7	7.5	-.1	.1
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.8	3.9	3.7	-.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.8	16.8	16.9	.0	-.1
Commercial Printing	427505	7.4	7.5	7.4	-.1	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.5	7.5	7.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.4	6.2	6.4	.2	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	888.6	891.3	868.8	-2.7	19.8
Contract Construction	200005	46.8	44.4	47.1	2.4	-.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	92.9	92.8	93.3	.1	-.4
Transportation	500015	58.3	58.2	58.3	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	290.7	289.2	281.9	1.5	8.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	106.1	104.9	107.4	1.2	-1.3
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	71.4	70.5	72.0	.9	-.6
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	34.7	34.4	35.4	.3	-.7
Retail Trade	652005	184.6	184.3	174.5	.3	10.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	72.3	71.7	71.0	.6	1.3
Finance	760025	28.9	28.6	27.4	.3	1.5
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	25.9	26.1	26.5	-.2	-.6
Services	800055	225.4	225.8	218.0	-.4	7.4
Government	998008	160.5	167.4	157.5	-6.9	3.0
Federal	998011	32.9	33.0	33.4	-.1	-.5
State and Local	998509	127.6	134.4	124.2	-6.8	3.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	93.9	94.7	96.5	-.8	-2.6
Durable Goods	300025	48.0	48.8	50.3	-.8	-2.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	45.9	45.9	46.2	.0	-.3
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.5	11.6	11.4	-.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.3	3.8	.0	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	6.8	7.0	-.1	-.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.1	3.1	3.0	.0	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.2	2.2	2.5	.0	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.0	2.1	1.9	-.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.8	2.9	2.9	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.8	5.8	5.6	.0	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.0	3.9	3.9	.1	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.5	5.3	4.9	.2	.6
Primary Metal Industries	333005	2.8	2.7	3.3	.1	-.5
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.5	4.4	4.9	.1	-.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.5	5.4	5.4	.1	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	13.3	14.5	15.0	-1.2	-1.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$343.88	$354.32	$314.98	40.6	41.2	38.6	$ 8.47	$ 8.60	$ 8.16
Durable Goods	300025	380.95	401.44	349.06	40.7	41.6	38.4	9.36	9.65	9.09
Nondurable Goods	400015	305.72	305.11	277.81	40.6	40.9	38.8	7.53	7.46	7.16
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$310.75	$302.74	$270.96	41.6	41.7	39.1	$ 7.47	$ 7.26	$ 6.93
Textile Mill Products	422005	232.83	235.71	187.21	39.8	40.5	34.1	5.85	5.82	5.49
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	183.15	178.85	155.38	37.0	36.5	33.2	4.95	4.90	4.68
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	174.36	169.88	146.58	36.4	35.1	32.5	4.79	4.84	4.51
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	201.88	176.18	163.31	39.2	36.4	34.6	5.15	4.84	4.72
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	232.80	225.03	229.48	40.0	39.0	41.2	5.82	5.77	5.57
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	242.88	239.25	203.50	44.0	43.5	36.6	5.52	5.50	5.56
Paper and Allied Products	426005	401.34	421.76	382.95	44.2	46.5	45.0	9.08	9.07	8.51
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	379.57	409.47	360.40	42.6	45.7	42.6	8.91	8.96	8.46
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	386.76	347.32	347.36	44.0	41.2	41.8	8.79	8.43	8.31
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	342.34	333.70	315.46	42.9	41.3	40.6	7.98	8.08	7.77
Primary Metal Industries	333005	491.10	481.55	458.71	41.2	40.5	41.4	11.92	11.89	11.08
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	352.72	369.08	324.14	39.9	41.1	38.0	8.84	8.98	8.53
Transportation Equipment	337005	544.38	600.20	489.94	40.9	44.1	38.7	13.31	13.61	12.66

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA was estimated to be 43,400 in July. This represents a gain of 100 over the previous month and 600 for the year. Gains were made during the month in manufacturing; construction; retail trade; and transportation, communications, and utilities. Over the year, increments were reported in manufacturing; construction; trade; and finance, insurance, and real estate.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, gained 100 over the month and 300 for the year. During the month, the increase was in the nondurable goods segment which includes food, paper products, and rubber products. Small declines were recorded in durable goods. Over the year, most of the increment was also in nondurable goods. The largest gains were in the food and "other nondurable goods" segments. Within the durable goods division, metals and machinery gained 100 while "other durable goods," which includes lumber and wood products, aircraft, and concrete products, was down 400 for the year.

The nonmanufacturing division, at 31,900, was unchanged during the month and up 200 for the year. Within the division, contract construction, at 1,800, gained 100 for both the month and year. The construction industry has been making some progress toward recovery in recent months due to declining interest rates and a resultant increase in residential building. Interest rates appear to have begun to rise again recently and will have a negative effect on the industry if they reach past high levels.

Trade, at 9,400, gained 100 over the month and 300 for the year. This industry, especially the retail portion, continues to be a strong positive force in the local economy. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,300, was up 100 for the month and 200 over the year. Transportation, communications, and utilities, also at 2,300, was up 100 over the month and unchanged from July of last year. Services, at 5,800, declined 200 over the month and year. Although most of the decline was in health services, no permanent decline is expected in that industry. Government, at 10,300, declined 100 during the month and year. All segments experienced some declines, although most were in the federal and state sectors.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.4	43.3	42.8	.1	.6
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.4	11.2	.1	.3
Durable Goods	300025	2.0	2.1	2.4	-.1	-.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	1.2	.0	-.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.4	9.3	8.8	.1	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	2.9	.0	.3
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.0	3.6	.1	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	31.9	31.9	31.7	.0	.2
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.7	1.7	.1	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.3	2.2	2.3	.1	.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.3	9.1	.1	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	6.7	6.6	6.5	.1	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.3	2.2	2.1	.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	5.8	6.0	6.0	-.2	-.2
Government	998008	10.3	10.4	10.4	-.1	-.1
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.7	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	7.7	7.8	7.8	-.1	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	54.1	54.0	52.1	.1	2.0
Manufacturing	300005	14.0	14.1	14.2	-.1	-.2
Durable Goods	300025	4.5	4.5	4.7	.0	-.2
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.2	2.3	2.6	-.1	-.4
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.6	9.5	.0	.1
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.3	3.2	3.1	.1	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	40.0	39.9	37.9	.1	2.1
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.7	1.7	.2	.2
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.6	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.5	10.6	10.0	-.1	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	1.9	2.0	2.0	-.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	8.6	8.6	8.0	.0	.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.6	1.6	1.7	.0	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.1	7.0	6.9	.1	.2
Government	998008	17.4	17.4	16.1	.0	1.3
Federal	998011	2.0	1.9	2.0	.1	.0
State and Local	998509	15.4	15.5	14.0	-.1	1.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 122,000 in July 1983, representing a decrease of 700 from June and 800 from the year ago estimate. The monthly decline was mostly seasonal, the result of layoffs of nonteaching personnel. The completion of construction projects in Richmond County also attributed. The annual decrement was attributable mostly to the completion of construction projects.

Manufacturing employment, estimated at 33,500, remained unchanged over' the month, but dropped 100 over the year primarily because of less activity in textiles. Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month, but posted an increase of 100 over the year because of the resurgence of housing construction. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 2,800, was unchanged over the month, but climbed 100 over the year with more activity in glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery, at 2,900, rose 100 over the month and 700 over the year resulting from increased business in nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,300, was unchanged from June, but climbed 100 over the year with scattered gains.

Food and kindred products, at 2,700, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Textile mill products, at 6,900, dropped 100 over the month because of less activity in broad woven fabrics. This division dropped 1,600 over the year partly because of modernization. Apparel, at 1,800, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 200 over the year mainly because of international competition. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, was essentially unchanged over the month, but climbed 300 over the year. The annual increment was concentrated in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods" remained unchanged at 12,100, but registered an annual increase of 400 concentrated in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 5,100, dropped 300 over the month and 800 over the year because of the completion of projects. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,200, remained unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered declines. Trade, at 24,600, was unchanged over the month but was up 400 over the year with the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged over the month, but dropped 100 over the year with scattered decrements. Services and mining, at 19,900, was unchanged over the month, but was 700 over the year as more firms opened.

Government, at 30,100, dropped 400 over the month because of layoff of nonteaching personnel in the public school system. This division dropped 800 over the year because of less activity in the state and local subdivision.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington. (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	122.0	122.7	122.8	-.7	-.8
Manufacturing	300005	33.5	33.5	33.6	.0	-.1
Durable Goods	300025	8.6	8.6	7.7	.0	.9
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	2.8	2.8	2.7	.0	.1
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.9	2.8	2.2	.1	.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	24.9	25.0	25.9	-.1	-1.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.9	7.0	8.5	-.1	-1.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.8	1.8	2.0	.0	-.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	.9	.0	.3
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.1	12.1	11.7	.0	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	88.5	89.2	89.2	-.7	-.7
Contract Construction	200005	5.1	5.4	5.9	-.3	-.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.6	24.6	24.2	.0	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.4	20.4	19.9	.0	.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	19.9	19.9	19.2	.0	.7
Government	998008	30.1	30.5	30.9	-.4	-.8
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.3	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	22.7	23.2	23.7	-.5	-1.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 80,800, represented an increase of 500 from the June estimate of 80,300. The gain was shared by nonmanufacturing and manufacturing establishments. The level of employment was the same as twelve months ago.

Manufacturing employment in July totalled 20,400, a net increase of 300 from the June estimate. Gains were noted in "other durable goods" and textile mills products. All other groups remained unchanged. Over the year, manufacturing employment rose by 600 workers. Primary metals; fabricated metals; machinery; "other durable goods"; textile mill products; and printing and publishing contributed to the increase. Food and kindred products declined 100 during the year.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 60,400, registered a gain of 200 from last month; it was 600 less than one year ago. Contract construction employment remained steady from June and was 100 more than last year's estimate. Transportation, communication, and public utilities maintained the same level as in June and declined by 200 workers from a year earlier. Trade employment, at 16,800, dropped 200 from one month ago due to less business in retail establishments and increased 100 from last year's figure. Finance, insurance, and real estate employment increased 100 from last month and from one year ago. Services and miscellaneous employment, with 11,000 workers, lost 100 workers from June and 500 from a year earlier. Government employment gained 400 from June and was 200 fewer than the estimate one year ago. The monthly increase was attributed to the hiring of summer youth and other seasonal temporary workers. Federal government employment declined 200 from last year's estimate.

NOTE *Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423.*

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	80.8	80.3	80.8	.5	.0
Manufacturing	300005	20.4	20.1	19.8	.3	.6
Durable Goods	300025	4.7	4.6	4.4	.1	.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.4	.3	.3	.1	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.7	15.5	15.3	.2	.4
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.9	4.0	.0	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.5	8.4	8.2	.1	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	60.4	60.2	61.0	.2	-.6
Contract Construction	200005	3.7	3.7	3.6	.0	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.8	17.0	16.7	-.2	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	14.2	14.4	14.1	-.2	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.5	5.4	5.4	.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.0	11.1	11.5	-.1	-.5
Government	998008	20.3	19.9	20.5	.4	-.2
Federal	998011	6.5	6.4	6.7	.1	-.2
State and Local	998509	13.8	13.5	13.8	.3	.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 98,800 in July. The current estimate was down 600 from June and unchanged from July 1982. During the month, manufacturing added 100 with durable goods remaining unchanged and nondurable goods increasing 100. Nonmanufacturing dropped 700 with gains in trade and finance, insurance, and real estate partially offsetting a decline in government. Annually, manufacturing was unchanged with durable goods and nondurable goods remaining stable. Nonmanufacturing was unchanged with losses in construction and transportation and public utilities offsetting gains in trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and government.

Manufacturing increased 100 from last month with all segments of durable goods unchanged. Nondurable goods rose 100 with a small loss in food, because of less employment at a canning plant being more than offset by an increase in apparel. Recall of some laid-off workers at a manufacturer of men's, youths', and boys' furnishings accounted for the increase in apparel employment. Annually, durable goods was unchanged with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods remained steady with increases in textiles and "other nondurable goods" offsetting declines in food and apparel.

Nonmanufacturing fell 700 during the month. Trade and finance, insurance, and real estate advanced with gains in retail trade and banking institutions. Government declined 1,000 with all of the decrease in the state and local segment. Release of nonprofessional workers in public schools for the summer accounted for most of the loss. Annually, construction registered a loss of 800 with most of the decrease in special trade construction.

Transportation and public utilities dropped 200 with trade adding 400. Finance, insurance, and real estate and services recorded increases and government rose 400 with a small decline in the federal segment and a gain in the state and local segment. Most of the increase was due to a federally-funded summer youth program.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	98.8	99.4	98.8	-.6	.0
Manufacturing	300005	16.2	16.1	16.2	.1	.0
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.3	5.3	.0	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	10.9	10.8	10.9	.1	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.4	2.5	2.5	-.1	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.8	1.5	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.5	1.4	2.0	.1	-.5
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	82.6	83.3	82.6	-.7	.0
Contract Construction	200005	3.5	3.5	4.3	.0	-.8
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.5	4.5	4.7	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.4	21.2	21.0	.2	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	17.0	16.9	.1	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.2	6.1	6.0	.1	.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.8	17.8	17.7	.0	.1
Government	998008	29.2	30.2	28.8	-1.0	.4
Federal	948011	16.5	16.5	16.6	.0	-.1
State and Local	998509	12.7	13.7	12.2	-1.0	.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA declined approximately 800 over the month. Both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing were down during the period, with manufacturing declining approximately 100 and nonmanufacturing declining 700.

Overall, manufacturing employment dropped approximately 100. Durable goods as a whole remained stable, but lumber and wood products declined 100, and transportation equipment declined 200. The loss experienced in these sectors was made up by increases in the miscellaneous durable goods sector. Nondurable goods experienced a loss of an estimated 100 in employment, primarily in the paper industry.

Nonmanufacturing employment was down 700 over the month. Contract construction dropped 200 over the month with the majority of the loss occurring in the special trades sector. Transportation and public utilities rose 300 as a result of increases in marine cargo handling. The only other significant loss occurred in the state and local government sector. State education increased approximately 200, and local education decreased approximately 1,100. The loss in local education was seasonal and will return to normal around September.

NOTE: *Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart (912) 944-2131.*

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	87.2	88.0	87.3	-.8	-.1
Manufacturing	300005	15.8	15.9	16.7	-.1	-.9
Durable Goods	300025	7.3	7.3	7.4	.0	-.1
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.1	1.2	1.2	-.1	-.1
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.1	4.3	4.1	-.2	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.0	1.9	2.1	.1	-.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.5	8.6	9.3	-.1	-.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.5	3.6	4.4	-.1	-.9
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.7	.8	.1	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	71.4	72.1	70.6	-.7	.8
Contract Construction	200005	4.8	5.0	5.8	-.2	-1.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.1	8.8	8.1	.3	1.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.3	21.2	21.1	.1	.2
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.3	4.2	-.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	17.1	16.9	16.9	.2	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.1	4.2	.1	.0
Services and Mining	800055	16.6	16.8	16.3	-.2	.3
Government	998008	15.3	16.2	15.2	-.9	.1
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	12.6	13.5	12.4	-.9	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JUL. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	10.1	10.2	11.0	-.1	-.9
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	4.9	5.2	.0	-.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.2	5.3	5.9	-.1	-.7
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	1.0	1.0	-.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.1	2.2	2.8	-.1	-.7
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	2.8	3.0	3.0	-.2	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH JUL, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL, 82	CURRENT MONTH JUL, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL, 82	CURRENT MONTH JUL, 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUN, 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JUL, 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$423.15	$416.76	$357.70	46.5	45.3	41.4	$ 9.10	$ 9.20	$ 8.64
Durable Goods	300025	439.99	390.89	338.21	50.4	45.4	41.6	8.73	8.61	8.13
Nondurable Goods	400015	407.03	439.73	374.51	42.8	45.1	41.2	9.51	9.75	9.09
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$283.75	$290.32	$255.82	45.4	46.6	41.8	$ 6.25	$ 6.23	$ 6.12
Paper and Allied Products	426005	478.50	553.78	444.88	43.5	49.8	41.5	11.00	11.12	10.72
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	358.94	366.13	335.26	41.4	41.0	42.6	8.67	8.93	7.87
Transportation Equipment	337005	518.70	428.16	397.36	54.6	45.5	44.2	9.50	9.41	8.99

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY JUL. 1983	REVISED JUN. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUN. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUL. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	111,875,000	111,932,000	110,416,000	-57,000	1,459,000
Employed	101,285,000	100,786,000	99,588,000	499,000	1,697,000
Unemployed	10,590,000	11,146,000	10,828,000	-556,000	-238,000
Rate	9.5	10.0	9.8	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	113,980,000	113,383,000	112,526,000	597,000	1,454,000
Employed	103,273,000	101,813,000	101,490,000	1,460,000	1,783,000
Unemployed	10,707,000	11,570,000	11,036,000	-863,000	-329,000
Rate	9.4	10.2	9.8	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,697,924	2,712,154	2,682,278	-14,230	15,646
Employed	2,501,953	2,517,960	2,470,397	-16,007	31,556
Unemployed	195,971	194,194	211,881	1,777	-15,910
Rate	7.3	7.2	7.9	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	53,078	53,018	53,497	60	-419
Employed	48,061	47,823	47,456	238	605
Unemployed	5,017	5,195	6,041	-178	-1,024
Rate	9.5	9.8	11.3	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,257	66,837	65,049	420	2,208
Employed	63,087	62,822	60,928	265	2,159
Unemployed	4,170	4,015	4,121	155	49
Rate	6.2	6.0	6.3	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,115,584	1,120,932	1,104,041	-5,348	11,543
Employed	1,049,144	1,051,075	1,035,009	-1,931	14,135
Unemployed	66,440	69,857	69,032	-3,417	-2,592
Rate	6.0	6.2	6.3	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,533	136,275	136,887	-1,742	-2,354
Employed	122,205	124,139	124,774	-1,934	-2,569
Unemployed	12,328	12,136	12,113	192	215
Rate	9.2	8.9	8.8	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,929	88,455	90,032	474	-1,103
Employed	81,890	81,242	81,493	648	397
Unemployed	7,039	7,213	8,539	-174	-1,500
Rate	7.9	8.2	9.5	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	109,131	109,462	108,528	-331	603
Employed	100,643	101,043	100,924	-400	-281
Unemployed	8,488	8,419	7,604	69	884
Rate	7.8	7.7	7.0	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,085	98,140	97,353	-55	732
Employed	89,452	90,074	89,743	-622	-291
Unemployed	8,633	8,066	7,610	567	1,023
Rate	8.8	8.2	7.8	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUL. 1983	REVISED JUN. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUN. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUL. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,533	136,275	136,887	-1,742	-2,354
Employed	122,205	124,139	124,774	-1,934	-2,569
Unemployed	12,328	12,136	12,113	192	215
Rate	9.2	8.9	8.8	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,761	91,145	91,636	-384	-875
Employed	83,540	84,317	84,791	-777	-1,251
Unemployed	7,221	6,828	6,845	393	376
Rate	8.0	7.5	7.5	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	43,772	45,130	45,251	-1,358	-1,479
Employed	38,665	39,822	39,983	-1,157	-1,318
Unemployed	5,107	5,308	5,268	-201	-161
Rate	11.7	11.8	11.6	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUL. 1983	REVISED JUN. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUN. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUL. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,929	88,455	90,032	474	-1,103
Employed	81,890	81,242	81,493	648	397
Unemployed	7,039	7,213	8,539	-174	-1,500
Rate	7.9	8.2	9.5	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	71,021	70,719	71,633	302	-612
Employed	66,072	65,591	66,175	481	-103
Unemployed	4,949	5,128	5,458	-179	-509
Rate	7.0	7.3	7.6	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,908	17,736	18,399	172	-491
Employed	15,818	15,651	15,318	167	500
Unemployed	2,090	2,085	3,081	5	-991
Rate	11.7	11.8	16.7	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JUL. 1983	REVISED JUN. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1982	REVISED JUN. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,697,924	2,712,154	2,682,278	-14,230	15,646
Employed	2,501,953	2,517,960	2,470,397	-16,007	31,556
Unemployed	195,971	194,194	211,881	1,777	-15,910
Rate	7.3	7.2	7.9	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,650,954	1,657,337	1,640,461	-6,383	10,493
Employed	1,542,777	1,546,376	1,528,919	-3,599	13,858
Unemployed	108,177	110,961	111,542	-2,784	-3,365
Rate	6.6	6.7	6.8	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,046,970	1,054,817	1,041,817	-7,847	5,153
Employed	959,176	971,584	941,478	-12,408	17,698
Unemployed	87,794	83,233	100,339	4,561	-12,545
Rate	8.4	7.9	10.4	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $268.20
Quantity 1,300

10/21/83 S1:65-1 A

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR SEPTEMBER 1983 *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(August Data)

INCREASE IN GEORGIA'S NONFARM INCOME ABOVE AVERAGE

From the first quarter of 1980 through the third quarter of 1982, Georgia's nonfarm personal income rose 25.5 percent. The national average increase was 24.8 percent. The increase in the 12-state Southeastern region was 26.4 percent, third highest among the eight regions designated by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Among the Southeastern states, Florida, Louisiana, Virginia, and Georgia recorded increases in nonfarm personal income above the national average. Gains in the remaining states in the region (South Carolina, Mississippi, Tennessee, North Carolina, Arkansas, Kentucky, Alabama, and West Virginia) were below average. Florida's 34.5 percent increase was second only to Alaska's 42.2 percent gain. At the other end of the scale of Southeastern states was West Virginia, whose 19.0 percent increase ranked that state 47th ahead of only Indiana, Michigan, and Oregon. Georgia's 25.5 percent gain placed the state 22nd.

Georgia's greatest strength was in government and the component the Bureau of Economic Analysis calls "private service-type" industries (an aggregation of the payrolls of the wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; transportation, communication, and utilities; and services divisions). This is not surprising because trade and services are the fastest-growing industries in the state, and despite some slowing in the rate of increase, government employment continues upward.

Georgia's manufacturing payrolls grew at a rate of only 13.8 percent, the lowest percentage increase of any of the major components. This state's rate of increase, however, was above that of the other states in the region, except Florida and Virginia, and well above the average for the Southeast. This reflects, to a large extent, the diversity of Georgia's manufacturing industries. Even though textiles and apparel, which comprise more than a third of all manufacturing in Georgia, have fluctuated considerably during the period of reference, the remaining industries have been strong enough to support a respectable increase in income from that sector.

While many of her sister states registered deep declines in construction activity, Georgia's building industry recorded a healthy 17.7 percent increase in its payroll. This was largely because of several major building projects, such as Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority and Hartsfield International Airport construction underway during the reference period. The average for the Southeast was 9.1 percent and for the nation only 4.3 percent.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

The Bureau of Economic Analysis defines personal income as

> . . . the income received by persons from all sources, that is, from participation in production, from transfer payments, from government and business, and from government interest, which is treated like a transfer payment. Personal income is the sum of private and government wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, farm and nonfarm proprietors' income, rental income of persons, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments, less personal contributions for social insurance. Personal income is measured before the deduction of personal income and other personal taxes and is reported in current dollars (no adjustment is made for price changes).

Nonfarm income is total personal income less farm labor and proprietors income. Because of frequent erratic changes in farm income, it is usually preferable not to include it when attempting to track economic trends.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Bull Moose to Open in Dade County

The Bull Moose Tube Company is constructing a facility in the Dade County Industrial Park in Rossville. The plant will employ about 50 people. Applications are being taken at the Rossville Job Service Center.

Plastics Plant in Laurens County

Quality Molded Products, Incorporated of Siler City, North Carolina, has announced plans to locate a plant in Dublin, Georgia. The company, which makes custom-injected molded plastics parts, will occupy a 24,000-square-foot building in East Dublin. About 25 people will be employed initially and 20 to 40 more added within six months. Employment may rise as high as 200 within five years.

Six Hundred Laid Off at Plant Vogtle

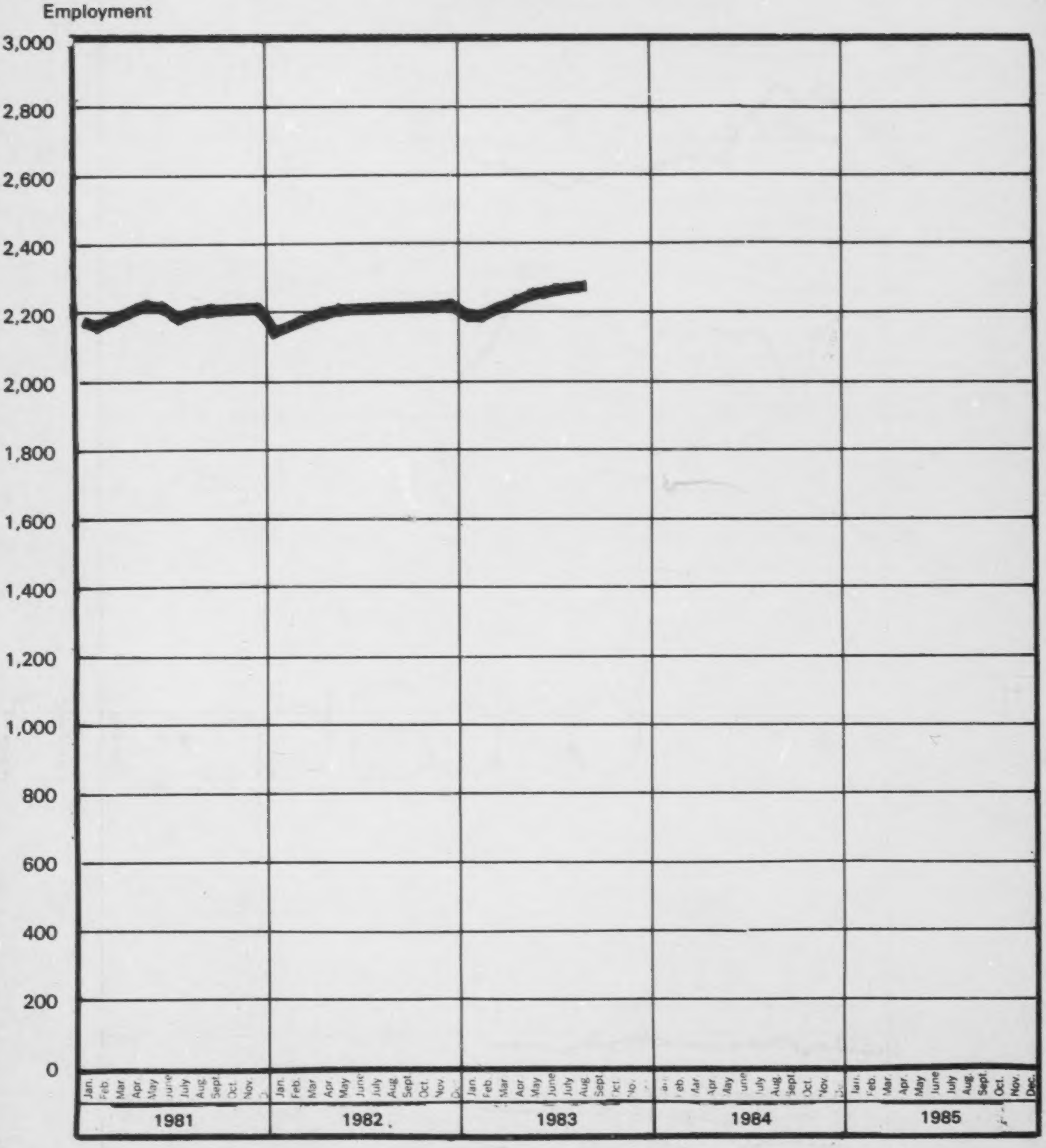
Six hundred construction workers were laid off at the Plant Vogtle nuclear power plant near Waynesboro recently. A company spokesman said the layoff marked the transition from structural to mechanical construction. The laid-off workers were employed by Pullman Power Products Corporation, and 50-100 of them will be hired by Walsh Construction Company, the company that will have responsibility for the next phase of construction.

Campbell Soup Company Opens Mushroom Plant

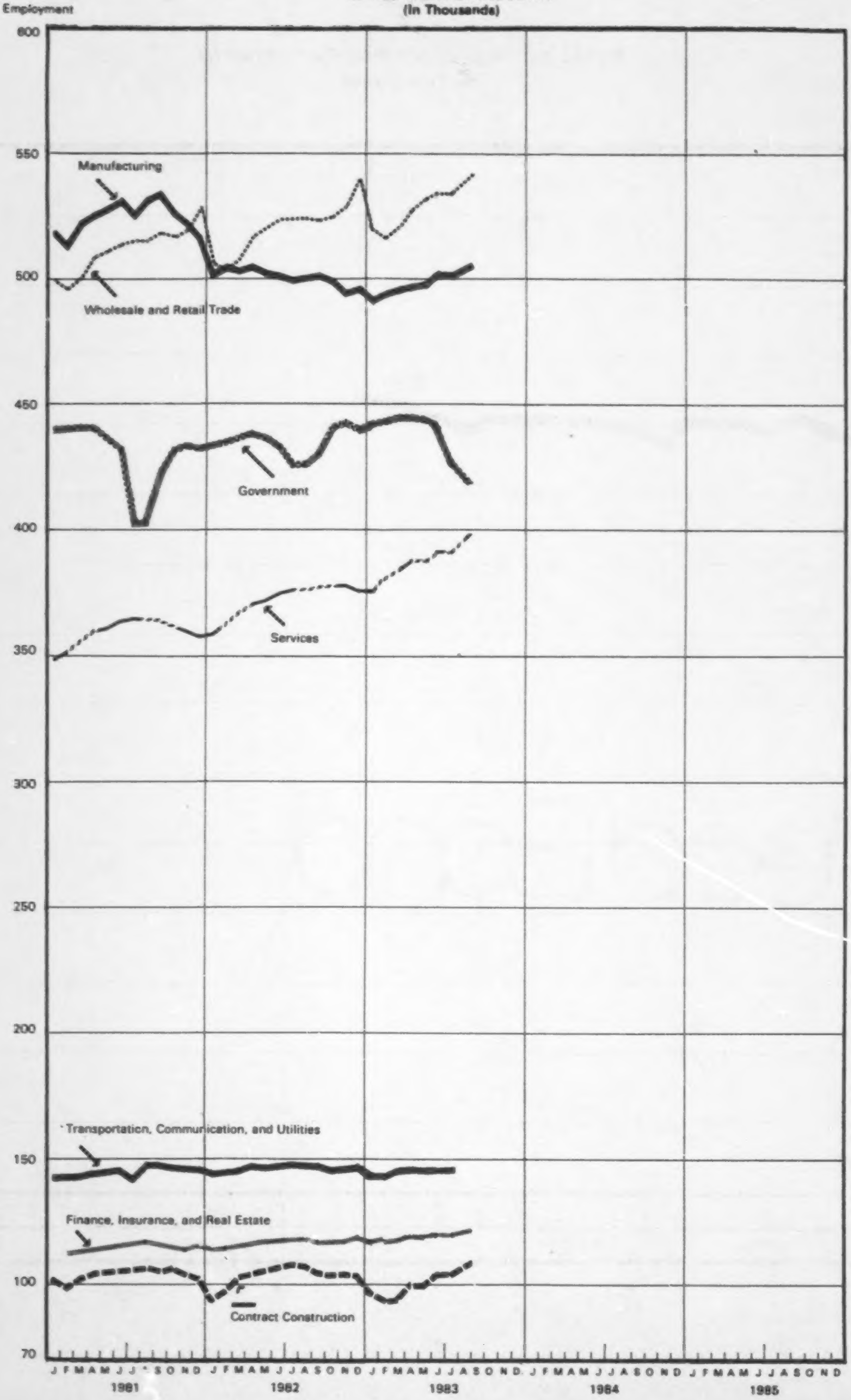
Campbell Soup Company is opening a $6 million mushroom farm in Dublin, Georgia. The first crop will be harvested in December and when fully operational will produce 6 million pounds of mushrooms annually. Most of them will be marketed as fresh produce. About 100 people will be employed in the sophisticated plant, the first of its kind in the United States.

NOTE: Georgia narrative written by Joyce Morris, Principal Statistical Analyst. (404) 656-3177.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In Thousands)



EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In Thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	2,246.9	2,236.7	2,206.5	10.2	40.4
Manufacturing	300005	505.2	501.0	500.9	4.2	4.3
Durable Goods	300025	175.4	176.3	176.0	-.9	-.6
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	29.5	29.6	28.2	-.1	1.3
Logging Camps, Sawmills, and Planing Mills	324195	14.6	14.6	13.9	.0	.7
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	9.3	9.3	9.6	.0	-.3
Household Furniture	325105	5.6	5.7	5.6	-.1	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	16.5	16.3	16.4	.2	.1
Primary Metal Industries	333005	12.8	15.1	16.0	-2.3	-3.2
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	17.4	17.2	17.2	.2	.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	19.7	19.5	20.2	.2	-.5
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	22.6	22.4	22.9	.2	-.3
Transportation Equipment	337005	35.7	35.3	34.2	.4	1.5
Other Durable Goods	399915	12.0	11.8	11.3	.2	.7
Nondurable Goods	400015	329.7	324.6	324.9	5.1	4.8
Food and Kindred Products	420005	59.4	58.4	59.7	1.0	-.3
Meat Products	420105	21.2	20.9	20.9	.3	.3
Poultry Dressing and Poultry Processing	420185	15.6	15.4	15.3	.2	.3
Dairy Products	420205	4.6	4.6	4.6	.0	.0
Bakery Products	420505	8.8	8.5	9.0	.3	-.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	107.7	105.2	104.0	2.5	3.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	23.5	23.1	24.1	.4	-.6
Weaving Mills, Synthetic	422205	3.9	3.9	3.9	.0	.0
Knitting Mills	422505	9.7	9.6	9.3	.1	.4
Floor Covering Mills	422705	30.2	29.3	27.4	.9	2.8
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	21.3	21.0	21.0	.3	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	69.9	68.7	69.2	1.2	.7
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	39.0	38.3	38.6	.7	.4
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	21.8	21.5	21.5	.3	.3
Paper and Allied Products	426005	27.2	27.0	27.5	.2	-.3
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	12.7	12.5	13.0	.2	-.3
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	6.9	6.8	6.7	.1	.2
Printing and Publishing	427005	26.6	26.5	25.7	.1	.9
Commercial Printing	427505	9.8	9.8	9.7	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	17.0	16.8	16.7	.2	.3
Agricultural Chemicals	428705	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	-.2
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.9	1.9	2.4	.0	-.5
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	20.2	20.0	19.8	.2	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,741.7	1,735.7	1,705.6	6.0	36.1
Mining	100005	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
Contract Construction	200005	109.1	107.8	106.8	1.3	2.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	148.1	147.6	146.9	.5	1.2
Transportation	500015	86.4	86.1	85.4	.3	1.0
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	38.9	38.7	38.9	.2	.0
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Service	549005	22.8	22.8	22.6	.0	.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	540.2	536.9	524.4	3.3	15.8
Wholesale Trade	650005	169.6	169.0	164.9	.6	4.7
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	103.0	102.5	100.1	.5	2.9
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	66.6	66.5	64.8	.1	1.8
Retail Trade	652005	370.6	368.0	359.5	2.6	11.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	121.2	120.9	117.7	.3	3.5
Finance	760025	54.3	54.0	51.5	.3	2.8
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	42.5	42.4	42.2	.1	.3
Real Estate	765075	24.4	24.6	24.0	-.2	.4
Services	800005	395.7	394.6	376.4	1.1	19.3
Government	998008	419.9	420.4	426.0	-.5	-6.1
Federal	998011	85.7	85.7	85.4	.0	.3
State and Local	998509	334.3	334.7	340.6	-.4	-6.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	376.3	370.8	373.7	5.5	2.6
Durable Goods	300025	126.6	126.6	127.9	.0	-1.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	249.6	244.2	245.8	5.4	3.8
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	40.6	39.2	40.6	1.4	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	88.4	86.1	86.0	2.3	2.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	20.7	20.3	21.7	.4	-1.0
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	3.4	3.3	3.4	.1	.0
Knitting Mills	422505	7.7	7.6	7.6	.1	.1
Floor Covering Mills	422705	24.3	23.6	22.6	.7	1.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	17.7	17.3	17.4	.4	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	60.2	58.9	58.9	1.3	1.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	34.1	33.4	33.1	.7	1.0
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	18.4	18.0	18.4	.4	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	23.1	23.0	22.2	.1	.9
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	7.7	7.7	8.3	.0	-.6
Paper and Allied Products	426005	20.4	20.1	20.9	.3	-.5
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	9.4	9.2	9.8	.2	-.4
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	10.2	10.1	9.8	.1	.4
Leather and Leather Products	431005	1.4	1.4	2.0	.0	-.6
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	12.1	12.0	12.3	.1	-.2
Primary Metal Industries	333005	9.1	10.2	11.2	-1.1	-2.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	13.3	13.2	13.5	.1	-.2
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	13.6	13.4	13.5	.2	.1
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	15.2	15.0	15.6	.2	-.4
Transportation Equipment	337005	22.8	22.5	22.2	.3	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$289.22	$286.82	$264.10	41.2	40.8	39.3	$ 7.02	$ 7.03	$ 6.72
Durable Goods	300025	331.75	326.33	295.57	42.1	41.1	39.2	7.88	7.94	7.54
Nondurable Goods	400015	267.40	265.93	247.59	40.7	40.6	39.3	6.57	6.55	6.30
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$260.17	$265.06	$245.00	39.6	40.1	39.2	$ 6.57	$ 6.61	$ 6.25
Textile Mill Products	422005	258.83	254.79	232.36	42.5	41.7	40.2	6.09	6.11	5.78
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	252.55	256.47	225.82	40.8	41.5	38.8	6.19	6.18	5.82
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	422205	290.11	291.21	255.84	42.6	43.4	41.0	6.81	6.71	6.24
Knitting Mills	422505	220.04	186.91	206.71	40.3	35.2	39.6	5.46	5.31	5.22
Floor Covering Mills	422705	272.00	270.04	242.36	44.3	43.0	41.5	6.14	6.28	5.84
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	257.51	260.80	231.87	41.4	42.2	39.5	6.22	6.18	5.87
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	175.58	172.89	165.17	37.2	37.1	36.3	4.72	4.66	4.55
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	175.96	174.28	165.96	37.2	37.4	36.0	4.73	4.66	4.61
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	171.68	167.63	160.65	37.0	36.6	36.1	4.64	4.58	4.45
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	234.43	232.40	212.22	41.2	40.7	39.3	5.69	5.71	5.40
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	212.94	210.92	196.18	39.0	42.1	37.8	5.46	5.01	5.19
Paper and Allied Products	426005	475.48	464.66	436.05	45.5	45.2	42.5	10.45	10.28	10.26
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	426135	548.74	528.99	513.33	47.8	46.2	42.6	11.48	11.45	12.05
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	386.51	401.17	352.70	42.6	43.7	41.3	9.12	9.18	8.54
Leather and Leather Products	431005	160.52	160.20	158.41	36.4	36.0	36.5	4.41	4.45	4.34
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	340.86	323.75	318.61	43.7	42.1	42.2	7.80	7.69	7.55
Primary Metal Industries	333005	357.01	367.03	357.35	42.1	40.2	38.8	8.48	9.13	9.21
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	305.44	306.75	272.84	41.5	40.9	39.6	7.36	7.50	6.89
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	326.88	307.31	301.67	43.7	39.5	41.1	7.48	7.78	7.34
Transportation Equipment	337005	506.63	501.68	420.04	43.6	43.1	38.5	11.62	11.64	10.91

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA'S NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ROSE 4,200 IN AUGUST

The Atlanta area nonfarm employment was estimated at 1,030,900 for August, a gain of 4,200 over July. Nonmanufacturing accounted for all of the increase.

The decline of 1,000 in manufacturing was confined to the primary metal industries in the durable goods sector. All other manufacturing industries, both durable and nondurable, either gained slightly or remained stable. From the same month last year, manufacturing was down 3,400 with the drop attributed to the durable goods industries.

Nonmanufacturing rose 5,200 during the current month to 892,900. All major industry divisions registered gains except government. Contract construction rose 400 as more activity by special trades contractors exceeded declines in general building. Heavy construction was unchanged. Transportation, communications, and public utilities rose 400 in the transportation sector. The 1,700 increase in trade was provided by the retail segment. Banking and insurance firms supplied the gain of 600 in finance, insurance, and real estate. Business services, amusement and recreational services, hospitals, private education, and miscellaneous services reported most of the employment rise of 2,300 in the service industry. The federal sector accounted for the 300 decline in government.

During the year, nonmanufacturing rose 22,100 with the trade and service industries providing more than three-fourths of the increase.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Defense Firm Will Locate in Atlanta

General Dynamics Corporation will begin advertising this month for employees to staff a new engineering design office to be opened here in September. The facility is expected to employ about 200 engineers, designers, and draftsmen. The St. Louis-based company's new office will be a design facility to support General Dynamics' Electric Boat Division in Groton, Connecticut, where the company builds nuclear-powered fast attack submarines. General Dynamics, one of the nation's leading defense contractors, has 90,000 employees in 12 operating divisions. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, 9/1/83)

Walton Building to Be Converted into Condominiums

A vacant nine-story office building in the central business district has been purchased by an investment group that plans to convert the structure into rental apartments to be sold as condominiums, according to Alan Wexler, president of Databank, Incorporated, which reported the transaction in its apartment newsletter. Work is already in progress on the building, to be named Walton Apartments, and plans call for the first apartment to be ready for occupancy in 90 days. In addition to the 600-square-foot apartment units, the building will include a small amount of commercial space. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, 8/16/83)

Xerox to Close Atlanta Plant

The Xerox Corporation announced the first of September plans to permanently close by December its Atlanta equipment refurbishing plant, which currently employs nearly 400 people. The Rochester-based computer and copier manufacturer cited sluggish demand for refurbished copiers and increased interest in its new series of office machines for shutting down its Atlanta Centralized Refurbishing Center. "The 320 union workers at the Atlanta site repair and upgrade copiers that we take off commercial leases and put back into use. However, the popularity of the Xerox 10 Series copiers have almost eliminated the need for used copiers," a company spokesman said. Xerox said that it would attempt to transfer workers to other plants and help others find new jobs. (*The Atlanta Constitution*, 9/2/83)

NOTE: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss. (404) 656-5856.

ATLANTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	1,030.9	1,026.7	1,012.3	4.2	18.6
Manufacturing	300005	138.0	139.0	141.4	-1.0	-3.4
Durable Goods	300025	67.7	69.3	71.7	-1.6	-4.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.7	2.6	2.6	.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	3.5	3.3	3.5	.2	.0
Household Furniture	325105	1.8	1.7	1.6	.1	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	7.2	7.2	6.8	.0	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	2.1	4.6	5.2	-2.5	-3.1
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	6.5	6.4	6.9	.1	-.4
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	7.6	7.3	7.6	.3	.0
Electric and Electronic Equipment	336005	11.5	11.5	12.0	.0	-.5
Transportation Equipment	337005	21.7	21.5	22.4	.2	-.7
Other Durable Goods	399915	5.0	4.9	4.7	.1	.3
Nondurable Goods	400015	70.3	69.7	69.7	.6	.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	18.8	18.7	18.5	.1	.3
Meat Products	420105	4.5	4.4	4.9	.1	-.4
Bakery Products	420505	3.6	3.5	3.5	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	4.3	4.3	4.7	.0	-.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	422105	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	-.1
Yarn and Thread Mills	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	-.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	8.7	8.4	8.4	.3	.3
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.5	3.4	3.4	.1	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.8	2.8	3.0	.0	-.2
Paper and Allied Products	426005	7.7	7.6	7.5	.1	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	16.9	16.8	16.8	.1	.1
Commercial Printing	427505	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	7.5	7.5	7.4	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	6.4	6.4	6.4	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	892.9	887.7	870.8	5.2	22.1
Contract Construction	200005	46.6	46.2	47.5	.4	-.9
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	93.6	93.2	93.0	.4	.6
Transportation	500015	58.9	58.5	58.1	.4	.8
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	291.9	290.2	283.0	1.7	8.9
Wholesale Trade	650005	105.9	105.9	107.8	.0	-1.9
Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods	650015	71.1	71.1	71.8	.0	-.7
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods	651005	34.8	34.7	35.9	.1	-1.1
Retail Trade	652005	186.0	184.4	175.2	1.6	10.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	72.7	72.1	71.1	.6	1.6
Finance	760025	29.1	28.9	27.6	.2	1.5
Insurance Carriers, Agents, and Brokers	763045	26.2	25.9	26.5	.3	-.3
Services	800055	227.7	225.4	219.2	2.3	8.5
Government	998008	160.3	160.6	157.1	-.3	3.2
Federal	998011	32.7	33.0	32.9	-.3	-.2
State and Local	998509	127.7	127.7	124.2	.0	3.5

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	93.4	93.6	95.3	-.2	-1.9
Durable Goods	300025	47.1	47.8	49.5	-.7	-2.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	46.3	45.8	45.8	.5	.5
Selected Industries:						
Food and Kindred Products	420005	11.8	11.6	11.3	.2	.5
Textile Mill Products	422005	3.3	3.3	3.8	.0	-.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	6.7	6.7	6.9	.0	-.2
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	3.1	3.0	3.0	.1	.1
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	2.1	2.1	2.4	.0	-.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	2.9	2.8	3.0	.1	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	5.8	5.8	5.6	.0	.2
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	4.0	4.0	3.8	.0	.2
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	5.5	5.5	5.1	.0	.4
Primary Metal Industries	333005	1.5	2.8	3.4	-1.3	-1.9
Fabricated Metal Industries	334005	4.5	4.5	4.8	.0	-.3
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	5.6	5.4	5.5	.2	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	13.4	13.3	14.0	.1	-.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATLANTA HOURS AND EARNINGS

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$345.98	$343.88	$306.18	40.8	40.6	37.8	$ 8.48	$ 8.47	$ 8.10
Durable Goods	300025	373.86	378.82	332.57	39.9	40.3	37.2	9.37	9.40	8.94
Nondurable Goods	400015	316.92	307.16	277.25	41.7	40.9	38.4	7.60	7.51	7.22
Selected Industries:										
Food and Kindred Products	420005	$326.42	$310.06	$262.02	44.9	41.9	35.6	$ 7.27	$ 7.40	$ 7.36
Textile Mill Products	422005	232.43	235.57	192.17	39.8	40.2	34.5	5.84	5.86	5.57
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	162.29	174.85	168.26	33.6	36.2	35.8	4.83	4.83	4.70
Men's and Boys' Clothing	423175	143.22	154.77	165.67	31.0	33.0	35.4	4.62	4.69	4.68
Women's and Children's Clothing	423335	187.61	200.74	165.24	37.9	40.8	36.0	4.95	4.92	4.59
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	225.19	225.61	216.06	39.3	39.1	39.0	5.73	5.77	5.54
Furniture and Fixtures	325005	227.40	228.00	209.05	37.6	42.3	37.0	6.05	5.39	5.65
Paper and Allied Products	426005	395.66	401.80	355.30	43.1	44.3	41.8	9.18	9.07	8.50
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	426505	365.92	381.38	319.19	41.3	42.9	39.7	8.86	8.89	8.04
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	397.81	382.38	348.13	44.9	43.7	42.3	8.86	8.75	8.23
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	356.98	345.77	318.93	44.4	42.9	41.8	8.04	8.06	7.63
Primary Metal Industries	333005	411.47	491.10	498.72	34.9	41.2	42.3	11.79	11.92	11.79
Fabricated Metal Products	334005	331.19	352.72	318.27	38.2	39.9	37.4	8.67	8.84	8.51
Transportation Equipment	337005	533.32	531.83	435.96	39.8	39.6	34.6	13.40	13.43	12.60

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ALBANY SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany SMSA, at 43,500, gained 300 over the month and 300 for the year. Most of the monthly increment was in state and local government and was seasonal in nature. Small declines were recorded in the transportation, communication, and utilities division as well as in finance, insurance, and real estate over the month. Annually, gains were reported in government; trade; and finance, insurance, and real estate. Manufacturing; transportation, communication, and utilities; and services declined during the year.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged for the month and declined 300 over the year. The primary decline for the year was in "other durable goods," down 400 for the period. This category includes building products and furniture. Increments were reported in metals and machinery and food products, which gained 100 and 200, respectively. "Other nondurable goods" declined 100 over the year.

Contract construction, at 1,800, did not continue to increase as the industry had done during the first months of the summer season. No change was reported over the month. During the year, no increments or decrements were noted.

Transportation, communication, and utilities, at 2,100, declined 100 during the month and 200 over the year. Some of the August loss is probably related to labor disputes and reorganization within the communication industry although striking workers are not counted as being unemployed for statistical purposes. Losses in the trucking industry were also noted.

Trade, at 9,400, was unchanged for the month and registered a gain of 300 during the year. In August, a gain of 100 in the wholesale segment was offset by a like decline in retail trade. During the year, wholesale trade gained 200, while an increment of 100 was reported for the retail segment. Within wholesale trade, yearly gains in employment were recorded in both the durable and nondurable portions of the industry. Primary gainers in the retail segment included food stores, restaurants, and department stores.

Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 2,200, declined 100 during the month and gained 100 over the year. The August decline was distributed among the three industries of the division while the yearly gain was concentrated primarily in finance.

Services, at 5,800, was unchanged for the month and lost 100 during the year. Most of the loss during the year was in personal services and health services.

Government, at 10,600, increased 300 over the month and 400 for the year. Most of the gains were on the state and local level and represent increases in college and university employment, some of which is seasonal.

NOTE: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4181.

ALBANY NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	43.5	43.2	43.2	.3	.3
Manufacturing	300005	11.5	11.5	11.8	.0	-.3
Durable Goods	300025	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	-.3
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
Other Durable Goods	399915	.8	.8	1.2	.0	-.4
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.5	9.4	9.5	.1	.0
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.2	3.2	3.0	.0	.2
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
Chemicals	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	4.1	4.1	4.2	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	32.0	31.8	31.4	.2	.6
Contract Construction	200005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	2.1	2.2	2.3	-.1	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	9.4	9.4	9.1	.0	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.8	2.7	2.6	.1	.2
Retail Trade	652005	6.6	6.7	6.5	-.1	.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	2.2	2.3	2.1	-.1	.1
Services and Mining	800055	5.8	5.8	5.9	.0	-.1
Government	998008	10.6	10.3	10.2	.3	.4
Federal	998011	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	8.0	7.7	7.7	.3	.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

ATHENS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

					NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	52.7	52.4	52.2	.3	.5
Manufacturing	300005	14.2	14.0	14.1	.2	.1
Durable Goods	300025	4.6	4.4	4.6	.2	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.3	2.2	2.6	.1	-.3
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.2	2.1	.1	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	9.6	9.6	9.4	.0	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
Textile Mill Products	422005	2.5	2.4	2.3	.1	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	3.2	3.3	3.1	-.1	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	-.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	38.5	38.4	38.1	.1	.4
Contract Construction	200005	1.9	1.9	1.8	.0	.1
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	1.5	1.5	1.6	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	10.4	10.4	10.1	.0	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	8.5	8.5	8.2	.0	.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	1.6	1.7	1.7	-.1	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	7.1	7.1	7.0	.0	.1
Government	998008	15.9	15.9	16.0	.0	-.1
Federal	998011	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	13.9	13.9	14.0	.0	-.1

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens area, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

AUGUSTA SMSA

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 122,600, an increase of 400 over the month, but reflected no change over the year. The monthly rise was attributable to more activity in manufacturing, trade, and government.

Manufacturing, at 33,900, climbed 400 over the month and 600 over the year. The monthly gain was mostly in durable goods. The annual increment, precipitated by increases in durables, was partially offset by decreases in nondurable goods manufacturing.

Lumber and wood products, at 700, was unchanged over the month but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Stone, clay, and glass products, at 3,000, climbed 200 over the month and 400 over the year partly because of more activity in glass production. Metals and machinery, at 2,900, rose 100 over the month and 600 over the year with more activity in machine tools and nonelectrical machinery. "Other durable goods," at 2,300, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year with increments scattered through most of the segment.

Food and kindred products, at 2,800, was up 100 over the month and the year mostly due to increased business in bakery products. Textile mill products, at 6,900, was unchanged over the month. The industry dropped 1,400 over the year because of modernization and international competition. Apparel, at 1,900, rose 100 over the month with more activity in women's outerwear. This segment dropped 100 over the year. Printing and publishing, at 1,200, remained unchanged over the month, but climbed 200 over the year because of increased business in commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods," at 12,200, climbed 100 over the month because of more activity in paper manufacturing. This segment rose 500 over the year with more business in both chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 4,700, dropped 300 over the month and 1,300 over the year due to the completion of projects in the area. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,200, was unchanged over the month, but declined 100 over the year because of scattered decrements. Trade, at 24,800, gained 200 over the month mostly in the wholesale sector, while annually, a rise of 100 was attributable to more activity in retail firms. Finance, insurance, and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged over the month, but lost 100 over the year because of scattered declines. Services and mining, at 30,500, climbed 200 over the month primarily because of increased miscellaneous business services. This division dropped 200 over the year with scattered reversals. Government, at 30,500, rose 200 over the month triggered by increased activity in hospitals. This division lost 200 over the year because of less activity in the state and local sector.

NOTE: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington. (404) 828-3131.

AUGUSTA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	122.6	122.2	122.6	.4	.0
Manufacturing	300005	33.9	33.5	33.3	.4	.6
Durable Goods	300025	8.9	8.6	7.6	.3	1.3
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.7	.7	.6	.0	.1
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	3.0	2.8	2.6	.2	.4
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	2.9	2.8	2.3	.1	.6
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.3	2.3	2.1	.0	.2
Nondurable Goods	400015	25.0	24.9	25.7	.1	-.7
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.8	2.7	2.7	.1	.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	6.9	6.9	8.3	.0	-1.4
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.9	1.8	2.0	.1	-.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.0	.0	.2
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	12.2	12.1	11.7	.1	.5
Nonmanufacturing	000060	88.7	88.7	89.3	.0	-.6
Contract Construction	200005	4.7	5.0	6.0	-.3	-1.3
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	-.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	24.8	24.6	24.7	.2	.1
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.3	4.2	4.4	.1	-.1
Retail Trade	652005	20.5	20.5	20.3	.0	.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	-.1
Services and Mining	800055	19.9	19.9	18.9	.0	1.0
Government	998008	30.5	30.3	30.7	.2	-.2
Federal	998011	7.4	7.4	7.3	.0	.1
State and Local	998509	23.0	22.9	23.4	.1	-.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

COLUMBUS SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 800 from July to a total of 81,600 in the Columbus area. This was an annual gain of 600 from August 1982.

Manufacturing employment gained 300 from July due to increased demands for products in the metals and machinery group, in the textile mill products group, and in the apparel and other finished textile products group. Over the year, manufacturing industries increased employment by 700 workers. This increase was shared by metals and machinery, "other durable goods," textile mill products, apparel and other finished textile products, and printing, publishing, and allied industries. A loss of 100 workers was noted in food and kindred products.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased by 600 workers over the month and declined by 100 from one year ago. The monthly increase was predominately in contract construction with general building construction and special trades construction sharing the increase. Heavy construction remained constant. The remaining gain was in retail trade, which increased by 100 workers. Over-the-year gains in contract construction, in retail trade, and in finance, insurance, and real estate were more than offset by losses in transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services; services and miscellaneous; and government.

NOTE: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423.

COLUMBUS NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	81.6	80.8	81.0	.8	.6
Manufacturing	300005	20.6	20.3	19.9	.3	.7
Durable Goods	300025	4.9	4.7	4.5	.2	.4
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Primary Metals, Fabricated Metals, and Machinery	333055	3.6	3.4	3.4	.2	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	15.7	15.6	15.4	.1	.3
Food and Kindred Products	420005	3.9	3.9	4.0	.0	-.1
Textile Mills Products	422005	8.5	8.4	8.3	.1	.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	.9	.8	.8	.1	.1
Printing and Publishing	427005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	61.0	60.4	61.1	.6	-.1
Contract Construction	200005	4.3	3.8	3.6	.5	.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	-.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	16.9	16.8	16.6	.1	.3
Wholesale Trade	650005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
Retail Trade	652005	14.3	14.2	14.0	.1	.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	5.5	5.5	5.4	.0	.1
Services and Mining	800055	11.0	11.0	11.5	.0	-.5
Government	998009	20.2	20.2	20.7	.0	-.5
Federal	998011	6.4	6.4	6.6	.0	-.2
State and Local	998509	13.8	13.8	14.1	.0	-.3

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

MACON SMSA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Macon SMSA totalled 99,500 in August. The current estimate is up 600 from July and up 700 from August 1982. During the month, manufacturing rose 400 with most of the gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing added 200 with gains in construction, trade, and government. Transportation and public utilities declined, and finance, insurance, and real estate and services remained unchanged. Annually, manufacturing was up 100 due to increases in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing advanced 600 with increases in trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and government being partially offset by losses in construction and transportation and public utilities.

Manufacturing registered a gain of 400 from last month with durable goods being unchanged and nondurable goods gaining 400. Most of the increase was due to seasonal hiring at a canning plant and recall of workers at a cookie manufacturer. Annually, durable goods remained steady. Nondurable goods rose 200 with increases in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods." Apparel declined 400 with less employment at a men's, youths', and boys' furnishings plant. Chemicals was unchanged.

Nonmanufacturing added 200 during the month. Small increases in construction, trade, and government were partially offset by a small decline in transportation and public utilities. Annually, construction fell 500 with most of the loss in special trades construction. Transportation and public utilities dropped 400 with less employment in motor freight and communications. Trade increased 500 with gains in wholesale and retail sectors. Finance, insurance, and real estate added 200 with services gaining 300. Government rose 500 with most of the gain in the state and local segment. Summer hiring of youths under a federally-funded program accounted for most of the increase.

NOTE: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews. (912) 744-6170.

MACON NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	99.5	98.9	98.8	.6	.7
Manufacturing	300005	16.6	16.2	16.5	.4	.1
Durable Goods	300025	5.3	5.3	5.3	.0	.0
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	332005	1.3	1.3	1.3	.0	.0
Machinery, except Electrical	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Durable Goods	399915	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	11.3	10.9	11.1	.4	.2
Food and Kindred Products	420005	2.7	2.4	2.8	.3	-.1
Textile Mill Products	422005	1.8	1.8	1.5	.0	.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products	423005	1.5	1.5	1.9	.0	-.4
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	2.8	2.8	2.5	.0	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	82.9	82.7	82.3	.2	.6
Contract Construction	200005	3.6	3.5	4.1	.1	-.5
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	4.4	4.5	4.8	-.1	-.4
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.4	21.3	20.9	.1	.5
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
Retail Trade	652005	17.2	17.1	16.8	.1	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	6.2	6.2	6.0	.0	.2
Services and Mining	800055	17.9	17.9	17.6	.0	.3
Government	998008	29.4	29.3	28.9	.1	.5
Federal	948011	16.7	16.6	16.7	.1	.0
State and Local	998509	12.7	12.7	12.3	.0	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased an estimated 1,400 over the month. Manufacturing employment increased 600, and nonmanufacturing increased 800.

Manufacturing employment indicated no losses in any sector and gained in lumber and wood products; "other durable goods"; paper; and chemical products. Total manufacturing employment is still below prerecessionary times, but, the gap is closing.

Nonmanufacturing employment gained approximately 800 over the month. The increases were scattered over several sectors with no individual sector or firm indicating a significant increase.

Over the year, employment in the Savannah SMSA has gradually been increasing. Although the unemployment rate (8.3 percent) is high by traditional standards at present, the number of people actually employed is greater than in previous years. Part of the problem can be explained by the fact that the growth in the labor force (number of people) has been greater than the growth in the labor market (number of jobs). This particular problem will stay with this area for some time to come.

NOTE: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

SAVANNAH NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Nonagricultural Employment	000000	88.8	87.4	87.0	1.4	1.8
Manufacturing	300005	16.3	15.7	16.6	.6	-.3
Durable Goods	300025	7.6	7.2	7.3	.4	.3
Lumber and Wood Products, except Furniture	324005	1.2	1.1	1.2	.1	.0
Millwork, Plywood, and Prefabricated Structural Products	324305	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
Transportation Equipment	337005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
Other Durable Goods	399915	2.2	2.0	2.1	.2	.1
Nondurable Goods	400015	8.7	8.4	9.3	.3	-.6
Food and Kindred Products	420005	1.9	1.9	1.8	.0	.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	3.6	3.5	4.4	.1	-.8
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
Petroleum and Coal Products	429005	.4	.4	.3	.0	.1
Other Nondurable Goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	72.5	71.7	70.5	.8	2.0
Contract Construction	200005	5.0	5.0	5.7	.0	-.7
Transportation, Communication, and Public Utilities (except U.S. Postal Service)	500005	9.3	9.1	7.7	.2	1.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade	600005	21.5	21.3	21.1	.2	.4
Wholesale Trade	650005	4.2	4.1	4.2	.1	.0
Retail Trade	652005	17.3	17.1	16.9	.2	.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	700005	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
Services and Mining	800055	17.0	16.8	16.6	.2	.4
Government	998008	15.4	15.3	15.1	.1	.3
Federal	998011	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
State and Local	998509	12.7	12.6	12.3	.1	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH PRODUCTION WORKERS (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREVIOUS MONTH	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total Manufacturing	300005	11.1	10.7	10.7	.4	.4
Durable Goods	300025	5.7	5.6	4.9	.1	.8
Nondurable Goods	400015	5.4	5.1	5.8	.3	-.4
Selected Industries:						
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	.9	.9	1.0	.0	-.1
Paper and Allied Products	426005	2.2	2.1	2.8	.1	-.6
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	1.5	1.4	1.4	.1	.1
Transportation Equipment	337005	3.6	3.6	2.7	.0	.9

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham, and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1982 benchmark.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

SAVANNAH HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH AUG. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS PREVIOUS MONTH JUL. 83	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO AUG. 82
Total Manufacturing	300005	$412.16	$387.90	$371.00	44.8	43.1	42.4	$ 9.20	$ 9.00	$ 8.75
Durable Goods	300025	391.61	374.10	349.82	44.3	43.5	42.3	8.84	8.60	8.27
Nondurable Goods	400015	434.48	403.00	389.79	45.4	42.6	42.6	9.57	9.46	9.15
Selected Industries:										
Lumber and Wood Products	324005	$293.66	$283.75	$216.48	45.6	45.4	36.2	$ 6.44	$ 6.25	$ 5.98
Paper and Allied Products	426005	545.50	471.74	472.16	50.0	43.2	43.8	10.91	10.92	10.78
Chemicals and Allied Products	428005	351.12	358.94	311.40	41.9	41.4	40.6	8.38	8.67	7.67
Transportation Equipment	337005	436.43	402.40	411.26	44.9	42.9	44.8	9.72	9.38	9.18

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

				CHANGE FROM	
AREA AND EMPLOYMENT	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1982	REVISED JUL. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1982
UNITED STATES (Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	112,262,000	111,875,000	110,614,000	387,000	1,648,000
Employed	101,563,000	101,285,000	99,683,000	278,000	1,880,000
Unemployed	10,699,000	10,590,000	10,931,000	109,000	-232,000
Rate	9.5	9.5	9.9	---	---
UNITED STATES (Not Seasonally Adjusted)					
Total Labor Force	113,578,000	113,980,000	111,887,000	-402,000	1,691,000
Employed	103,167,000	103,273,000	101,177,000	-106,000	1,990,000
Unemployed	10,411,000	10,707,000	10,710,000	-296,000	-299,000
Rate	9.2	9.4	9.6	---	---
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,699,442	2,701,489	2,686,904	-2,047	12,538
Employed	2,511,752	2,502,437	2,485,381	9,315	26,371
Unemployed	187,690	199,052	201,523	-11,362	-13,833
Rate	7.0	7.4	7.5	---	---
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	53,141	52,969	53,031	172	110
Employed	47,902	47,917	48,088	-15	-186
Unemployed	5,239	5,052	4,943	187	296
Rate	9.9	9.5	9.3	---	---
ATHENS SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	65,570	65,429	65,411	141	159
Employed	61,398	61,214	61,367	184	31
Unemployed	4,172	4,215	4,044	-43	128
Rate	6.4	6.4	6.2	---	---
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	1,111,657	1,115,469	1,106,445	-3,812	5,212
Employed	1,045,007	1,048,082	1,037,659	-3,075	7,348
Unemployed	66,650	67,387	68,786	-737	-2,136
Rate	6.0	6.0	6.2	---	---
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,040	134,766	137,431	-726	-3,391
Employed	122,278	122,337	124,747	-59	-2,469
Unemployed	11,762	12,429	12,684	-667	-922
Rate	8.8	9.2	9.2	---	---
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,168	89,007	90,066	161	-898
Employed	82,275	81,853	81,633	422	642
Unemployed	6,893	7,154	8,433	-261	-1,540
Rate	7.7	8.0	9.4	---	---
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	108,558	109,317	108,619	-759	-61
Employed	100,757	100,764	101,071	-7	-314
Unemployed	7,801	8,553	7,548	-752	253
Rate	7.2	7.8	6.9	---	---
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,729	98,505	97,488	224	1,241
Employed	90,548	89,671	89,637	877	911
Unemployed	8,181	8,834	7,851	-653	330
Rate	8.3	9.0	8.1	---	---

Includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and SMSA data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED JUL. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1982
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	134,040	134,766	137,431	-726	-3,391
Employed	122,278	122,337	124,747	-59	-2,469
Unemployed	11,762	12,429	12,684	-667	-922
Rate	8.8	9.2	9.2	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	90,350	90,929	91,623	-579	-1,273
Employed	83,312	83,631	84,752	-319	-1,440
Unemployed	7,038	7,298	6,871	-260	167
Rate	7.8	8.0	7.5	---	---
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	43,690	43,837	45,808	-147	-2,118
Employed	38,966	38,706	39,995	260	-1,029
Unemployed	4,724	5,131	5,813	-407	-1,089
Rate	10.8	11.7	12.7	---	---

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1982	CHANGE FROM	
				REVISED JUL. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1982
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,168	89,007	90,066	161	-898
Employed	82,275	81,853	81,633	422	642
Unemployed	6,893	7,154	8,433	-261	-1,540
Rate	7.7	8.0	9.4	---	---
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	71,158	71,031	71,680	127	-522
Employed	66,250	66,038	66,299	212	-49
Unemployed	4,908	4,993	5,381	-85	-473
Rate	6.9	7.0	7.5	---	---
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,010	17,976	18,386	34	-376
Employed	16,025	15,815	15,334	210	691
Unemployed	1,985	2,161	3,052	-176	-1,067
Rate	11.0	12.0	16.6	---	---

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

EORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
BY METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY AUG. 1983	REVISED JUL. 1983	REVISED AUG. 1982	CHANGE FROM REVISED JUL. 1983	CHANGE FROM REVISED AUG. 1982
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,699,442	2,701,489	2,686,904	-2,047	12,538
Employed	2,511,752	2,502,437	2,485,381	9,315	26,371
Unemployed	187,690	199,052	201,523	-11,362	-13,833
Rate	7.0	7.4	7.5	---	---
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,645,117	1,649,488	1,641,688	-4,371	3,429
Employed	1,538,181	1,539,874	1,532,552	-1,693	5,629
Unemployed	106,936	109,614	109,136	-2,678	-2,200
Rate	6.5	6.6	6.6	---	---
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,054,325	1,052,001	1,045,216	2,324	9,109
Employed	973,571	962,563	952,829	11,008	20,742
Unemployed	80,754	89,438	92,387	-8,684	-11,633
Rate	7.7	8.5	8.8	---	---

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $282.00
Quantity 1,300

STATE OF GEORGIA - DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY AGENCY
STATE LABOR BLDG. - ATLANTA, GA 30334

OFFICIAL BUSINESS
PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE

Bulk Rate
U.S. Postage
PAID
Atlanta, GA
30334
Permit No. 4072